Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIII. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY, MARCH 23, 1868. NUMBER 70.

FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK M.

FORTIETH CONGRESS.

Postoffice Appropriation—Proposition to Reduce the Army—Indian Appropriation Bill Passed—Senate Committee on Rules—General Discussion in the House—Financial Question—Appellate Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, March 21, 1867.

SENATE.

Mr. WILSON presented a joint resolution of thanks to Dr. Hayes, artic explorer. Referred.

Mr. RAMSEY presented a bill to reorganize the Postoffice Department and fix the pay of officers. Referred.

The Postoffice appropriation bill was taken up.

Mr. SHERMAN'S amendment to carry unexpended balances to the surplus fund, except the amount necessary for the expenditure of the fiscal year was adopted.

Mr. DAVIS offered an amendment that the President be instructed or authorized to reduce the army to twenty thousand strong, said force to be kept South for revolutionary purposes. Rejected.

Mr. BUCKALEW offered an amendment to reduce the army to thirty thousand, under the direction of the President. He urged it as necessary for economy. Lost—eleven to twenty-seven.

The Indian appropriation bill was taken up.

The various amendments of the Committee were agreed to.

Mr. RAMSEY'S amendment, referred to yesterday, appropriating $40,000 to the Sioux Indians of Devil's Island, so as to appropriate $20,000, was agreed to.

The bill then passed and goes back to the House.

Mr. ANTHONY moved to take up the report of the Committee on standing rules of the Senate.

Mr. DRAKE opposed the motion, saying delay would work no harm relative to these rules, and urged the importance of taking up his additional impeachment rule, offered yesterday.

After considerable debate, involving the question whether or not there was any deep studied design on the part of the President's counsel in addressing the chair as "Mr. Chief Justice," by a vote of twenty-nine to six, Mr. Anthony's report was taken up, and the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The House was engaged in general discussion, as if in Committee of the Whole, the principal topic being the financial question.

Mr. NEWCOMB spoke on general politics.

Mr. BLAIR, of Michigan, spoke on finance, opposing the payment of the debt in greenbacks, and arguing that it should not be increased a dollar; that the present was not the time to consider the payment of the principal, and that undivided attention should be given to the restoration of the country on a solid and enduring basis.

Mr. NIBLACK asked why Mr. Blair spoke of the policy of paying for bonds in greenbacks as a Democratic scheme, and why he referred to the Democratic State Conventions in Ohio and Indiana in that connection, when he knew the Republican Conventions in those States adopted the same policy?

Mr. BLAIR did not understand the Republican Conventions to endorse that policy, but only to approximate to it. They simply made an unmanly exhibition of partizan fearfulness. Whenever the question came up in the House, however, the Democratic members had, nine out of ten, voted for the payment of the debt in greenbacks, while the Republican members had taken the opposite side.

Mr. NIBLACK regretted as an imputation on the Republicans, this intimation that they were not as sound on the question as the Democratic party. The scheme originated with Mr Stevens, of Pa., and Mr. Butler, and was, therefore, a simon-pure Republican measure.

After some further debate Mr. LAWRENCE, of Ohio, said, when in order, he would move for an inquiry by the Judiciary Committee whether the public lands sold under treaties with Indian tribes are held by a valid title, and whether such lands can be sold except in pursuance of a law duly enacted by Congress. He remarked that during four years prior to January, 1868, there had been sold in large tracts to individuals and companies, under eight treaties with Indian tribes, 1,478,528 acres of public land for $1,081,122. This was destructive to the homestead policy, and he denied that lands could be sold except in pursuance of a law of Congress. He had introduced a bill to require railroad companies hereafter receiving grants of lands to sell them at a low price to actual settlers. It was the duty of Congress to stop the system by which public lands were accummulating in the hands of a few, to be sold at enormous prices to actual settlers, and especially to arrest this unconstitutional manner of disposing of public lands by acts under which no valid title was acquired.

Mr. PERHAM spoke on the financial question, especially advocating the allowance of drawbacks on material entering into the construction of vessels.

Mr. WOODWARD answered the argument of Mr. Broomall the other day, on the bill to guarantee to all States a Republican form of government.

Mr. NIBLACK made a brief speech against the Freedmen's Bureau bill.

Mr. PETERS advocated the bill for the admission of Alabama.

Mr. PAINE, speaking in reference to the Russian-American possessions, argued the treaty-making power was absolutely in the President and Senate, only when the treaty could be performed without encroaching upon the constitutional powers of Congress.

Mr. WILSON, of Iowa, referred to the discussion last Saturday and his own connection with the measure depriving the Supreme Court of appellate jurisdiction in reconstruction cases. He had prepared himself to explain the amendment, but as no explanation was asked, and as he never troubled the House with unnecessary remarks, he had refrained from saying anything. The gentleman from Ohio (Mr. Schenck) then moved the previous question, and the House acted on it. That was his connection with the matter.

Mr. ELDRIDGE made some remarks to the effect that he was satisfied the majority had arranged to adopt the measure in the manner in which passed.

In reply to a question by Mr. WOODWARD, Mr. WILSON said his intention in offering the amendment was to take away the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court in the McArdle case.

Mr. WOODWARD said it would accomplish no such purpose.

Mr. WILSON—Very well then; the gentleman is not hurt, nor is Mr. McArdle either, and what then is all this tempest in a tea pot for?

Mr. WOODWARD—I say to the gentleman, as a lawyer, that it is not in the power of the Legislative department of the Government to take away jurisdiction in a case where it has already attached.

Mr. WILSON replied the Supreme Court itself had decided a repeal of jurisdiction even arrests a judgment.

Mr. WOOWARD remarked, however, that the gentleman from Iowa might have vindicated himself as to a very questionable line of conduct. He stood here maintaining that the Legislative Department of the Government might do the highly indecent thing of looking into Courts of Justice, seeing what cases were pending in them, and then using its legislative functions to arrest and stop the course of justice. That was the position in which the gentleman placed himself. For himself he maintained that Congress had no right to interfere in such a case. The judicial power of the Government was vested in the Court, and in the particular case the jurisdiction had vested. It was in the first place indecent for the Legislature to come in and interfere, and in the next place it was uncompleted.

Mr. WILSON—As to the question of decency, the gentleman will permit those who voted for the measure to judge for themselves. As to the question of power, I have already said the Supreme Court asserted that in its own decision?

Mr. WOODWARD—In what case.,

Mr. WILSON—I will find the case and refer the gentleman to it. There is more than one decision to that effect.

The discussion went on for some time, mostly over the ground already traversed, when the House adjourned.

SOUTHERN STATES.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

VIRGINIA.

RICHMOND, March 21.—In the Convention the report of the Committee on Representation was read. It adds forty-seven to the present number of members of the Legislature.

MISSISSIPPI.

JACKSON, March 21.—General Gillem has refused to furnish the Reconstruction Convention with the names of the citizens who gave certain information upon which Gov. Humphreys based his proclamation of December 21st, 1867.

ARKANSAS.

THE CONSTITUTIONAL ELECTION.

MEMPHIS, March 21.—A dispatch from Little Rock says the election was completed in but few counties. Partial returns show a large falling off in the negro vote. The majority against the Constitution will be larger than anticipated. The whites voted almost unanimously against it.

NORTH CAROLINA.

RALEIGH, March 21.—An article in the *Sentinel* of to-day, prepared from official data, estimates that the public debt of North Carolina, under the new Constitution, on the first of July, 1869, will be $19,476,500, the interest on which will be $951,000. The article shows the additional tax upon the people of the State, required to be raised next year under the new Constitution, will be $985,000, which being added to the present taxes will swell the taxes for 1869 to $2,800,000. Heretofore the State taxes have never exceeded $300,000.

GEORGIA.

ATLANTA, March 21.—It is understood that Hon. Augustus Reese will withdraw from the Gubernatorial contest, on the ground of ineligibility. The Central Executive Committee of the Democratic party of Georgia meet in Macon on Thursday next. Judge Reese's letter of withdrawal will appear in a few days.

HOLDERS OF REBEL BONDS.

A Protest in Their Behalf.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, March 22.—The *Herald* to-day publishes two communications signed "William Morgan, on behalf of the Committee of Cotton Bondholders," dated London, February 28th and March 7th, arguing against the violent acts of intervention on the part of the United States between the Southern States and rebel cotton bondholders, compelling the former to repudiate loans made in favor of the Confederate Government, saying that the credit of the Southern States is utterly annihilated by this act of forced repudiation, and that they will not be able to borrow a shilling in Europe until they are allowed to pay the debt. He urges, if this were done, the credit of the North and South would stand much higher in Europe, and that 5.20 bonds would rule much higher if these loans were allowed to be paid. He justifies European capitalists in making their loans, and argues that what may one day be sauce for the goose who lent the South money on their bonds, may on another become sauce to the gander that lent the North money under the idea that they were to be repaid, their principal and interest, in gold, for aiding to crush the South.

CANADA.

Bill Relative to Patents—Enlistment for the Pope—An Insurance Measure.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

OTTOWA, March 21.—A bill is now in course of preparation by the government, which will enable Americans to take out patents in the Dominion on the same terms as Canadians obtain patents in the United States.

Notice was given by the government of an inquiry whether any steps had been taken to prevent the departure of a force for Rome to make war upon a people with whom Canada was at peace.

A deputation, representing the tobacco, banking and insurance interests, has had an interview with the Finance Minister in regard to insurance, &c. Representatives of English companies favor the bill before the House, which requires a deposit of over $100,000, while the representatives of American companies are opposed to the deposit system altogether.

Rivers and Weather.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, March 21.—River falling slowly; weather clear and cool.

ST. LOUIS, March 21.—Weather clear and pleasant.

TOLEDO, March 21.—Weather cloudy and cold; there was a light fall of snow last night.

MEMPHIS, March 22.—Weather clear and warm. River rising steadily. Departed—Rubicon and Mississippi, for St. Louis; Nick Longworth, for Cincinnati, Louisiana, for Louisville. Arrived—Silver Moon.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK A. M.

FROM EUROPE.

Fenian Sentenced—Naturalization Treaty Approved by Germany—Civil Marriage in Austria—People Rejoicing—Turkey and United States—Farragut Received by the Pope.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

SENTENCED FOR TREASON.

CORK, March 21.—Capt. Mackay was sentenced to imprisonment and hard labor for twelve years.

GERMANY.

NATURALIZATION TREATY APPROVED.

BERLIN, March 21.—The Council of the North German Confederation has approved the treaty recently concluded with the United States securing the rights of naturalized American citizens.

AUSTRIA.

CIVIL MARRIAGE BILL.

VIENNA, March 21.—The Upper House of Reichsrath rejected the motion made by the Clerical party to defer action upon the civil marriage bill until a change is made in the Concordat.

REJOICING OF THE PEOPLE.

VIENNA, March 22.—Most enthusiastic demonstrations of joy are made over the recent action of Reichsrath on the civil marriage bill, which is regarded as practically annulling the Concordat. Yesterday when it became known that the upper house had rejected the Clerical motion to defer the passage of the bill, there was great rejoicing among the people, and last night the city was generally illuminated.

ITALY.

FARRAGUT AND THE POPE.

ROME, March 21.—The Pope gave a very gracious reception to Admiral Farragut and suite to-day. The Admiral will remain at Rome for a month.

GARIBALDI.

FLORENCE, March 21.—Garibaldi has written a letter to the United States Minister, Hon. George P. Marsh, declining to be agent of the United States government.

FLORENCE, March 28.—Admiral Farragut will be obliged to remain at Rome four or five weeks, in consequence of a severe abcess which has broken out in his leg.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 20.—Diplomatic intercourse, which had been temporarily interrupted between the Turkish Minister of Foreign Affairs, Fuad Pasha, and Mr. Edward Joy Morris, the American Embassador at Constantinople, has been resumed since the receipt of a favorable dispatch from Secretary Seward, tending to an adjustment of the difference which had arisen with the American Legation.

CENTRAL AMERICA.

Death of President of Panama by Poison—Assassins Unmolested—All Quiet in Columbia—No Fears of a War Between Chili and Peru.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, March 22.—The steamer Arizona brings the following news from Panama to the 14th inst:

General Olarte, President of the State of Panama, died on the 3d inst., it is suspected of poison. Don Juan Diaz acted as President *ad interim*. Don Pablo Arosemena is a candidate for the vacant office.

Puredos, who shot Mr. Fawcett, correspondent of the *Herald*, has not been arrested. Fawcett is slowly recovering from his wounds. Assassins walk the streets unmolested. Petitions from Americans asking for protection were sent to Washington by the Arizona.

The steamer Nebraska, from New York via Ria Janeiro, arrived at Panama on the 7th, to take her place in the new American steamship line between Hamburg and Aspinwall, soon to be opened.

Dates from Bogota are to the 13th ult. Colombian Congress was in session. President Acosta, in his message, acknowledges the government would have been bankrupt but for the million dollars received from the Panama Railroad Company for the new contract. The State of Talcima was rebellious. The rest of the country tranquil. The Colombian army is reduced to two thousand.

Archbishop Herron died on the 6th ult.

Dates from Valparaiso are to February 7th and from Calais to the 27th. A war between Chili and Peru is no longer apprehended. As the election approaches in Peru additional candidates are brought forward for the Presidency. A dispute had arisen between the Chilian Government and the French house of Armand for a violation of contract to furnish iron clads, the delivery of which were forbidden by the French Government. Chili had advanced a large sum to the contractors, which they will return. Don Guiterrez has been appointed Peruvian Minister of State.

A loan between the Peruvian Government and consignees of guano for $12,000,000, was about to be closed. The republic was tranquil, except the department at Pucno, where much uneasiness prevailed.

Central American news is unimportant. Guatemala has granted the right to construct a railroad from the port of San Jose Esculanta.

Shocks of an earthquake continued at La Union. Many houses were ruined, and the residents remaining in the place were living in tents.

AUSTRALIA.

Advices from Australia to the 7th inst. state that Earl Belmore, new Governor of New South Wales, arrived there. The captain and crew of the schooner Marion Renny were massacred at the Solomon group of islands by natives.

It is just discovered that the ship General Grant, which left Melbourne for London in May, 1866, was wrecked at Auckland Island in the same month by being drawn into a large cove twenty-five fathoms deep. Only twenty-five were saved. The ship City of Melbourne was burned at Melbourne.

Sir George F. Brown, new Governor of New Zealand, had arrived at Wellington and was well received. The colony has suffered from floods and storms, and the damages are estimated at $2,500,000. A slight shock of an earthquake was felt at Wellington February 1.

Fire on Bennehoff Run—Oil Destroyed.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PETROLEUM, PA., March 22.—A fire on Bennehoff run this morning, destroyed 4,000 barrels of tanking and 2,100 barrels of oil. The Phil Sheridan, Steale and Girty wells are the principal losers.

THE CAPITAL.

General Hancock—Secretary Seward—Impeachment Witnesses—Financial—Kuk-Luk-Klan.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, March 21, 1868.

GENERAL HANCOCK

Called on the President this morning and had an interview of about an hour. Subsequently he called at the headquarters of the army and paid his respects to General Grant.

SECRETARY SEWARD

Was at the Executive Mansion this morning and engaged for some time with Mr. Johnson. This afternoon the President was closeted with his Counsel.

FINANCIAL.

Fractional currency issued for the week, $494,500; shipments, $380,287, including $82,000 to the United States Depository at St. Paul. National Bank currency issued, $118,610; amount in circulation, $299,779,556. Fractional currency redeemed and destroyed $432,700. Receipts of Internal Revenue for the week, $1,859,980; for the year to date, $139,372,690.

SUMMONING OF WITNESSES.

Witnesses are being summoned to-night by the Impeachment Managers to appear in the Senate Chamber to testify in the impeachment cause.

WASHINGTON, March 22, 1868.

THREATENING LETTERS.

Representative Mullens, of Tennessee, has received through the mails threatening letters purporting to come from a secret society designating itself the "Kuklux Klan."

IMPEACHMENT WITNESSES.

Summonses for impeachment witnesses, about twenty-four in number, were prepared yesterday. The deputies of the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate were engaged last night serving them. The most, if not all of these witnesses, have been examined by the Impeachment Managers. At least eleven are reporters.

STOLEN SWORD RECOVERED.

The valuable sword presented Commodore Biddle by the Peruvian Government, stolen from the Patent Office about a week since, has been recovered by detectives. Diamonds, five or six in number, had been removed by the thief and two of them have been recovered.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—The case of Hatch vs. Rock Island Co. came before the Unithd States Circuit Court at New York on Saturday, having been removed from the State Court. The Court will not decide the motion to remand the case back to the State Court until argument has been concluded on the main motion, which is to dissolve the injunction in the State Court. The argument will be made on a day hereafter to be named by the Court and counsel.

—A card from General Fremont appears in the New York *Tribune* correcting an alleged error in the statement about his connection with a Mexican loan. He says: "The leading feature in the negotiation with General Ochoa, and reasons for making it, were to procure a Pacific Railway terminus at the Port of Guaymas in connection with road projects that I was then and am still engaged in. The contract made with him had no reference to any loan to Mexico."

—A dispatch from St. Louis says the route to New York via New Orleans, for transportation of grain in bulk, is becoming more popular daily. The tow-boat Kellogg, which left there Saturday evening, had eight barges in tow with seven tons of freight, among which was forty-three thousand bushels of corn for New York. Another barge, with twenty-six thousand bushels of corn for the same destination is now there. All this corn came from points on the Illinois river.

—In the Superior Court at Baltimore, on Saturday, the jury returned a verdict for defendants in the case of Adolphus Brandies and William W. Crawford, of Louisville, against the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, to recover fifteen thousand dollars damages for alleged failure in 1865 to deliver 3,300 barrels of flour and 128 tons ship stuffs in Baltimore in reasonable time.

—On Friday night of last week, a man, supposed, from papers found on his person, to be James Finnegan, on his way from Canada to Scranton, Pa., stabbed three persons on the train on which he was a passenger just before reaching the depot at Buffalo. He was arrested and was thought to be insane. The persons stabbed by him were not dangerously injured.

—John W. Arnold, Secretary of the Hope Insurance Company, has been arrested at Louisville, Ky., on a warrant sworn out by D. G. Bly, President of the company, charging Arnold with the embezzlement of seven thousand dollars of the company's funds. Bly gave bail to the amount of $8,000.

—A fire Saturday night on the second floor of 451 Broadway, New York, occupied by Malory & Hewitt, dealers in cloaks and mantillas, although promptly extinguished, caused damage by fire and water to the building and stocks to the amount of $12,000; fully insured.

—In the Kentucky Bourbon case the Grand Jury at New York have found indictments against Daniel Messmore, C. A. Sanborn, Allen S. Mills, F. J. Finkham, E. C. Frost, C. Highland and Charles Sanborn.

—The snow storm at Philadelphia moderated after raging twenty hours. Drifts in some places were fifteen feet. The railroads were badly blocked, and no trains arrived from the West.

—A large three story brick dwelling at the Oakland race track, Louisville, owned by S. B. Thomas, was destroyed by fire Saturday, involving a loss of $5,000.

—The propeller Taylor, from New York Saturday evening, arrived at Albany at eleven Sunday. She encountered little ice, and the river is now opened.

—The shingle factory of James L. Smith, near the end of the No. th pier, Chicago, was destroyed by fire Saturday night. Loss $20,000; insured for $8,000.

—The Albany *Journal*, of last Friday evening, states that Governor Fenton has finally decided to refuse pardon to young Ketchum, the forger.

—The suspension of Henry Carlton, jr., of San Francisco, is announced. Liabilities not stated. A meeting of his creditors will be held to-day.

—Bills creating an Insurance Commissioner and repealing the insurance deposit law have passed both Houses of the California Legislature.

—The Buxbee House, at Meridan, Conn., was burned on Saturday morning. Loss $45,000; insured for $30,000.

METHODIST CONFERENCE

Pittsburgh Annual Conference of the M. E. Church.

[Special Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREENSBURG, March 21, 1868.

The Anniversary of the Pittsburgh Conference Missionary Society was held on last evening; Rev. Robert Hamilton, President, in the chair.

The opening exercises were conducted by Revs. R. Hopkins and H. Miller, after which addresses were delivered by Revs. F. S. De Hass, of Washington City, N. Norton and J. M. Green, of the Erie Conference.

These distinguished speakers were listened to with marked attention by the large audience which filled the church to overflowing. The last address was especially happy and produced a deep impression.

The following is the report of the Missionary receipts for the past year by Districts.

Missionary contributions of Pittsburgh Conference for the year 1868:

Districts.		*Increase.*	*Decrease*
Pittsburgh	$10,192 43		$1,983 21
Blairsville	3,254 70	$ 419 56	
Uniontown	2,292 10		132 02
Washington	2,023,00		45 87
Barnesville	1,194 54	86 86	
Cambridge	1 733 82	129 06	
M'Connellsville	998 36	34 55	
Steubenville	4,025 68	490 12	
Allegheny	3,593 29	369 74	
Totals	$29,307 84	$3,135 27	$2,766 50

By this it will be seen that the aggregate missionary contributions for the past year is $29,307.84, a decrease of $631.23 from last year.

The Pittsburgh Conference still occupies the front rank in the missionary work of our Church and has the honor of having more representatives in the missionary field than any other Conference. We are confident that our noble Conference will take no backward steps in this great work of evangelizing the world.

After the dismissal of the public congregation the members of the Conference Missionary Society elected the following officers for the ensuing year: Rev. W. P. Turner, President, and Rev. Joseph Horner Secretary.

The session this morning was opened with religious services, conducted by J. K. Miller, for many years agent of the Young Men's Bible Society of Pittsburgh.

The Bishop announced to the Conference the death, on Sabbath evening last, of Charles Simpson, eldest son of Bishop Simpson, and a committee of three, consisting of Dr. W. A. Davidson, A. J. Endsley and S. P. Woolf, were appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the Conference.

W. H. Tibbles, T. Mustanley and J. Dillon were granted a supernumerary relation.

The Committees on Temperance, Centenary of Methodism, and State of the Country, presented their reports, which were read and adopted.

The report of the Committee on Freedmen's Aid Society was presented, read, and on motion laid on the table for further consideration.

The Stewards presented their report in part, after which an hour was appointed for those having statements to make bearing on the cases of claimants to appear, and it was ordered that the report be accepted without debate.

The hour of nine having arrived, the order of the day, namely, the election of delegates to the Annual Conference, was taken up. J. W. Baker, T. N. Boyle, S. M. Hickman, W. B. Watkins and I. C. Pershing were appointed tellers to collect and count the votes. Deep interest has been felt in the result, and at the appointed hour the house was filled with the members and spectators. The result of the first ballot was as follows: Whole number of votes cast, 190—necessary to a choice, 96; S. H. Nesbit received, 155; Thomas M. Hudson, 116; D. L. Dempsy; 103; Dr. N. Hartshorn, 97; and I. C. Pershing, 96—and all were declared duly elected.

One hundred and eighty votes were cast on second ballot. Necessary to a choice, ninety-one. A. J. Endsley received one hundred and one and was declared duly elected. The same number were cast on third ballot, of which Dr. H. Miller received one hundred and eleven, and was declared duly elected.

I omitted to state that the grand total of the centenary contributions by the ministers and laymen of the Conference amounted to the grand total of nearly *six hundred thousand dollars*. These figures speak for themselves and need no comment. The grand total contributed by the denomination will reach the magnificent sum of eight millions of dollars. It is a marvel of liberality and may well challenge comparison in the history of the christian church.

The second question was resumed, and Andrew M. Gregg and Ranson S. Strahl were examined, passed and continued on on trial.

The reports of the Committees on Pittsburgh *Christian Advocate*, Parsonages, and Centenary Fund, were read and adopted. The report on the Pittsburgh *Christian Advocate* was very gratifying. The paper has been steadily gaining in public favor, and increasing in patronage, and is among the most ably conducted in the connection.

The following resolution, adopted by a rising vote, which was given with a will, will indicate the estimation in which Dr. Nesbit, the able editor, is held by his brethren:

Resolved, That our delegates be and they are hereby instructed to use their influence to have Dr. Nesbit continued as editor of the Pittsburgh *Christian Advocate*.

Need we add anything to this and to the complimentary vote given him from General Conference?

Privilege was given to congregations in several localities to dispose of church property. It is a remarkable fact that in the history of a hundred years this denomination, notwithstanding its early poverty, never disposed of any property save by the voluntary act of its members.

The greater part of the business of the Conference is disposed of, the appointments are nearly all made, and the body will doubtless close its session on Monday. Notwithstanding the excitement incident to the election of delegates, great harmony and good feeling have prevailed, and the members will return to their fields of labor linked to each other by stronger ties than ever before.

Bishop Kingsly has greatly endeared himself to all by his urbanity, courteous bearing and fine abilities as a presiding officer.

Your correspondent cannot close these hastily prepared letters without returning thanks to the Ticket Agent at Greensburg and other employes of the Pennsylvania Railroad for many acts of courtesy, and to his host, Mr. J. W. Turney, for the splendid entertainment afforded him during his sojourn here. OLIN.

The Snow Storms.

[Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BOSTON, March 22.—The snow storm cleared up this morning. Over due trains have arrived and the roads are now open.

PHILADELPHIA, March 22.—The railroads are now clear of snow. Trains are running as usual.

Petroleum—Memorial to Congress.

The National Convention of Producers and Manufacturers of Petroleum, lately held in Pittsburgh, appointed the undersigned a Committee to present to Congress the conclusions which were reached by the Convention, respecting the taxation of that article. Those conclusions are indicated in the printed paper, which is herewith submitted, and clearly express the views of the Convention, that if, in the judgment of Congress, it is not possible to raise the requisite amount of revenue by a tax on luxuries, it is the very extreme of injustice to designate a single article of manufacture *not* a luxury, to bear an undue proportion of the deficiency, especially when the article enters so largely into consumption among the poorer classes, and is to them as much an article of prime necessity as meat or flour. The popular idea that petroleum is a natural production without cost, and therefore an appropriate subject for extreme taxation, is wholly erroneous. In its crude state it has little commercial value, except for the purpose of manufacture, and if it had it is not derived from the earth without large expenditure both of money and labor. The flowing wells, which so astonished the world a few years since by their enormous spontaneous production, are almost entirely unknown at the present time, and the oil is now mostly obtained by the laborious and expensive process of pumping from wells, which yield an average daily product of not more than eighteen barrels. If you add to the cost of production the expense of refining the oil and placing it in the market, you have increased the value of the crude material *more than four hundred per cent.* The irresistible conclusion from these premises is, that any tax upon refined oil, is a direct burden upon the productive labor of the country, and not, in any proper sense, upon a natural, spontaneous production of the earth.

Illuminating gas, manufactured from coal, bears a similar relation to coal, that Refined oil does to Crude. Gas is used exclusively in cities and large towns, and for the most part lights the houses of the opulent. Refined oil goes into consumption mainly in the country, and is emphatically *"the poor man's light."* It would seem that if either article were selected to bear a heavy tax, it should be the former. Yet, as a matter of fact, the specific tax upon gas amounts to less than seven per cent. of its average cost, while that upon Refined Petroleum, is not less than one hundred per cent. of its cost.

When we consider the enormous amount of money which has been expended in sinking wells, not more than one in twenty of which prove productive, it will appear that Crude Oil has been produced at a cost and risk much greater in proportion than either iron or coal, and its manufacture is carried on with more hazard to the capital employed than any other business in the world. It is also true that the business of refining oil is more seriously embarrassed and depressed at the present time than almost any other branch of manufactures, by reason of the excessive tax, the heavy expense of repeated inspection and the complicated bonded warehouse system which the tax seems to render necessary, as well as by the very heavy competition which the American refiner meets at home, through the large amount of oil sold in the market which, by various devices, escapes the tax, and abroad by the superior advantages which the European refiner has in refining our own petroleum, in consequence of cheaper labor, capital, fuel, chemicals and barrels. The extent to which the depression of our business has reached, is apparent in the well known fact that some of the most perfect and well-situated oil refineries are closed and for sale at less than one-half their cost, and very few, if any, of the large ones are running at more than one-half their capacity.

If it be asked why the tax now imposed on refined oil operates to the prejudice of the refiner when it is added to the cost of the oil, and therefore comes out of the consumer, we reply, that the expenses incidental to the collection of the tax—such as inspection fees, bonded warehouse charges, &c., together with the additional labor thus made necessary in handling and taking care of the oil, and the leakage resulting therefrom, especially in the case of oil intended for export—would alone, if they could be saved to the refiner, yield him a fair profit upon his manufacture; greater, it is believed, than the majority of refiners have derived from their business during the last year. Moreover, the removal of the tax will at once destroy the ruinous competition which results from the manufacture of fraudulent and dangerous oil, which, by an evasion of the tax, now controls the domestic market. It would also greatly stimulate and increase the consumption of oil, because a safe article would be furnished at a greatly reduced price; so that the refineries of the country which are now idle, or running at half their capacity, would find employment, and the millions of capital invested in them—now unproductive, and which must ultimately prove valueless should the present state of things continue—will again become remunerative, and bringing into active requisition its industrial labor.

We do, therefore, most earnestly remonstrate against the position which has been taken, that the interest which we represent shall be excluded from the class of manufactures with which it legitimately belongs, and selected for peculiar and oppressive burdens. We submit that, if a larger revenue is needed than can be realized from the proposed tax upon luxuries, the deficiency should be so adjusted that each department of manufacturing enterprises should bear its fair and equitable proportion; and we would respectfully suggest that, in such a contingency, an *ad valorem* tax, properly distributed, would be more easily and economically collected than a specific tax. In the case of oil, it would remove the necessity of inspectors and the complicated machinery of the bonded warehouse system, with its expensive outlays, which impose so heavy a burden upon us, *without contributing anything whatever to the revenue of the Government*, the entire amount going to the army of its officials and employes. It would also close the door to the fraudulent evasion of the law which has now become so common, and would, as we believe, be far more equitable, and therefore more satisfactory than the system which now obtains.

COMMITTEE.

Cleveland—Dan. P. Eells, H. M. Flagler, W. C. Scofield. Pittsburgh—James A. Hutchinson, Charles Lockhart, David Kirk, T. W. Davis, W. H. Edgerton, R. S. Waring, John J. Fisher, H. M. Long. Boston—Samuel Downer, James Adams, Ch. M. Carter. Petroleum Center, Pa.—E. Rankin, A. Crane, E. O. Fisher. West Virginia—I. I. Jackson, Jr., H. W. Heird, Jas. M. Jackson. Philadelphia—W. G. Warden, Henry H. King, John P. Logan, W. W Selye, C. A. Griscom, Daniel L. Miller, Jr New York—Josiah Macy, Jr., E. A. Wickes, Ambrose Snow, Herbert M. Warren, Wm. Rockefeller.

—The exhibition of O'Baldwin, the Irish giant, at St. Louis on Saturday night, was more numerously attended than any ever previously given there. It netted about one thousand dollars. McCoole was present. He is in full training, and has already reduced himself eleven pounds.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

WAGES—NOT BY TENNYSON.

Hundreds of sovereigns, hundreds of sterling, hundreds of cash.
Paid with cheerfulness, eager to gain a poem from me;
Hundreds of sterling to write, to utter, to make a dash—
Nay, but the editor aim'd not at poetry, no lover of poetry he;
Give me the pleasure of going on for the £ s. d!
The wages of rant is great; if the wages of merit be just,
Would the publishers scramble who should be first to bargain with me?
I desire them not to come hither, unless it be with the "dust,"
To make me a golden grove, or to add to my stock of gree;
Give me the pleasure of going on the £ s. d!

EPHEMERIS.

—Cardinal Bonaparte is only 40 years of age.

—New Orleans is making more whiskey than usual.

—Ale has advanced two dollars a barrel in Chicago.

—Edwin Forrest is almost a millionaire and as surly as a bear.

—Challier is the reigning tenor of Paris. He is also a hunchback.

—A Lousiana paper has Ben. Butler's name up for President. Significant.

—Twelve hundred thousand tons of ice are stored away in New York City.

—Darcy Magee had a public dinner given him in Montreal on St. Patrick's day.

—Southern papers are anticipating the return, this season, of the yellow fever.

—Colonel Henry C. Demings is writing a "Life of Grant." So is Albert D. Richardson.

—About 41,000,000 pounds of sugar were used in the breweries of Great Britain last year.

—Mrs. Lander wants some new good plays. We fear she will do so for a long time.

—Beauregard quelled a panic in a New Orleans theatre recently, caused by an alarm of fire.

—A new hotel and a new hospital are among the fine buildings going up in Cincinnati.

—The Nashville Methodist Book concern is deeply in debt, besides being engaged in a law suit.

—Canning, Peel and Disraeli are the only commoners who have been Prime Ministers in England.

—Lohengrin, the very noisiest of all Wagner's opera, was encored repeatedly in Paris recently.

—The dress which took the first premium at the Paris exhibition, has been presented to Camilla Urso.

—Des Moines has been having oratorios. In this particular the world of Pittsburgh has been a blank this year.

—A Boston numismathologist has just paid $750 for a silver dollar of 1804. But three were coined in that year.

—The Dacotah Indians are starving. Can't the Government get their receipt and apply it to the Sioux and Apaches.

—A Methodist prayer meeting in Connecticut was recently enlivened by a vigorous fight right in the meeting house.

—1,573 hand-worked cushions were presented to the dethroned King of Hanover, when he recently celebrated his silver wedding.

—Porte Crayon the genial author is losing his eye-sight. We are sure that he has the sympathy of every reader of Harper's Magazine.

—The little New York *Mail* has gotten to look very shabby, and has lost in brilliancy since the death of its rival, the *Evening Gazette*.

—Barren county (Ky.) still uses the whipping post. We had thought, until we heard this, that Delaware was the only place so barbarous.

—Dana, of the New York *Sun*, is writing a life of General Grant. The General will soon have as many lives as his favorite Thomas feline.

—We understand that a party of Pittsburghers is going to start early in the summer on a pleasure excursion across the plains to San Francisco.

—*The Chicagoan* is the name of a forthcoming literary paper to be published in Chicago. Many very prominent writers are already engaged.

—Victor Hugo's description of Waterloo has been set to music by Wagner, the friend of the King of Bavaria, who in spite of the cable is not dead.

—M'lle Brohan has been for twenty-seven consecutive years an actress at the Theatre Francais, and has just been pensioned off with $1,250 a year.

—Cleveland street car companies are behind the age; they are talking of using dummy engines instead of horses. Dummy engines have been discarded here long ago.

—A great many bridges all over the country have been swept away recently. The Allegheny Suspension bridge will probably be swept away some day too, if the the Assistant Superintendent keeps on plying his broom as vigorously as usual.

—Bisop Potter spoke of the building in which Mr. Tyng violated the Episcopalian canon as a "meeting house.' This disgusted the owners thereof, and their complaints have been not deep but excessively long, The house has a steeple, why then is it not a church?

—The leader of a colored prayer meeting in the Methodist meeting house in Petersburg, (Va.) displayed in kneeling, a large quantity of an under garment which was instantly recognized by another woman as her own property. Hair was pulled and faces were scratched before many minutes had elapsed.

—No one will hail the disposition of the President with more personal pleasure than Mr. Stanton. The close confinement to the War Office has worn the gallant gentleman out, and his health is failing. With Wade in the White House the Secretary can recreate with a free and easy conscience.

—Disaster is a sounding word. A New York paper speaking of the killing of a man by a train of cars heads it "Disaster on the Long Island Railroad." Supposing that fifty men had been killed, a stronger word would be wanted, but is not to be had, so it would probably be a good thing not to waste disasters on single men.

—Morgan Owen, a renowned Welsh bard and antiquary, is dead. He never received a letter nor wrote one, and never was four miles from home. An account of his travels, with his correspondence, would make an interesting volume.

—A short time ago, at a leap year party in Philadelphia a young gentleman wore $1,800 worth of jewels, and had three bouquets. At a similar party in Boston a young man had a $2,200 dress brought from the Paris exposition. Similar merry makings barring the extravagance have not been wanting in our own city.

—Decidedly the most impudent thing we have heard of for a long time was the action of an association, calling itself religious, in requesting General Grant to devote $10,000 a year to it, *because* his income is $30,000. We think that the highest military officer of a great nation needs $30,000 to keep up proper appearances, and at least has a right to use it as he pleases.

—Charles Lever says that he can conceive of nothing drearier than a German joke. Charles shows a narrowness of appreciation that we could hardly have expected of him. German jokes are as excellent for Germans as Irish ones are for the Irish, and for neutral persons who are unfortunate enough to be neither Teuton nor Hiberian, the jokes are about on a par-

A Sultan's Daughter Marries a Dutch Merchant.

Hamburg papers relate the arrival of a young merchant, who, after an absence from his native city for a few years, has just returned with the daughter of the Sultan of Zanzibar as his affianced wife. Some years ago the young merchant, in order to seek his fortune, traveled over land and sea, and finally took up his residence at Zanzibar, in the immediate neighborhood of the palace. It is customary there to spend the evening on the flat roofs of the houses, where our German happened to see the young Sultana, who used to promenade on the roof of her father's mansion. Roguish little Cupid was laying in ambuscade, and soon plunged his arrows into the hearts of the unwary couple. The consent of the old Musselman could hardly be expected to the marriage of the Royal Princess with an infidel Giaour, and so the loving couple came to the determination to elope, which they successfully did. After having encountered a great many adventures, they safely arrived in Greece, where the young Sultana, who is said to be a most beautiful lady, was converted to the Christian faith, and there the nuptials were celebrated.

A Romantic Tragedy.

A tragedy recently occurred near Mount Carmel, Franklin county, Ind., the details of which are as romantic as anything which novelists have invented. A young girl, the daughter of wealthy parents, was educated at one of the seminaries at Oxford, and it was the intention of her parents that she should make a match that would give her a high position in the world. She fell in love, however, with a young farmer who was quite poor. The parents forbade her to have anything to say to him, but they managed to exchange letters through the assistance of a young minister. Finally they proposed to elope, but the go-between became enamored of the young lady, and prevailed on her to run off with him instead of the farmer. They eloped and were married. The grief of the farmer knew no bounds. Determined upon revenge, he armed himself with a revolver, and swore that the young divine should die for his treachery A couple of weeks ago the rivals met, and the farmer openly shot down the destroyer of his happiness. A fearful tragedy ended the fond dream of love.

Vaccination.

Although vaccination of all kinds since the days of Jenner has been attended with fewer proportionate failures to accomplish its object, and fewer diagreeable results than any other medical or surgical procedure, yet certainty and innocuousness could and can still be obtained by strict adhesion to Dr. Jenner's golden rule "of using only fresh eighth day lymph," an article which should always be easily obtained in any well regulated community. The perfect genuine unbroken vaccine vessicle, between the time of the first appearance of the fluid in it, and the eighth day, or before the inflammatory or pyogenic process which is marked by the formation of the areola begins, never contains pus, nor other infurious cells, nor anything but a bland, clear, specific, or *suigeneris* fluid, capable when fresh of producing only the phenomena which generated it, and never can communicate struma syphilis, or anything else than the true Jennerian variola vaccinæ. This is fully corroborated by pathologists, by the triumphant experience of the best vaccinators, and by all who make use of the material.

Retributions.

Those who delude themselves with the idea that the recent Rebellion, its cause and consequences, are things to be easily or soon forgotten, have much to learn. The shedding of more blood, and the expenditure of more money than any other War recorded in history cost, demands atonement and retribution. Those who brought about and engaged in the Rebellion, are drinking the bitter consequences from their fullness to their dregs. Terrible indeed is their chastisement.

Nor can the political Party that sympathized with Rebellion, that gave it moral "aid and comfort," escape its great share of inglorious responsibility. "Copperhead" Democracy will no more be forgiven for its leanings toward Secession than Hartford Convention Federalism was forgiven for its "blue-light" sympathies in 1814.—*N. Y. Com. Adv.*

MISS PENNIMAN will wear, when she signs the marriage contract with M. de Brimont, the same toilet, though in different colors, as that worn by Madame de Morny on her wedding day—a white brocade underskirt, over which a tunic of pink poult, trimmed round with Alencon, the front width *entablier*. On the high bodice a pink bouquet, and the same in her hair. An Alencon waist belt with flowing ends will complete her attire.

IT WAS a matter of curiosity how the Chicago papers obtained detailed reports of the secret investigation into the charges against the Police Department. The mistery was solved when a social evil, who was on the witness stand, fainted into the arms of an Alderman on observing a pale, emaciated face glaring at her through a stove-pipe hole in the wall of the Council Chamber.

A POOR FELLOW who had been drunk for several days at an inn in Canada, was set upon by a party of males and females who stripped, tickled and pinched him for amusement. But this fun not proving sufficient for the women, those tender creatures procured hot irons, burning sticks and coals, and seared and burned their struggling, groaning victim until he died.

DENTISTRY.

$8. ONLY $8.
A FULL SET OF ARTIFICIAL TEETH FOR EIGHT DOLLARS.
FULL UPPER AND LOWER SET FOR $12.
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN.
NO CHARGE FOR EXTRACTING WHEN ARTIFICIAL TEETH ARE ORDERED.
ALL WORK WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.
LAUGHING GAS FREE OF CHARGE, AT
QUINCY A. SCOTT'S
Steam Dental Establishment,
278 PENN STREET, 3D DOOR ABOVE HAND.
N. B.—As DR. SCOTT is a licensee under the Goodyear Patents, he will not make any "new (*bogus*) rubber" sets, but will continue to manufacture the genuine article—VULCANITE. mh23:d&T

DRY GOODS.

NEW GOODS,
JUST RECEIVED, AT
J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO.'S,
No. 87 Market Street.
BLEACHED MUSLINS.
CALICOES AND CRASH,
Entire Stock of Goods Closing Out,
To make room for extending the Store Room back.
REMEMBER THE PLACE.
No. 87 Market Street.
mh11

1868. MARCH. 1868.
ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS.
No. 115 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Have now open a LARGE NEW STOCK, which they offer at
LESS THAN PRESENT EASTERN PRICES.
Merchants desiring to sort up, and save the advance, should call at
No. 115 WOOD STREET.

NEW DRESS GOODS.
WHITE, ORR & CO.,
25 FIFTH STREET,
Have just opened a large assortment of
NEW GOODS.
mh11

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,
No. 94 WOOD STREET,
Third door above Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

LITHOGRAPHERS.

BENJAMIN SINGERLY.....PHILIP CLEIS.
SINGERLY & CLEIS, Successors to GEO. F. SCHUCHMAN & CO.,
PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS.
The only Steam Lithographic Establishment West of the Mountains. Business Cards, Letter Heads, Bonds, Labels, Circulars, Show Cards, Diplomas, Portaits, Views, Certificates of Deposits, Invitation Cards, &c., Nos. 74 and 74 Third street, Pittsburgh.

CHAS. A. MILLER,
LITHOGRAPHER,
NO. 80 FOURTH STREET, APOLLO BUILDING.
CHECKS, DRAFTS, NOTES, BILL and LETTER HEADS, &c., done in all styles. ap18:x56

STEAMSHIPS,
STEAM TO AND FROM
LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN, IRELAND,
TWICE A WEEK.
THE INMAN LINE,
Sailing EVERY SATURDAY—EVERY WEDNESDAY,—carrying the U. S. Mail. Tickets sold to and from Ireland, England, Scotland, Germany and France. Apply at the Company's office.
WM. BINGHAM, JR.,
Exclusive Agent to Book Cabin Passengers,
54 FIFTH STREET,
Adams Express Office, Pittsburgh, Pa.

LUMBER.

FORT PITT LUMBER COMPANY
Capital, - - - $125,000.
PRESIDENT—EDWARD DITHRIDGE.
SECRETARY—T. A. WRIGHT.
SUPERINTENDENT—EDW. DAVISON.
DIRECTORS:
Edward Davison, L. F. Duncan,
John Mellon, E. D. Dithridge,
Geo. W. Dithridge, M. L. Malone,
S. R. Johnston.
LUMBER YARD—Corner of BUTLER AND ALLEGHENY STREETS, Ninth Ward.
OFFICE AT FORT PITT GLASS WORKS, Washington Street. ja20:j98

LIVERY STABLES.

MERCHANTS'
LIVERY AND SALE STABLE,
J. WARD NICHOLSON, Proprietor,
NOS. 141 AND 143 THIRD STREET,
(OPPOSITE MERCHANTS' HOTEL.)
HORSES, CARRIAGES, &c., FOR HIRE. Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of Horses. au8:d4

THE GREAT HOUSEHOLD FRIEND OF THE AGE.
The "Queen" Triumphant,
THE QUEEN OF THE WASH TUB.
BUY IT. TRY IT.
FOR GENERAL WASHING PURPOSES IT IS PRONOUNCED UNPRECEDENTED, cheaper than soap—cleanses more thoroughly—costs less money—saves more time and labor, and is sold by all Grocers. One trial will demonstrate its superiority and secure it a firm place in the affection of the entire household. Manufactured by the
HESS MANUFACTURING CO.,
Office, No. 136 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh.

WASHINGTON MILLS,
WASHINGTON STREET,
Near Pittsburgh Grain Elevator
W. W. ANDERSON,
Manufacturer of CORN MEAL, RYE FLOUR and CHOPPED FEED. Orders delivered in either city free of charge. Grain of all kinds shopped, and Corn shelled, on short notice.

MALT—20,000 bushels prime
BARLEY MALT,
FOR SALE BY
GILMORE, STRAUB & CO., Malsters,
South Canal Street, near Chestnut, Allegheny, Pa
mh9:m51:d&T

WE WILL KEEP ON HAND and make to order all kinds of Spring and plain WAGONS, CARTS, DRAYS, WHEELBARROWS, TRUCKS, LOCUST HUBS, And TURNED SPOKES, HAY RAKES and FORKS, At DUQUESNE WAGON WORKS, near the Penitentiary, Allegheny City.
Jes:us8 COLEMAN, FORRESTER & CO.

REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

D. P. HATCH,
REAL ESTATE OFFICE,
No. 98 Grant Street, Pittsburgh.
REAL ESTATE
AND PERSONAL PROPERTY
BOUGHT AND SOLD.
WILL GIVE PROMPT ATTENTION TO
Negotiation of Loans, Attend to the Renting of Property, Collection of Claims, &c., &c.

JOHN D. BAILEY & BRO.,
STOCK AND REAL ESTATE BROKERS
AND AUCTIONEERS.
Are prepared to sell at Auction STOCKS, BONDS, and all kinds of SECURITIES, REAL ESTATE, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c., either on the premises or at the Board of Trade Rooms.
Particular attention paid, as heretofore, to the sale of Real Estate at private sale.
Sales at Real Estate in the country attended.
Office, No. 66 SMITHFIELD STREET. oc23

CHEAP FARMS FOR SALE.
I have now for sale several of the finest FARMS in Westmoreland and Indiana counties, on remarkably easy terms, so easy that any one desirous of buying can purchase on time altogether. Call and examine for yourself.
G. M. PETTY,
mh4 No. 80 Smithfield street.

BUSINESS CHANGES.

DISSOLUTION.—THE FIRM OF WHITE, BERGER & CO. was dissolved on the 10th inst., by mutual consent.
DANIEL WHITE,
W. H. BERGER,
W. FREEMAN.
The undersigned will continue the manufacture of Wooden Ware and Packing Boxes, under the name and style of FREEMAN & BERGER. Office and Factory between Morton and Clymer streets, Ninth Ward.
W. FREEMAN,
W. H. BERGER.
Pittsburgh, March 17, 1868. mh18:m91

DISSOLUTION.—The firm of
ROBINSON, McKENNA & CO.,
Of Allegheny City, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. J. S. ROBINSON will continue the Grocery Business at his new store,
No. 185 Federal Street,
And assumes all liabilities of the old firm.
ROBINSON, McKENNA & CO.,
J. S. ROBINSON.
mh12:m92

DISSOLUTION.—THE FIRM OF ATWELL, LEE & CO. was dissolved on the 1st of February, 1868, by mutual consent. Either partner may sign the name of the firm in settlement.
JOHN ATWELL,
CHARLES ATWELL,
A. J. LEE.
The undersigned will continue the WHOLESALE GROCERY BUSINESS, under the name and style of ATWELL & LEE, at the old place, No. 131 Second street. A continuance of the patronage of their friends and the public is respectfully solicited.
CHARLES ATWELL,
A. J. LEE.
PITTSBURGH, March 5th, 1868. mh7:m53

HOTELS.

THE MANSION HOUSE.
The undersigned beg to announce to their friends and the public that they have purchased this OLD ESTABLISHED and POPULAR HOUSE,
No. 344 Liberty Street,
And will continue to keep it in the best style. The MANSION HOUSE has over one hundred rooms, all newly furnished in the best style, and only two minutes' walk from the Railroad Depot. Travelers will find this house an excellent one to stop at, and will be accommodated any hour, day or night.
Connected with the House is a splendid Hall for Concerts.
Families or single persons taken to board by the day, week or month, with or without rooms.
H. WAGNER,
mh17:m37 PITTSBURGH.

CONDUCTED ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.
ST. JAMES HOTEL,
Nos. 405 and 407 Liberty St.,
Opposite Union Depot, PITTSBURGH.
JAMES K. LANAHAN, Proprietor,
This house is newly built and splendidly furnished, and convenient to all the Railroads coming into the city. Strangers visiting the city will find this a very convenient and economical plan. You secure your room and pay for your meals as you get them. The Restaurant connected with this hotel is open at all hours of the day and night. Bells and parties supplied with Suppers at the shortest notice and reasonable rates. se18:g88

ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL,
(ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.)
N. E. Corner Penn and Canal Streets,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
JAMES JOHNSON, Proprietor.
This house has been thoroughly refitted and newly furnished throughout, and is now open to the public.

HATS AND CAPS.

NEW SPRING GOODS.
ALL THE NEW STYLES OF
Hats and Caps,
ARRIVING DAILY, AT
M'CORD & CO.'S,
fe22 131 WOOD STREET.

MARTIN LIEBLER,
DEALER IN
HATS, CAPS AND FURS,
Also, Manufacturer, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in TRUNKS, VALISES, &c., No. 132 SMITHFIELD STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed.

ARCHITECTS.

BARR & MOSER,
ARCHITECTS,
FRUIT HOUSE ASSOCIATION BUILDINGS, Nos. 2 and 4 St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Special attention given to the designing and building of COURT HOUSES and PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

F. ARTOS,
MECHANICAL AND ENGINEERING
DRAFTSMAN.
Office, Philo Hall, 75 Third Street,
With Messrs HOLLAND & Co., PITTSBURGH.

L. O. LIVINGSTON. W. H. BURT. W. A. ROBINSON, JR.
LIVINGSTON & CO.,
IRON FOUNDERS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
FINE LIGHT CASTINGS,
All descriptions, for Plumbers and Gas Fitters; Agricultural Implements, Cotton and Woolen Mill Machinery, &c.
All Job Work promptly attended to.
Office and Works—WASHINGTON AVENUE, near Outer Depot, Allegheny City, Pa.

GEO. O. CLARK.....J. H. WATKINS.....D P. RAY
IRON CITY BELT WORKS.
GEO. O. CLARK & CO.,
Manufacturers of every description of Patent, Stretched, Cemented and Riveted Oak-Tanned
LEATHER BELTING.
No. 409 LIBERTY STREET, (3d floor,) opposite Union Depot, Pittsbugh.

GROCERIES.

FOR FRAGRANT TEAS,
CHOICE COFFEE,
AND
Pure Spices,
GO TO
ROBINSON'S,
No. 20 Fifth Street.
FOR THE FINEST TEAS,
THE CHOICEST GROCERIES,
THE PUREST SPICES,
And the best CANNED FRUITS, PICKLES, &c., at the most reasonable prices, go to
FRANCE'S TEA MART,
15 Diamond, Pittsburgh.
mh9:

NEW ORLEANS
SUGAR AND MOLASSES,
IN STORE AND TO ARRIVE.
550 hhds. N. O. Sugar, prime to choice;
500 bbls. Plantation Molasses, prime to choice;
110 " prime Carolina Rice;
500 " extra Salt,
With a large and general assortment of all kinds of GROCERIES and other goods in our line, for sale low to the trade, by
JOHN I. HOUSE & BROS.,
Corner Smithfield and Water Streets.
mh3:m34

CRACKER BAKERIES.

MARVIN'S CRACKERS
ARE BAKED IN A PATENT OVEN,
The Only one in Western Pennsylvania.
It gives a LIGHTER, SWEETER and more UNIFORMLY BAKED CRACKER, (consequently more wholesome,) than can possibly be produced from any other kind of an oven. I use the best Flour, and will warrant my goods superior to any others. Capacity of this establishment over 100 BBLS. PER DAY. It is the
Largest Bakery ever in Pittsburgh.
None genuine unless MARVIN is on the side of every package.
S. S. MARVIN,
91 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh.

ESTABLISHED IN 1840.
SHEPHARD'S
Steam Cracker and Biscuit Factory,
317 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH.
Manufacturer and dealer in all kinds of
CONFECTIONERY,
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS, NUTS, &c.

GLASS, CHINA, CUTLERY.

100 WOOD STREET.
VASES,
COLOGNE SETS,
FANCY SETS,
PARIAN STATUETTES,
BOHEMIAN GLASS,
And other STAPLE AND FANCY GOODS, a great variety.
100 WOOD STREET.
RICHARD E. BREED & CO.
mh10
100 WOOD STREET. 100 WOOD STREET.
100 WOOD STREET.

CHARLES REIZENSTEIN,
152 Federal Street, Allegheny,
(Fourth door above Diamond.)
Glass, China Ware & Table Cutlery
AT EASTERN PRICES. Everything required in a first class store on hand. Call and examine our goods. Je10:a9

PIANOS, ORGANS, &C.

BUY THE BEST AND CHEAPEST PIANO AND ORGAN.
Schomacker's Gold Medal Piano,
AND ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN.
The SCHOMACKER PIANO combines all the latest valuable improvements known in the construction of a first class instrument, and has always been awarded the highest premium wherever exhibited. Its tone is full, sonorous and sweet. The workmanship, for durability and beauty, surpass all others. Prices from $50 to $150, (according to style and finish,) cheaper than all other so-called first class Piano.
ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN
Stands at the head of all reed instruments, in producing the most perfect pipe quality of tone of any similar instrument in the United States. It is simple and compact in construction, and not liable to get out of order.
CARPENTER'S PATENT "VOX HUMANA TREMOLO" is only to be found in this Organ. Price from $100 to $550. All guaranteed for five years.
BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,
mh9 No. 12 ST. CLAIR STREET.

SECOND HAND
MELODEONS AND ORGANS,
In perfect order, from $35 to $130.
CHARLOTTE BLUME,
mh12 42 Fifth st., 2d door above Wood.

CONFECTIONERIES.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CELEBRATIONS, PICNICS, DINNER PARTIES, &c., furnished with the best
ICE CREAM, CONFECTIONERIES, CAKES, FRUITS, &c., &c.,
At the lowest price and on the shortest notice, by
JULIUS RICHTER,
Je23:m10 No. 15 Diamond, Allegheny.

HENRY W. HORBACH,
Confectionery and Bakery,
No. 300 SMITHFIELD STERET,
Between Seventh and Liberty.
LADIES' OYSTER SALOON attached.

GEORGE BEAVEN,
Candy Manufacturer,
And dealer in FOREIGN & AMERICAN FRUITS, PICKLES, NUTS &c.,
No. 112 Federal Street,
Second door from the First National Bank, Allegheny City.

CEMENT, FIRE BRICK, &C.

D. R. ECKER,
DEALER IN
CEMENT, FIRE BRICK AND TILE,
STONE HEARTHS, WHITE LIME,
CHIMNEY TOPS AND WATER PIPES.
Office and Warehouse, 167 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House se16

AUCTION SALES.

BY PALMER & PHILLIPS.
PALMER & PHILLIPS,
AUCTIONEERS
And Commission Merchants,
OPERA HOUSE AUCTION ROOMS,
No. 60 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
BOOTS, SHOES, CARPETS,
Dry Goods and Notions,
AT PRIVATE SALE DAY AND EVENING.
Consignments Solicited. Prompt Returns.

BY A. M'ILWAINE.
BANKRUPT SALE, WESTERN LANDS AND OIL STOCKS.—THURSDAY EVENING, April 7th, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold, on second floor of Commercial Sales Room, No. 106 Smithfield street, by order of John H. Bailey, Assignee in Bankruptcy of Jenkins, Nelsh & Co., the following Western Lands and Oil Stocks:
1 quarter section in Otes Co., Nebraska.
1 quarter section in Franklin Co., Iowa.
2 one-eighth sections in Cass Co., Nebraska.
2 one-sixteenth sections in Adair Co., Mo.
220 acre tract in Wright Co., Missouri.
1 quarter section in Cass Co., Nebraska.
100 shares Black Diamond Oil Company.
100 shares Pennsylvania Oil Company.
100 shares Whitehill Oil Company.
100 shares Phillips Oil Company.
500 shares Banner Oil Company.
mh16 A. M'ILWAINE, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE STOCKS & BONDS.—TUESDAY EVENING, March 24th, at 7 o'clock, will be sold, on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street:
10 shares Third National Bank.
20 shares Second National Bank.
15 shares Tradesmen's National Bank.
10 shares National Trust Co.
10 shares Lawrenceville Savings Bank.
20 shares Pacific & Atlantic Telegraph Co.
50 shares Pittsburgh Grain Elevator Co.
100 shares Columbia Oil Co.
30 shares Monongahela Navigation Co.
40 shares Allegheny Insurance Co.
10 shares Cash Insurance Co.
20 shares Western Insurance Co.
mh21 A. M'ILWAINE, Auctioneer.

BY A. LEGGATE.
GROCERY STOCK AND FIXTURES AT AUCTION.—Will be sold, on WEDNESDAY, March 25th, at 10 o'clock, at J. B. Dalzell's Store, Diamond, Allegheny, the entire stock of superior quality of Groceries, Fixtures, Tea Canisters, Platform and Counter Scales, Scoops, Measures, &c. The particular attention of the trade is invited to the superior qualities of Teas, of which there is a considerable stock.
A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.
mh21 159 Federal street, Allegheny.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, for the Western District of Pennsylvania, 533 in Bankruptcy. In the matter of JOHN W. O'BRIEN, WILLIAM H. STIMPLE and ALEXANDER BERRYHILL, partners as O'Brien, Stimple & Co., Bankrupts.

Western District of Pennsylvania, ss: A warrant in Bankruptcy has been issued by said Court against the estate of John W. O'Brien, William H. Stimple and Alexander Berryhill, partners as O'Brien, Stimple & Co., of the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, in said District adjudged Bankrupts upon petition of John W. O'Brien and William H. Stimple, partners, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupts, to them, or to their use, and the transfer of any property by them, are forbidden by law. A meeting of the Creditors of said Bankrupts, to prove their debts and choose one or more Assignees of their Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 93 Diamond street, Pittsburgh, in said District, on the 15th day of April, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the office of SAMUEL HARPER, Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy of said District.
THOMAS ROWLEY,
mh21 U. S. Marshal for said District

WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, ss.—At the City of Pittsburgh, the 14th of March, 1868.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of BENJAMIN F. CRISWELL, of the city of Philadelphia, late of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District.
JOHN H. BAILEY, Assignee,
mh16:m81:M Att'y at Law, 89 Grant street.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT OF PENNSYLVANIA.
HARRISBURG, DEC. 18, 1867.

NOTICE TO THE HOLDERS
OF THE
LOANS
OF THE
Commonwealth of Pennnsylvania,
DUE JULY 1ST, 1868.

THE FOLLOWING LOANS
Due July 1st, 1868,
WILL BE REDEEMED, WITH INTEREST, TO DATE OF PAYMENT, ON THE PRESENTATION AT THE
FARMERS' & MECHANICS' NATIONAL BANK,
OF
PHILADELPHIA, VIZ:
Loan of March 27th, 1839, due July 1st 1868.
Loan of July 19th, 1839, due July 1st, 1868.
INTEREST ON THE ABOVE LOANS WILL CEASE ON THE 1ST OF JULY, 1868.
FRANCIS JORDAN, Sec'y State.
JOHN F. HARTRANT, Aud. Gen.
W. H. KEMBLE, State Treas'r.
Commissioners of Sinking Fund.

SUPPLIES FOR WATER WORKS
CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, March 16, 1868.
SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until TUESDAY, 24th inst., at 4 o'clock P. M., for furnishing the Allegheny Water Works during the current year with the following supplies, to-wit:
WATER PIPE, BRANCHES AND SLEEVES of the following diameters, viz.: 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12 inches. Also
STOP COCKS, FIRE PLUGS, AND MISCELLANEOUS CASTINGS,
ALSO,
ALL THE STOP COCK AND FIRE PLUG BOXES AND FERRULES REQUIRED DURING THE YEAR.
Also, all the COAL required during the year, to be of the best quality of nut, and to be delivered in the yard of the Water Works.
All of the above supplies to be delivered at such times and places as the Superintendent of the Works may direct.
Separate bids are required for each of the foregoing articles; also separate bids for each of water pipe.
Specifications for the above can be had at the office of the Superintendent, Wm. Paul, Jr., or at the office of the City Controller.
The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.
Proposals will also be received at the same time for doing the HAULING required by the Water Works during the year. R. B. FRANCIS,
mh16:m82 City Controller.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER,
Pittsburgh, March 8th, 1868.
PROPERTY OWNERS
ON FIFTH STREET,
Between Market and Smithfield streets, are requested to put in all pipes connecting with the Sewer, Water or Gas Pipes,
BEFORE THE 10TH OF APRIL,
After which date no permits will be granted for opening said street.
mh19: H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

Financial Matters in New York.

Gold Closed at 139@139¼.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, March 21, 1868.

MONEY AND GOLD.

Money is a shade easier at 7 per cent. on call loans. Sterling firm at 9 1-4a9 5-8, gold, for first class bills. Gold is firmer, opening at 138 3-4 and closing at 139a139 1-8.

GOVERNMENTS.

Government stocks are a shade firmer. Henry, Clews & Co furnish the annexed 4:30 quotations: Coupons of '81, 111 1-8a111 3-8; do of '62, 110 1-4a110 1-2; do of '64, 108a108 1-4; do of '65, 108 1-4a108 3-8; do new, 107 1-8a107 1-4; do of '67, 107 3-8a107 1-2. Ten-Forties, 101 1-8. Seven-Thirties, 106 1-8 a106 3:8.

BANK STATEMENT.

Loans, $261,416,900; decrease, $5,399,134. Specie, $15,944,309; decrease, $100,833. Circulation, $32,212,571; decrease, $810. Deposits, $191,191,526; decrease. $996,944. Legal Tenders, $52,261,086; decrease, $2,477,080.

STOCKS.

The railway market opened strong, Central selling to 127 and Erie 72 1-8, but the advance was subsequently lost and the market, though generally steady, closed rather lower. There was no excitement in Erie, the expectation being that the bill now before the Legislative Committee of Assembly will pass and the Vanderbilt interest be defeated.

The following are the closing prices at 5:30 P. M.: Canton, 46 3-4a47; Cumberland, 33½a35; Wells Express, 34 1-4a35; American 68a69; Adams, 74¼a74 5-8; United States, 69¼a70½; Merchants' Union, 34¾a35; Quicksilver, 20 3-4a21; Mariposa, 6a7; Pacific Mail, $1,09 3-4a1,10; Atlantic, 9 1-4a9½; Western Union, 2,34a2,34 1-4; New York Central, 123 1-4a124 3-8; Erie, 71 1-8a71 3-8; Hudson, 139 1-8; Reading, 91 1-4a91¼; Ohio and Mississippi, 29 3-4a30; Wabash, 49 3-4a 50; St. Paul, 54½a55; do preferred, 69 3-4a 70; Michigan Southern, 87¾a87½; Illinois Central, 138½; Pittsburgh, 91 1-4; Toledo, 104 1-4a104½; Rock Island, 93 1-4a93½; North Western, 63a65; do preferred 74¼a 74 5-8; Fort Wayne 102 1-4a102¾; Hartford and Erie, 13 3-4; Hannibal and St. Joseph preferred, 82½; Columbus, 105; Painesville, 99 3-8; Missouris, 78; New Tennessees; 65 3-4;

MINING SHARES

Dull; Quartz Hill, 110a115; Gregory, 350;

SUB TREASURY

Receipts, $1,983,073; for the week, $12,780,989; payments to-day, $2,987,500; for week, $18,293,198; balance, $99,831,335. Shipment specie to-day, $72,100; for the week, $272,502. Imports for the week, in dry goods, $1,568,530; general merchandise, $6,007,587.

New York Produce Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, March 23.—Cotton steady—only a moderate business; sales of 1,900 bales at 24 1-2a25c. for middling uplands. Flour—receipts, 994 bbls.; market dull and drooping without any change in prices; sales of 5,300 bbls. and 1,400 sks. Rye flour unchanged; sales of 200 bbls. Wheat; none; 1a2c. better; sales of 15,500 bush. No. 1 spring at $2,48. delivered; 260 do. white California at $3,20. Rye is quiet and unchanged. Barley is scarce and firm; sales of 1,000 bush. at $3,15. Barley malt is quiet; sales of 900 bush. Canada West at $2,20. Receipts—Corn,3,900 bush. Corn 1a2c. better; sales of 55,000 bush. at $1,24a1,28 for new mixed western afloat; $1,20a1,25 for white southern and western; $1,26a1,28 for southern and western yellow. Receipts—oats; none; dull and nominal at 82 1-2a83c. for western in store. Coal is unchanged. Wool is quiet and firm; sales of 300,000 lbs. at 42a57 1-5 for domestic fleece; Leather—hemlock sole without any change in price. Coffee is firmer. Sugar is unchanged; sales of 900 hhds. Cuba at 10 5-8a11 3-4c. Molasses moderately active; sales of 536 hhds. at 45c. Hops very quiet and steady at 10a55c for American. Petroleum steady, at 13c for crude and 25½c for refined bonded. Pork opened firmer and closed heavy; sales of 1,750 bbls, at $24,85a25,00 for new mess, closing at $24,90 regular; $23,50a23,62 for old, closing at $23,55 cash; $20a20,75 for prime, and $22,50a22,75 for prime mess; also 1,000 bbls new mess, at $25,00 for sellers for April and $25,62 for buyers for May. Beef firm but quiet; sales of 380 bbls, at $14a20 for plain mess and $19,50a23,75 for new extra mess; also 85 tierces, at $33a37 for prime mess and $38a40 for India mess. Beef Hams firm, sales of 235 bbls at $36a40. Bacon quiet and steady; sales 200 boxes, at 12c for Cumberland cut and 13¼c for short ribbed. Cut Meats dull; sales of 270 pkgs, at 10¾a11c for shoulders and 14a15½c for hams. Dressed Hogs nominal at 11a12c for western and 11¾a13c for city. Butter steady, at 30a40c for Ohio and 45a60c for State. Cheese firm at 12a16¼c. Freights to Liverpool dull and drooping.

LATEST.—Flour closed dull and 50c lower, with only a limited demand for local trade. Wheat firmer, with a moderate demand for export and home use. Rye nominally unchanged. Corn steady at $1,26a1,28 for new mixed western afloat, and $1,28 for old mixed western in store. Pork very quiet, with buyers of new mess at $24,90; regular, seller, at $24,95. Beef quiet and firm. Cut Meats dull and unchanged. Bacon quiet and steady at 12c for Cumberland cut. Lard very firm at 16 1-2a17c for fair to prime.

Cincinnati Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, March 21.—Flour unchanged at $10,75a11,00 for family. Wheat dull and unchanged. Corn in fair demand at 86c for ear or shelled. Oats dull at 69c; buyers do not offer better than 68c. Rye, $1,75a1,78. Barley scarce and wanted; prices are higher; choice fall sold at $2,85. Cotton dull and prices nominal; middling can be bought at 26c; nothing doing. Tobacco dull, but prices are not lower; sales 98 hhds. Hay dull; large receipts; prices $1 lower; prime timothy $14,00a15 on arrival. Potatoes scarce and higher; peach blows, $3,50a3,65, and neshannocks $4,25a4,50. Provisions buoyant and prices generally higher. Mess Pork held at $24,75a25,00. Bulk Meats, 10¾ 12c; holders asking 1-8c higher. Bacon in active demand, both from New Orleans and St. Louis; sales 200 hhds at 11¼c for shoulders; 14a14½c for clear rib and clear sides; holders asked a further advance at the close. Lard in good demand at 16c, but it was met rather freely at this rate by holders at the close. Butter scarce and firm at 48a52c. Eggs, 23c. Coffee firm at 21a26c. Sugar unchanged and quiet. Linseed Oil dull at $1,18. Petroleum dull at 40a42c; holders anxious to get out of stock of free before the change in the tax law. Lard Oil firm at $1,25a1,30. Clover Seed quiet at $13,50; Timothy dull at $2,35a2,45. Gold, 138½ buying, and 139 selling.

Toledo Market.

[By Telegraph to Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TOLEDO, March 21.—Flour; receipts of 1,191 bbls; the market is quiet. Wheat; receipts of 1,900 bush; the market is quiet and firm. Corn; receipts of 4,875 bush; the market opened 2c aud closed 1 1-2c better; sales of No 1 at 93 1-2a94c; sellers all June at 95c; buyers for all April at 96. Oats; sales of 1,250 bush; the market is 1-2c better; No 1 at 67a67 1-2. Rye scarce. Seeds quiet and unchanged.

San Francisco Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, March 21.—Breadstuffs dull and the prices are unchanged. Mining shares market quotations sustained. Crown Point 32,00; Ophir 200; Hale and Norcross 27,50; Yellow Jacket 13,50; Belcher 390; Bullion 65; Kentuck 400; Imperial 260; Savage 150; Amador 200; Overman 170; new issue Alpha consolidated 75 per share. Legal Tenders 72.

Buffalo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BUFFALO, March 21.—Flour quiet. Wheat dull; car lots No. 1 Milwaukee $2,10. Corn quiet; 2 cars new on track at $1,10a1,11. Rye—none here. Mess Pork firm, asking $25 for heavy. Lard firm, at 16a16½c. Barley dull and unchanged.

Chicago Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, March 21.—Flour; holders firm and the market less active. Wheat 2a2 1-2c higher; No. 1 sold at $2,02a2,03 for regular, and $2,04a2,05 for fresh receipts; sales of No. 2 at $1,92 1-2a1,93 1-2, closing firm at outside prices. Corn opened firmer and 1-2a1c higher, with early sales of new at 82 3-4a83c for regular, and 84a84 1-2c for fresh receipts, closing firm. Oats firmer and 1-2a3-4c higher; sales at 59 1-2a60c for fresh, and 51 1-2a57 3-4c for regular receipts. Rye very dull and nearly nominal at $1,60a1,62 for No. 1, and $1,58a1,60 for No. 2. Barley very firm and 2a3c higher; sales No. 2 in store at $2,50; rejected is held at $2,25a 2,30; sample lots steady at $2,25a2,50 for fair to good. Pork products are held firmer; mess pork sold at $23,62 1-2a24; prime mess steady and firm at $21. Lard firmer and 1-4c higher; sales at 16c. Cut meats firmer; sales of shoulders at 10 1-4c for loose to buyer for April; rough sides, 11 3-4c; sweet pickled hams firmer at 15c. Dressed hogs dull and nominal at 9a10c. Live hogs more active and firm at $7a7,75 for medium to fair; $8a9 for good to extra prime. Beef cattle quiet at $7a8,50 for good to choice shipping steers. Receipts—5,559 bbls flour; 4,002 bush wheat, 18,280 do corn; 8,437 do oats, 131 dressed hogs; 3,592 live do. Shipments—6,163 bbls flour; 3,455 bush wheat; 1,098 do corn; 8,850 do oats; 5,977 live hogs.

St. Louis Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, March 21.—Tobacco active and unchanged. Cotton 22¼a23c for middling. Flour quiet and business small at unchanged prices. Wheat stiffer and better grades of fall higher; prime to choice red $2,65a 2,73; choice white held at $2,80; prime to to choice spring sold at $2,5a1,15. Corn unchanged at 87a90c for shelled, and 77a80c for ear. Oats are firmer at 73a76c. Barley in demand. Rye firmer at $1,73a 1,75. Pork firmer and better at $24,50a25,00. Bacon stiff and active at 11½c for shoulders; clear rib sides 14¼a14½c; clear sides on spot 15c; for June delivery 15¾c. Bulk Meats steady; loose rib sides sold at Peoria for 11½c. Lard advanced to 15¾a16c for tierce, and 16½c for country kegs. Receipts—Flour, 2,200 bbls; wheat, 4,300 bush; corn, 7000 bush; oats 6000 bush; barley, 3,200 bush.

Cleveland Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CLEVELAND, March 21.—Flour steady and firm, with a fair jobbing trade; double extra spring at $10a11,25; double extra red winter at $11,50a13,50; double extra white at $13a13,50. Wheat quiet and unchanged, and held at $2,58a2,62 for No. 1 red and amber; $2,45 for No. 2 do.; $2,30 for No. 1 Milwaukee spring. Corn in better demand and unchanged; sales on the spot and balance of the month at $1 for No. 1 shelled. Oats in more inquiry and the market firm; No. 1 State held at 70c from the store. Rye stock is light and the market quiet but firm, and held at $1,55a1,60. Barley—none on the market but would command $2,50a2,60. Petroleum market steady and firm for refined at 22a23c in bond; 42a44c free; crude firmer and better, and held at $3,90a4.

Louisville Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette]

LOUISVILLE, March 21.—Sales 202 hhds tobacco at full rates; lugs 5a6c, medium leaf 13a14c, selections 20c. Cotton 22¾a23c. Flour—superfine $7,50a8,75, fancy $12,50a13. Wheat $2,45a2,50. Corn 78a80c. Oats 68a 70c. Lard 15¾a16c for tierces. Mess Pork $24,50a25. Bacon—shoulders 11½c; clear sides 13¾c. Whisky—free $2,20.

Memphis Market.

[By Telegraph to Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, March 21.—Cotton is dull and nominal; Receipts of 343 bales. Flour is quiet; superfine, $8,00a9,00. Pork is $25,00. Bacon and Shoulders are 12c. Clear Sides, 15 1-2c. Bulk Shoulders, 11c, Clear Sides, in bulk, 14 1-4c. Lard, 16a16 1-2c. Corn, 75c. Oats, 80c. Hay, $17,00 per ton. Bran $35,00 per ton.

Philadelphia Market

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, March 21.—Petroleum, crude 16 1-2a16 3-4, refined in bond at 24 3-4 a25c. Flour firmer, north western extra family $10a11,50. Wheat steady. red $2,60a 2,90, white $3,00a3,30. Rye $1,85. Corn dull, yellow $1,16a1,17. Oats dull at 80a 85c. Mess Pork held at $25,50a25,75. Lard 16 3-4.

Milwaukee Market.

[By Telegraph ta the Pittsburgh Gazete.]

MILWAUKEE, March 21.—Flour dull and unchanged, Wheat is 1c better but quiet, at $1,95 for No 1 and $1,90 for No 2. Corn is 1c lower at 83c. Rys steady at $1,59. Receipts—500 bbls flour; 3,400 bush wheat. Shipments—2,000 bbls flour.

St. Louis Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, March 21.—Choice Cattle scarce and in good demand; common dull and prices range at 4¾a5c gross. Sheep inactive at $2,50a2,60 per head.

RIVER NEWS.

Both rivers continne to recede steadily at this point, with eleven feet in the Allegheny and ten feet in the Monongahela. The weather yesterday was clear and pleasant, and the most prominent streets were crowded with people during the afternoon.

The Kate Putnam and Tennessee are the only transient arrivals we have to report. The Putnam looks as natural as ever, and will at once commence loading for St. Louis and Illinois River. The Tennessee was formerly the Exchange, an old Pittsburgh boat, built several years since by Captain John Anawalt. It will be remembered that during the rebellion she was seized by the rebels on the Lower Ohio, who, after burning the cotton she had on board, released her.

The Kate Robinson, for Cincinnati and Louisville; Yorktown, for Fort Benton, and Lorena, for St. Louis, cleared on Saturday with excellent trips—all loaded down, and pretty well filled with passengers.

The J. N. McCullough arrived from Parkersburg, and will clear again as usual today at noon. The McCullough is in all respects one of the best boats that we have.

Captain J. G. Saint, an old and well-known steamboatman, has purchased a farm near Salem, Ohio, and will move to it with his family in thr course of a few days. Captain Saint has concluded to abanden the river entirely and turn his attention to farming. We wish him success in his new avocation.

It is rumored that Capt. John Noss, late of the Importer, is about closing a contract for a twelve hundred ton freight boat. She is to be ready for the fall trade.

Capt. Hall, of the Tennessee, is an old newspaper man, having published a paper at Lawrenceburg, Indiana, and he also at one time published the Evansville *Enquirer*. He is a practical printer, and for many years worked at a case, and it is said that in his day he could put up about as many ems as the next one. His boat leaves today for St. Louis.

The Wauanita, Captain Shuman, is filling up rapidly for the Missouri river, and will soon be ready to take her departure. The America, Captain Poe, is up for Nashville; Argosy, Captain Vandergrift, for Cincinnati; Messenger, Captain Jesse Dean, for Upper Mississippi; Wild Duck and barges, Captain Anawalt, for St. Louis; R. C. Gray, Captain Anderson, for Memphis and Orleans; and Andrew Ackley, Captain Bolle, for Fort Benton.

A St. Louis telegram says: "Every hour requisitions are expected from Washington for shipments of freight by the Kountz line."

The Armenia and Glendale left Cincinnati for Pittsburgh on Friday.

The St. Louis *Dispatch* says: The numerous boats contemplating a trip to the mountains, should get together and adjust matters so that they will not continue to cut one another's throats as they have been doing so far. Let it be ascertained how low boats can afford to do business for; establish a fair rate and live up to it. The idea of a boat making a trip to Benton some 3,000 miles, with the positive knowledge of losing money before they start is a together wrong. Yet we understand such is the case with quite a number. There can certainly be no fun in running a steamboat with all its attehding risks for fun.

A late St. Louis paper says: The mountain or Upper Missouri river trade is becoming woefully demoralized, and several of the best boats are withdrawing, and abandoning the idea of making the trip. It is positively stated that several boats within the past week have made contracts at a rate that will not admit of even the posibility of their coming out even, under the most favorable circumstances. It appears to be a perfect scramble among the boats, many of which are so eager to secure a cargo, as to loose sight altogether of whether it will pay or not.

The Cincinnati *Gazette*, of Friday, says: Jacob Birnbaum was nominated for wharf master at the Union Convention, on Wednesday. David Blashford is a candidate for wharf master, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention. He is an old river man. John Kennedy, an old barkeeper, and formerly on the Emma Floyd, was buried at Newport yesterday. He died of pneumonia at Louisville, and his body was brought here on the Mail boat for interment.

A St. Louis telegram, under date of Thursday, says: Arrived: Maggie Hays, from Pittsburgh; Lexington, from Vicksburg; Olive Branch, from New Orleans. Departed: Columbia, for Omaha; Andy Johnson, for Keokuk; Illinois, for Peoria. The river is about stationary. Weather clear and cool. Business brisk. The Success, Mile and Deer Lodge will leave for Fort Benton on Saturday or Sunday, all well laden, and other boats will soon follow It is qnite probable that all large boats, including the Atlantic line, will soon combine and run under a uniform arrangement with a view of competing with the barge company in freights.

The Vicksburg *Times*, of 13th, says: 'Squire Diamond, of Marianna, who was shot on the down trip of the Mollie Hambleton by Mr. J. C. Berry, of Walnut Bend, is still alive with some chance of recovery. The ball entered his back and lodged somewhere in his right breast. Berry was more injured than he was, and, being an older man, man not get over it so easily. He was beaten with a key guard. The difficulty between the gentlemen is said to have been one of many years standing.

The Cairo correspondent of the Cincinnati *Commercial*, writes as follows: Although eight steamers arrived here yesterday, not one arrived after 11 a. m. Those eight were consequently reported in my letter of yesterday. The remainder of the day was devoted, in marine circles, exclusively to watching the Great Republic slowly settling deeper into the water from the freight which was rapidly put on board. She departed at dark, nearly full of both freight and people. Her officers advertise her to make semi-monthly trips between St. Louis and New Orleans, but if she does it with the extraordinary amount of way freight which she has now on hand, she will prove herself faster, even than she is well known to be. If she succeeds, it will give the lie to the strictures of the Vicksburg paper in regard to the capacity of her officers. If she fails—how then?

A Louisville telegram, under date of Thursday, says: The Darling, Armenia, and Emma Floyd, with wooden chimneys, and Anna, passed up, and the Silver Moon down. The towboat Star, with a tow of coal, arrived from Pittsburgh. The Little Condor, from Pomeroy, and Charley Bowen; from the Kanawha, passed down from the Kanawha. The low-pressure Richmond, from New Orleans, passed Paducah this forenoon. The Emma Floyd reports that the Indiana only lost a jackstaff in the storm. The Morning Star repaired her damages, and was in port and returned to Evansville.

The Wheeling *Intelligencer*, of Friday, says: The large towboat, Coal Valley, met with a slight accident yesterday while lowering her chimneys to pass under the bridge. They came down with a crach, but as the boat did not land, we are unable to tell the amount of damage done.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, March 18.—4 cars metal, Bryan & Caughey; 8 do do, Nimick & Co; 2 do do, John Moorhead; 4 do do, Jas Wood, Son & Co; 2 do do, Pittsburgh Forge & Iron Co; 100 bbls flour, J B Doe; 200 do do, Culp & Shepard; 1000 pigs lead, Fahnestock, Haslett & Co; 1 car middlings, H Conrad; 50 tes hams, Jas Lippincott; 800 bbls flour, owner; 19 hf bbls butter, Voigt & Co; 4 cks pearlash, J B Canfield & Son; 100 hides, Hays & Stewart; 100 bbls flour, Shomaker & Lang; 100 do do, S Lindsay Jr & Co; 2 pkgs butter, W H Graff; 5 do do, Graff & Reiter; 5 bales broom corn, McElroy & Co; 22 bxs cheese, John Daub; 7 bbls oil, 3 do japan, B L Fahnestock & Co; 24 sks rye, D Wallace; 31 bales wool, Wm Barker Jr & Co; 1 bbl eggs, Seghmyer & Voskamp; 3 bbls eggs, 1 bx butter, Vangorder & Shepard; 8 sacks cloverseed, S Dyer; 6 bbls apples, 4 pkgs butter, 4 kegs apple butter, W H Graff; 18 do do, Voigt & Co; 13 sks rags, Markle & Co; 10 bdls brooms, J C Gaston; 28 boxes cheese, W H Kirkpatrick & Co; 28 do do, H Riddle; 34 sks rags, McCullough, Smith & Co; 1 bbl whisky, Jos S Finch.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, March 21—5 cars ore, Bryan & Caughey; 1 do lumber, Millinger & Bidwell; 101 bbls lime, T A Evans & Co; 4 do do, Atterberry & Co; 29 do do, Johnson, King & Co; 10 do do, Adams & Co; 25 do do, Campbell, Jones & Co; 1 saw, Lippincott & Co; 16 bxs cheese W H Kirkpatrick & Co; 1 car stone, Jno L Knox; 100 bbls oil, Wm McCutcheon; 2 bbl dry apples, 1 bbl 1 kg lard, J Russell & Son; 1 bbl dry peaches, J S Dilworth & Co; 10 kgs pearl barley, E Heazleton; 10 do do, 400 sks flour, Seghmyer & Voskamp; 38 sacks rye, W S Meek; 3 rolls leather, G N Hoffstott; 7 sks rags, McCullough, Smith & Co; 307 do corn, R Knox Jr; 2 cars fire brick, Zug & Co; 2 kgs apple butter, 3 bbls potatoes, W H Graff; 23 jugs molasses, Voigt & Co; 6 bbls apples, 9 do potatoes, Head & Metzgar.

PITTSBURGH COLUMBUS AND CINCINNATI RAILROAD, March 21.—15 bbls whisky, Costetter & Smith; 1 caddy tobacco, J S Dilworth & Co; 6 sks rye, 1 bx bacon, F G Craighead; 2 bbls eggs, S Cooper; 25 sacks grain, Robt Herron; 170 do rye, W J Meek; 50 bbls flour, Seghmyer & Voskamp; 15 bxs starch, Strickler & Morlege; 25 pkgs tobacco, W L Jones; 10 do do, E Megraw; 10 do do, Knox & Orr; 10 do do, Carter, McGrew; 2 hhds do, Boyle & Co; 42 tes lard, F Sellers & Co.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, March 21.—3 cars metal, John Moorhead; 1 do do, Rees, Graff & Dull; 4 rolls leather, Seibert & Berg; 17 bgs rye, S B Floyd & Co; 10 cars railroad iron, P, C & C R R; 12 bgs potatoes, A W Maddleness; 1 car metal, Union Iron Mills; 58 sks rye, Dan Wallace; 2 cars limestone, Shoenberger & Blair; 1 pkg eggs, Scott & Gisal.

ALLEGHENY STATION, March 21.—2 cars staves, Ralya & Robertson; 1 do do, J M Hemphill; 9 bbls cornmeal, Hippley & Miller; 30 sks flaxseed, Ewer & Hamilton; 21 sks rye, J B McKee; 80 do do, Lacock & McElwaine; 105 sks corn, Rose & Ewing.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD, March 21.—2 bbls flour, Gwyne & S Stoneman; 90 bdls paper, Markle & Co; 20 bbls flour, Dillinger & Stevenson; 101 bush oats, Watt & Wilson; 18 kgs nails, Whitmore, Wolfe & Co; 60 bbls cement, J S Dilworth & Co.

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FOR ST. LOUIS, KEOKUK, GALENA, DUBUQUE AND ST. PAUL.—The fine passenger steamer
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ARGOSY .....Capt. VANDERGRIFT,
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mh21 JOHN FLACK.

FOR CAIRO AND MEMPHIS.—The steamer
R. C. GRAY.....Capt. W. B. ANDERSON,
Will leave as above on THIS DAY, at 4 P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
mh18 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

FOR NASHVILLE.—The fine steamer
AMERICA.....Capt. ADAM POE,
Will leave as above on THIS DAY, at 4 P. M.
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Or, J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

FOR MONTANA, FORT BENTON AND THE GOLD MINES.—The fine new steamer
ANDREW ACKLEY.....Capt. GARRETT BOLIE,
Will leave for above ports on THIS DAY. The above boat is entirely new, was built expressly for that trade, and has the Government contracts.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
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FOR MISSOURI RIVER DIRECT.—FOR LEAVENWORTH, KANSAS CITY, ATCHISON, ST. JOSEPH AND OMAHA.—The splendid steamer
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FOR CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS.—The steamer
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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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MONDAY, MARCH 23, 1868.

We print on the inside pages of this morning's GAZETTE: *Second page—Ephemeris and Selections: Third page—New York Financial Matters, Telegraph Markets, and River News. Sixth page—City Financial Matters, Produce and Petroleum Markets. Seventh page—Amusement Directory, French Opinion of Alabama Claims, &c.*

GOLD closed on Saturday in New York at 139@139¼.

A NEW YORK journal intimates that the Erie railway difficulties are rapidly approaching a compromise and surrender. On the other hand, it appears that a bill has passed the New Jersey legislature, legalizing and confirming the removal, by Mr. DREW, of the company's office to that State.

THE PRESIDENT files his answer to-day, to the articles of impeachment. It is understood that, unless some unexpected reason should appear for a longer delay, the Managers will put in their replication to-morrow. They will avoid the bad example of Mr. Johnson in interposing any needless delays.

WE FIND in Washington despatches numerous announcements, each purporting to be from proper "authority," that the Supreme Court will withhold its decision npon the McArdle case, in view of the recent passage of a bill repealing their jurisdiction. Before many days we shall be better able to judge of the correctness of these intimations.

FROM the official report of the Attorney General it appears that the President has pardoned and let loose upon the community not less than ninety-two counterfeiters, who had been duly convicted and sentenced during the last eighteen months. It is really not surprising, with such an exhibition of Executive lenity, that this peculiar description of offense against the laws should have become, as it has, so alarmingly prevalent.

ALTHOUGH news from Japan would seem to indicate an outbreak of the old hostility of the natives to foreigners, yet it is not believed that the acts of violence reported as having occasioned the flight of all the Europeans from the new ports recently opened, were anything more than accidental in their nature. Both the old and the new governments avow their respect for the treaties, and the reported aggressions will doubtless be disavowed and reparation offered.

A LETTER FROM J. N. PURVIANCE, Esq., to the Butler (Pa.) *Press* reports the result of an interview between that gentleman and J. EDGAR THOMPSON, Esq., of the Pennsylvania Central railway. Mr. THOMPSON informed him that it was "a fixed fact that a railroad would be made to Butler. Work will be commenced next fall and it is the intention to finish it next year." We congratulate our Butler friends upon the prospect that their long-delayed hopes and wishes are at last to be realized.

THE deaths of a mother and a brother of Major Gen. HALLECK are recently announced. Mrs. HALLECK died at Western, New York, on the 20th inst., at the age of seventy-three years, and the Utica *Herald*, in recording her decease, pays a high and deserved tribute to the virtues and christian graces of her long and useful life. The brother, A. J. HALLECK, was lost in the burning of the steamer Charleston off our Southern coast in December last. He was a citizen of California, and the press of that State have very generally expressed the public regret at his loss.

WE have reason to hope that Congress will judiciously, and at an early day, dispose of the matter of reconstruction in Alabama, by adopting either Mr. POLAND's bill or some measure of a kindred character. That bill provides for ordering a new election and submitting the same instrument to the people, under the majority rule which has now been legalized. It would be still better to re-assemble the Convention and give its members an opportunity to revise one or two clauses which, as they now stand in the proposed Constitution, have been generally considered unwise. But this may not be practicable, while there could be no just cause for complaint in the adoption of the instrument by such a large majority as it is sure of having among the legal voters.

THE TAX ON PETROLEUM.

We print elsewhere the memorial to Congress, prepared by a Committee under the instructions of the National Convention of the Petroleum trade recently held in this city. The document is an able and urgent exposition of the just claims of that great interest upon the considerate action of Congress, presenting the present grievances in a strong and clear light, and fully establishing a claim not only to such a reduction of the tax upon the refined products as the other day met the approval of the Senate, but also to the continued exemption of the crude article from any tax whatever. As the House has not yet acted upon the Senate amendments to the pending bill, the memorial is a most seasonable document just now; it is especially so in view of the movement which is alleged to be on foot for restoring the tax upon the crude article. We trust no such injustice will have the countenance of Congress.

THE CASE REVIEWED.

The editor-in-chief of the GAZETTE has been away from his post, and out of the Commonwealth, for a month past. This absence covers the period occupied by the sittings of the Republican State Convention, and the discussions engendered by its action. We deem it not irrelevant or untimely, to review to some extent the doings of that body, and to express our judgment thereupon.

The Convention was called to nominate candidates for Auditor General and Surveyor General, and to designate delegates at large to the National Republican Convention to be held at Chicago in May next. These objects were expressed in the Call for the Convention issued by the State Central Committee. Of course, we do not maintain that the Convention derived its power from the Call, or that the State Committee was competent to bind or restrict the Convention. Neither of those positions are tenable. The Convention, composed of delegates duly chosen, was an independent body, deriving its just powers from the respective constituencies, subject to usage, which is the common law of political parties. Hence the Convention did not exceed its prerogatives in expressing a preference for General GRANT as the candidate for President, or for Mr. CURTIN as the candidate for Vice President. Such expression of preference is customary, and the State Committee could not restrain or compel expression by any phraseology employed in the summons for the Convention to convene. All that the Committee was fairly empowered to do was to name the place and time for the meeting of delegates. What it would do, or refrain from doing, was for the Convention itself to decide, in view both of precedent and a sound expediency.

In declaring for Gen. GRANT as the presidential nominee, the Convention followed not only an unbroken line of precedents, but unquestionably gave utterance to the almost unanimous sentiment of the Republicans of Pennsylvania. In designating Mr. CURTIN as its choice for Vice President the Convention followed the lines both of its prerogative and duty. A large majority of the Republicans of this Commonwealth hold Mr. CURTIN in the very highest esteem, and are anxious to restore him to public life, and in the highest attainable position. This feeling for him has been disclosed in every appeal to the popular judgment since the close of his gubernatorial term. No other citizen of the State has a hold equal to his upon the confidence—nay, the affections—of the masses of the people of this Commonwealth.

But, when the Convention went farther than to express its preference, and proceeded to instruct the district delegates to vote for Mr. CURTIN, as a unit, in the Chicago Convention, it arrrogated powers which did not belong it, and which made it a transgressor. In most of the districts, the delegates had been previously appointed, and in a manner consistent with former usage. Many of the District Conferences had instructed their delegates; and these instructions the delegates were bound in honor to obey.

Nor did the Convention stop with this usurpation of authority. It asserted for itself the right to appoint all the district delegates. This it did in a peculiar manner, adopting all who had been appointed in the several districts, and known to be favorable to Mr. CURTIN, and rejecting those who were certain not to vote for him. If the districts had moved without authority in the appointment of delegates, and had in so doing impinged on the clear rights of the Convention, that body would have best maintained its dignity by discarding all local action in the way of making delegates, and in proceeding as though its right had not been challenged. In adopting all the friends of Mr. CURTIN, appointed in the districts, and in rejecting his opponents, a motive was disclosed which dispassionate men will not approve.

Doubtless, it is true that in many of the States it is the custom to select the delegates to the National Convention in State Convention. Where the right of selection is conceded to the State Convention, the right of instruction necessarily follows. Such is not the rule among the Republicans of Pennsylvania; and the assumption of it by the late Convention may be resisted in a way damaging to Mr. CURTIN and to the harmony of the party for years to come.

In the State Convention of 1860 the friends of Gen. CAMERON attempted to force this same rule into effect for his benefit. They constituted a decided majority, but they quailed at last before the firm attitude of Mr. MCCLURE, Mr. MANN, Mr. DARLINGTON, Mr. MARSHALL, and other leaders of the minority. So far did most of the minority go on that occasion that they drew up a formal protest against the adoption of the rule, meaning, in case it should prevail, to present the protest, withdraw from the Convention, and secure the selection of a full set of delegates from the respective districts to the National Convention. That protest was placed in our hands for presentation when the proper time should arrive, and in our hands it still remains.

Have any of these gentlemen forgotten what they then said and did? What has rendered the rule they then denounced as extraordinary and inadmissable, if not monstrous, acceptable and excellent? Surely the fact that their condition has shifted from minority to majority will not suffice to make what was before wrong, in an almost superlative degree, now incontestibly right.

It cannot be doubted but the high-handed assumptions of Gen. CAMERON's friends, in the State Convention of 1860, contributed to his defeat in the National Convention. Delegates representing the minority were exasperated, and refused to vote for him, when they probably would have done so had they not become embittered. Then the opposition to him here at home was magnified out of due proportion, the contest in the Convention and afterwards giving a color of reasonableness to that view of the situation.

In like manner, the unusual and censurable measures resorted to by the friends of Mr. CURTIN in the recent State Convention to secure for him a united delegation at Chicago will operate disadvantageously to his interests. Delegates, appointed by District Conferences, and rejected by the State Convention, will most likely make an appeal to the Chicago Convention for a recognition of their rights. It is not impossible that nearly a full set of delegates appointed in the several districts will demand admission as the only lawful ones.

We know of gentlemen who were delegates to the National Convention of 1860, and are now delegates again—appointed regularly in their districts, and afterwards accepted by the State Convention—who do not support the action of the latter body. They are opponents now, as they were eight years ago, of General CAMERON, but they feel their honor touched in this matter, and will not enforce on others a rule they rejected indignantly when an effort was made to fasten it on their necks.

From this it is easy to be seen that Mr. CURTIN has been damaged in the house of his friends. In endeavoring to do too much in his behalf, they have done him injury. We have no reason to believe that he inspired, or ever assented to, what was done in this regard. Indeed, evidence is not wanting to show that the action of the State Convention was unpremeditated. The Curtin leaders seem to have found themselves more strongly reinforced than they had anticipated, and in a moment of enthusiasm, forgetting the past and not discerning the possibilities of the future, resolved to make their game doubly certain by shutting out the minority altogether. They cannot do a better service to Mr. CURTIN, or to themselves, or to the Republican party in this Commonwealth, than by backing out of the false position in which they are entangled as speedily and as gracefully as may be in their power.

OUR STATE FINANCES.

The Republicans of Pennsylvania have proved no clearer or prouder title to the confidence of its people, than by their successful management of the finances of the State. Through all the extraordinary emergencies of a protracted war, which for years raged almost on its very borders, even once crossing them to devastate its territory with fire and sword, they neither spared the pecuniary resources of the Commonwealth, nor the blood of its children in the loyal defense of the Union from its enemies. And the patriotic citizens of Pennsylvania, many of them rising superior to the prejudices of partizanship, approved of the energy and promptitude with which their Republican State Government ever faced the public enemies and sustained the Federal power.

Notwithstanding the very unusual demands upon the Treasury, all the maturing obligations of the State, whether incurred during the war or before it, have been promptly met to the last mill. Its war expenditures were currently liquidated, the recurring demands under the pre-existing debt, for interest or principal, have been faithfully discharged, and an economical administration of our internal affairs has enabled us, not only to sustain a large regular annual expenditure, including therein the very considerable amounts which Humanity and a sound public policy have required for the uses of our charitable institutions, but also to carry the sum of two millions of dollars annually to the Sinking Fund which has been wisely established for the ultimate cancellation of our bonded debt. With all this, there has been no increase of the burthen of taxation upon the people, but, on the contrary, two years ago, we were enabled to take off the real-property tax, to that extent diminishing the popular burthen, and justifying the people in confidently anticipating the early approach of that day when Pennsylvania should no longer owe a dollar to foreign or domestic creditors, or need to be taxed therefor.

The settled policy, of the political party to which our Commonwealth has entrusted the control of her affairs, will not be departed from. In no event, can Pennsylvania, now or hereafter, so long as that policy shall be adhered to, find herself in the humiliating position of inability to discharge any of her obligations. And whoever thinks fit to assert that there exists the remotest danger to the contrary, must, to put it mildly, gravely misapprehend the facts. The State now carries, as we have said, the annual sum of two millions, over and above its regular annual expenditures for all purposes, to the Sinking Fund, as above stated. And no measure has been proposed in the present legislature—and which stands the remotest chance of securing its approval—which could, in any event, reduce this *surplus* as low as a million, or even a million and a half. Even if a portion of our present taxes, for example, the tax on net earnings and the personal property tax, were taken off, the corresponding reduction of that surplus could only be some $750,000, the amount which these taxes have hitherto yielded. Of the propriety of removing these taxes, we will not now express an opinion. It is understood, however, that the proceeds of the personal property tax are more likely to be diverted in their application and devoted to the common schools of the State; this would be no relief to the tax-payer, but would, without doubt, be a very commendable step toward the discharge of a public duty which the Commonwealth has too long neglected. But, suppose these taxes to be entirely taken off; it is enough to know that our surplus, even then, would still be at least one and a quarter millions of dollars. But go farther than this. Allow for the two items of increased expenditure to which we have already pledged the Commonwealth, viz: the pensions to the soldiers of the war of 1812, now estimated at $400,000, and the $230,000, which represents our agreement for one per cent. additional interest on the $23,000,000 loan. We do not stop to defend the former item, for we regard it as not a defensible appropriation, upon any considerations of public expediency or duty. The latter item of unavoidable increase of expense is unquestionably justified by ample financial reasons. Add these two items of expenditure, say $630,000, to the $750,000 of income which we would lose by the taxes proposed to be taken off, and we still should have nearly three quarters of a million of dollars of annual surplus in our State Treasury,

The sensational statement, in a journal before us, that "there is every probability that there will be a *deficiency* (our italics) of $884,000 in the finances of Pennsylvania at the end of the fiscal year" is therefore wholly unjustified by the facts. We know whereof we speak, and seize the earliest moment to show the statement quoted to be as unwarranted as it might be mischievous.

The finances of Pennsylvania are sound, and as such they will be maintained. She has met, and that too, in some very dark hours, every dollar of her obligations. She has paid every mill as it fell due and at the same time has carried over a large surplus. She may see fit to reduce this surplus, to some extent, in the interest of the taxpayer, but she will in no degree imperil any financial deficit. She may not think it wise policy to carry over each year a large annual balance, securing no especial advantage thereby, but our friends and our enemies, within the State or without, may depend upon it that Pennsylvania will never be "without a shot in its locker" for its creditors, or shot in its guns for the enemies of the Union.

THE CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY.

The prospects of the Connellsville Railroad Company are particularly bright and rosy. Bursting through the cloud of mischievous and sadly misguided legislation, shaking off as tethers of straw the iron fetters which so long held down its energies and limited its resources, it has suddenly assumed a position of importance, attracting the attention of shrewd capitalists, who now, for the first time, realize that the dream of its future greatness was no overdrawn picture, penciled with beaming brightness by the few earnest and steadfast friends who stood in solid rank for its rights and privileges whilst the heavy hand of proscription laid with crushing weight upon its aims and enterprises. It has come out of the fiery ordeal with new life, strength, vigor and promise. Its glory is dawning.

Baltimore has generously extended the aid asked to complete at once the line of rail from Connellsville to Cumberland, connecting with an unbroken chain of iron the Monumental with the Iron City, and affording a great commercial avenue, studded on the waysides with lands teeming with untold mineral wealth, smiling in agricultural development and richly fringed with wasting timber, and forming a fresh continental artery for the circulation of trade from the populous East to the progressive West and South. Nor have the citizens of Baltimore been mere onlookers. With commendable spirit they came forward and subscribed largely and generously to the new loan thrown on the financial market by the company. In this action their prompt response might not have sprung from pure local pride so much as from their keen appreciation of a safe and remunerative investment. But in either view their timely assistance is none the less commendable.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, one of the wealthiest and best managed corporations of the character in the country, has already manifested its interest in the early completion of the road by a loan of one million dollars, or about one-fourth of the entire sum required. This liberal policy dispels the doubt long held by many well-thinking persons in these parts as to the sincerity of that company towards its weaker and less wealthy ally. That it is to the decided interest of the Baltimore and Ohio road to form speedy connection with the Pittsburgh and Connellsville road, was made strikingly apparent in a recently delivered and able report of President GARRETT, of the former corporation. He fully realized the prosperity that would flow upon his company were it placed in connection with the great railway centre of Pittsburgh, making the grand short pathway to the ocean for the trade of the West, Northwest and South. Immeasurable benefits would follow such alliance to both roads. The freight traffic would be immense. A new outlet to the ocean would be afforded and under Baltimore and Pittsburgh interests would drift for exportation the oils from the Allegheny Valley and West Virginia regions, the heavy manufactures, the mineral and agricultnral wealth of the vast country already placed in direct communication by river and rail with this point. As a matter of prime interest, the Baltimore and Ohio road, with its numerous lateral connections, needs the Connellsville arm to complete its own glory and to advance its own prosperity. It has substantially recognized this fact by its generous subscription to the new loan.

Inasmuch as the heaviest part of the work on the ninety miles to be completed has been almost finished, and as the grades are light and favorable to rapid construction of railway, we feel safe in premising that the work of connecting Pittsburgh with Baltimore will soon be vigorously prosecuted to successful completion, and then will our importance as a city be recognized, making it second to no other distributer of commerce in the country.

THE PRESIDENT has invited his counsel to attend the Cabinet meeting to-morrow to submit their defences,—*Washington dispatch.*

The country has long since understood that the members of the Cabinet and heads of the Executive departments were warmly in sympathy with Mr. JOHNSON, and that they would, individually and collectively, stop at no ordinary degree of personal or official support. But the country will be somewhat astonished to see that the subject of his personal defence, against formal charges preferred by the representatives of the people, before the constitutional tribunal expressly organized for his trial, is thus considered in Cabinet meeting as if it were an affair legitimately concerning the public interests and business. That his lawyers should also be summoned to the council will surprise no one, since his *ad interim* "led captain," THOMAS, has been recognized at the Board. It is only an additional proof that Mr. JOHNSON has the most vaguely indefinite ideas as to any distinctions between his personal feelings and his official responsibilities.

The President's Tactics.

It seems to be agreed that the President purposes meeting the charges of the Impeachment Committee by procrastination. The counts of the indictment upon which he is to be tried have been pretty well known since impeachment was first resolved upon. There is but little controversy as to facts. No intricate points of law or conflicts of testimony are likely to be presented. There is no reason why the trial should not proceed at once. No more time is needed for the preparation of his defense, and if his only anxiety has been throughout what he professes that it has been, to test the constitutionality of a law, and ascertain exactly what authority the Constitution confers upon him, he ought to use every effort to hasten the trial, and have the controversy set at rest. But, far from doing this, he resorts to every legal quibble to postpone the issue. We have all along deprecated undue haste in this important affair. We have urged that both parties should have ample time for preparation, so that no one need hereafter accuse us of acting in the heat of passion. But the President ought not to abuse the popular patience. The line of defense he has chosen—to cavil, object, delay, until the nation grows weary and abandons the whole project—is a proof in itself that he richly deserves removal. If he has his way, the country will be kept for months—perhaps till the end of his term—in the most unfortunate of conditions. Look at the result of his conduct! The Government is in chaos. There are two officers claiming to be Secretary or War, each asserting the right to direct the operations of one of the most important of the executive departments. The army is probably divided in its judgement whom it ought to obey. Now Mr. Johnson is trying to secure the presence in Washington of some prominent General who will be his partisan in any case, and whose reputation may secure the adhesion of a good portion of the rank and file. This is a situation fraught with deadly peril. An accident, a mere trifle, an imprudent word, may whelm us in anarchy. It is the duty of the President to put an end to the suspense from which all this danger springs. He has only to meet his trial boldly and promptly. We have given him all the time he needs, and the Senate will weigh the charges with the calmness and deliberation which ought to be expected from such an august tribunal. But no legal technicalities or subterfuges must be invoked to stave off the trial, and the more Mr. Johnson resorts to them the stronger proof will he give of his bad faith. Let there be justice, but let justice have wings.—*N. Y Tribune.*

Mr. Chase and the Democracy.

The following is translated from the Radical Washington correspondence of the Illinois *Staats Zeitung:*

Such leading spirits of the Democratic party as Jerry Black, Ward L. Lamon, Montgomery Blair and others have done their utmost to make a friend of Mr. Chase. They promised him the support of the whole Democracy if he would consent to become a candidate for the Presidency. I have heard Charley Eldridge, the very wildest Copperhead in the whole House, say that he would vote for Chase, in order to defeat Grant, and the Democrats in general are willing to give Chase the Democratic nomination, if he will only prove to be a decent man in the reconstruction business and in the McArdle case.

But there is another reason for all this. The Democrats of New England, New York and Pennsylvania are the sworn enemies of Mr. Pendleton and of his platform. At the beginning, they thought Johnson, or Judge Field, or Gen. Dix or Hancock might do to kill Pendleton with. They are now aware that neither of them will do, and they hope to kill Grant and Pendleton alike with Chase.

Prize Fighting in Ohio.

The Ohio Legislature, whatever may be thought of some of its recent actions upon political matters, has acted sensibly in passing a severe law against prize fighting, and providing for heavy penalties in imprisonments and fines. Several other States have passed similar laws within the past year, and, if the laws previously in force had been carefully executed, there would certainly have been much less prize fighting than there has been. The passage of a stringent law will not of itself eradicate an evil, but is only one step toward it, and must be followed up with vigorous enforcement. Laws are good for nothing unless they are faithfully executed, and if those States that have taken so strong ground in their statutes against the barbarism of prize fighting shall take equally strong ground in their courts of justice, we may hope to see this rapidly growing evil checked, if not entirely crushed out.

DANA's analysis of President Johnson is so accurate as to be worth reproducing. Mr. Johnson is, he says, in common phrase, "a blower." He is conceited, opinionated and self-willed; is as ready to take affront as a bull in the gladiator ring when the scarlet flag is flaunted in his face. Like Miss Dombey's dog, he is always barking at some imaginary foe around the corner. In conversation he is loud, loquacious, presuming, pugnacious; never listens to the other side; wags his head and says to the man he is button-holing and boring, "You agree with me in this," nods significantly, and declares to his silent and weary auditor, "We understand each other on this point." In fine, he is one of those ill-bred, coarse-grained, thick-skinned sort of men who, at the end of a long interview, wherein he has talked at you rather than with you, leaves you with the full belief that you have concurred with his statements, because you did not fiercely and in words give him the lie; and that you have made sundry promises to him, because, in response to his propositions, you did not rise from your chair and knock him down.

—Accounts from New Hampshire represent the Democracy terribly demoralized by their defeat at the polls. They are not only astounded at their defeat, but many of their more earnest, active men are intensely enraged at their leaders for deceiving them in the way they did. Their leaders, at a very late hour before the election, sent out their statements that "a new canvass of the State gave it to the Democrats by three thousand," and on the strength of this many New Hampshire Democrats staked large sums of money, and lost. They now feel that they were deceived by parties who knew they were doing so, and they now openly declare that having been cheated they will never cast another Democratic vote in New Hampshire as long as they live. A more down-hearted, dispirited, demoralized host than the Democratic party of New Hampshire is to-day it would be difficult to imagine.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

THE Nashville *Press* publishes the annexed extract from a private letter dated at Washington on the 14th:

The handwritting is on the wall. The Senate will convict the President *certainly*, and within the next fifty days he will be dismissed and stand for all time to come in disgrace. He is the worst and most desperate man on earth. He never realized his true situation until the last week. He is perfectly restless, and exhibits signs of disappointment. You will not see a ripple when he is put out.

Chief Justice Chase.

The evening Democratic paper here has caused some little talk, to-night, by urging the claims of Chief Justice Chase as the Democratic nominee for the Presidency.—*Washington Dispatch.*

Both evening and morning Copperhead papers in Washington have fallen desperately in love with Chief Justice Chase since the House of Representatives took steps to impeach Johnson. All at once they have discovered that he would make a capital "conservative" candidate for President, to run against Grant. They have baited their hook with a "fly," supposed to represent a Copperhead Presidential nomination, and are floating it under the nose of the Chief Justice, hoping that he may bite. A similar "fly" was floated before the eyes of General Hancock. He bit greedily, committed himself to copperheadism, forfeited his position with all Union men, and is now a caught codfish, with no more chance of getting the Copperhead nomination than has his boot-black. The cunning Copperhead anglers speculating on the judicial blindness of Judges longing for the Presidency, are now fishing for the Chief Justice, who, if caught, will be a stranded salmon *instanter.*—*Chicago Tribune.*

HAVE YOU A COUGH?

Dr. Sargent's Cough Syrup will cure you.

HAVE YOU A COLD?
Dr. Sargent's Cough Syrup will cure you.

HAVE YOU ACUTE OR CHRONIC BRONCHITIS?
Dr. Sargent's Cough Syrup will cure you.

HAVE YOU ASTHMA OR PHTHISIC?
Dr. Sargent's Cough Syrup will relieve you.

HAVE YOU OPPRESSION IN THE CHEST?
Dr. Sargent's Cough Syrup will relieve you.

HAVE YOU WEAK LUNGS?
Dr. Sargent's Cough Syrup will cure you.

HAVE YOU A SORE THROAT?
Dr. Sargent's Cough Syrup will cure you.

HAVE YOU ANY DISEASES OF THE THROAT, LUNG OR CHEST?
Dr. Sargent's Cough Syrup is the best preparation for such diseases you can take.

For sale by all Druggists.

FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE.

A FALLACY.

Some people think that Chronic Dyspepsia may be cured by exercise and diet alone. This is a mistake. The stomach must be stimulated and regulated, and the liver and the discharging organs put in good working order before a cure can be effected. Such is the operation of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

"They tone the stomach, set the liver right,
And put the stomach in such healthful plight,
That good digestion waits on appetite."

Many persons fancy that Fever and Ague can be avoided by adopting unusual precautions against damp and cold. Never was there a greater fallacy. There is no absolute safeguard against malarious maladies, except HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

"To brace the frame, and make it ague-proof,
To keep the causes of disease aloof,"

There is nothing like this genial vegetable invigorant. So, too, in cases where there is a predisposition to biliousness; the constitutional tendency is combated and held in check by the alternate action of the BITTERS.

Diet and regimen are powerful allies of judicious medical treatment when the preservation of health in insalubrious localities is the object in view; but they will not answer the desired end alone. Use them as aids to the BITTERS, but do not rely upon the efficacy of any formula that does not include this admirable tonic. The BITTERS consist of an unadulterated vegetable essence (unrivalled among stimulants), meditated solely with herbs and roots of acknowledged virtue as tonics. It is agreeable to the taste and perfectly harmless. Even to children of delicate constitutions it may be given with perfect impunity. In fact, with these, as with those of older growth, its wonderful recuperant properties are at once apparent.

ANOTHER CURE OF DEAFNESS.

I lost my hearing during the last year. Part of the time I was totally deaf. In April of this year I was induced, from an advertisement, to make application to DR. KEYSER, 120 Penn street, Pittsburgh. After having tried various medicines from doctors, without any benefit, I have been under Dr. Keyser's treatment now for nearly two months, and am entirely restored to my hearing, so that I can hear a pin drop. JOHN SCANLAN,
Coal Bluffs, Washington Co., Pa.

ANOTHER CURE.

A man called to-day at Dr. Keyser's office to inform him of a great cure made by his LUNG CURE, or PULMONARY RESTORATIVE. Whilst these cures are made with the Doctor's preparations, he desires it to be distinctly understood that most of his great cures are made in accordance with the established laws that govern the science of medicine, in which he has been engaged for the past twenty-five years. Last week he was also in receipt of a letter from a clergyman in the State of Ohio, detailing another most wonderful cure.

DR. KEYSER'S RESIDENT CONSULTING OFFICE FOR LUNG EXAMINATIONS AND TREATMENT OF CHRONIC DISEASES, No. 120 PENN STREET, FROM 9 A. M. UNTIL 3 P. M.

NOTICES.

THE IRON CITY LAND ASSOCIATION.—A meeting of the Stockholders of said Association will be held on April 1st, 1868, at 3 o'clock P. M., at the office of A. M. BROWN, Esq., No. 114 Fifth street, in the city of Pittsburgh, for the purpose of electing officers and transacting business. At the same time and place, the lands of the Association will be sold. An assessment of Fifteen Dollars per share is due and payable to A. M. BROWN, Esq., Treasurer of the Association. JAS. D. KELLY, President.
GRAHAM SCOTT, Sec'y. mh21:n15

MANCHESTER SAVINGS BANK,
Allegheny, Pa., March 14, 1868.

AN ELECTION FOR PRESIDENT and SIX DIRECTORS of the Manchester Savings Bank will be held at their Banking House, on SATURDAY, the 28th day of March, between the hours of 1 and 3 o'clock.
mh16:m84 THOS. B. UPDIKE, Cashier.

POLITICAL.

NOTICE.—The Union Republican EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE is requested to meet at the office of C. C. TAYLOR, Esq., (Fulton's Building,) Grant street, on TUESDAY, the 24th inst., at 3 P. M. A full attendance is requested, as important business will be transacted. By order of
C. H. MILLER, Chairman.
N. P. REED, Secretary. mh19:m99

CONGRESS—22d DISTRICT.

Gen. J. S. NEGLEY

IS A CANDIDATE FOR NOMINATION.
mh17:d&T

WANTED.

WANTED--BOARDING,
FOR A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE.
In a private family preferred. Will pay for first-class accommodations.
Address L, CITY P. O. mh20:n117

WANTED,
A Situation as Book-Keeper,
By a man of middle age, who has been employed for the past NINE YEARS in that capacity in Pittsburgh. Satisfactory reference as to character and ability. Letters addressed to "WILLIAM," care of GAZETTE OFFICE, Pittsburgh, will be promptly attended to. mh19:m86-WFM

WANTED.—AGENTS FOR THE OFFICIAL HISTORY OF THE WAR: Its Causes, Character, Conduct and Results. By HON. ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS. A Book for all sections and parties.
This great work presents the only complete and impartial analysis of the Causes of the War yet published, and gives those interior lights and shadows of the great conflict only known to those high officers who watched the flood-tide of revolution from its fountain springs, and which were so accessible to Mr. Stephens from his position as second officer of the Confederacy.
The intense desire every where manifested to obtain this work, combined with an increased commission, makes it the best subscription book ever published.
One Agent in Easton, Pa., reports 73 subscribers in three days.
Another in Boston reports 103 subscribers in four days.
Send for circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work, with notices of the Press, &c.
Address, NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO.,
mh19:m100:d&F Philadelphia, Pa.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.—A meeting of the Stockholders of the FEDERAL STREET AND PLEASANT VALLEY PASSENGER RAILWAY COMPANY will be held at Gray's Hotel, Jackson street, Second ward, Allegheny, on WEDNESDAY, March 25th, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of perfecting the organization of said Company.
W. M. CLANEY, President.
mh23:

GRAND VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT,

To be given in the MANCHESTER PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, corner Franklin and Market Sts., Allegheny, (formerly Manchester,) for the benefit of the Church, on

Tuesday Evening, March 24, at 8 o'clock,

BY MR. C. C. MELLOR AND PROF. J. MANNING,

Assisted by distinguished amateurs from Pittsburgh. Tickets 50 cents. For sale at C. C. Mellor's, 81 Wood street, Pittsburgh, at the principal stores in Manchester, and at the door.
Manchester Passenger Cars pass Franklin street every 10 minutes. mh23:n18

HOUSE AND LOT ON SOUTH CANAL STREET, 4TH WARD, ALLEGHENY, AT AUCTION.—Will be sold, on the premises, on THURSDAY, March 26th, at 2 o'clock, that desirable two-story Brick House and Lot, No. 115 South Canal. The house contains nine rooms, with a wide hall and a good cellar; gas, and having a pressed brick front; all in good order. The lot is 25 feet front, running back 124 feet to Carpenter's alley. This is a rare chance for persons wishing to procure a comfortable home, in a good locality, and on easy terms.
A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.
mh23

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.
JAMES JENKINS, GEORGE JENKINS, ADAM JENKINS, ANDREW NEISH, JOHN NEISH and ABRAM NEISH, (of the firm of Jenkins, Neish & Co.,) Bankrupts under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for discharges from all their debts, and other claims provable under said Act, by order of the Court, notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 11th day of April, 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M., before SAMUEL HARPER, Esq., Register, at his office, No. 93 Diamond street, Pittsburgh, to show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupts. S. C. McCANDLESS,
Clerk of U. S. District Court for said District.
mh23:m18-M

ASSESSOR'S OFFICE U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE, 22D DISTRICT PENNA., PITTSBURGH, March 21, 1868.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT APPEALS will be received and determined at the Assessor's Office, 105 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, Pa., from March 21 to March 31, 1868, inclusive, relative to any erroneous or excessive valuations, assessments or enumerations returned by the Assistant Assessor of the Twenty-Second District of Pennsylvania, in the current annual list. During said time the proceedings of the Assessor and Assistant Assessors, together with the annual list taken and returned as aforesaid, will be submitted to the inspection of any and all persons who may apply for that purpose. All appeals to the Assessor, as aforesaid, shall be in writing, and shall specify the particular cause, matter or thing respecting which a decision is requested, and shall, moreover, state the ground or principle of error complained of.
HENRY A. WEAVER,
Assessor 22d District, Penna.
mh23:n17

LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING uncalled for at BUCHANAN POSTOFFICE, March 23d, 1868:

A	H	McAuliffe Wm ■
Alexander J B	Hatfield Jno C	P
Aughe Annie C	Harris Lizzie M	Paul John A
B	Hunter James	R
Barber Allen F	Hamilton W R	Russel John
Beam James	Hanley John	S
Beam Susan	Henderson H	Snyder Emma
C	J	Sprenger Geo
Cavanaugh H	Jones John J B	Steward G
Conroy John	Jones Cyrus K	Steward Nancy
Creighton John	Jones Sophir	Simpson Geo W
Craney Ed	K	T
Connelly Thos	Kramer A W	Thomas Eliz'h
D	Klages C A	W
Dunn Charles	Kennedy James	Wilson Robt
Dyer Robt	M	Waner Mary
Dougherty Kate	Morris David	Wilson Wm R
Donaldson J	Morgan J	Wright Mary E
Donnell W A	Millinger John	Worcester Cath
F	Morris John	Worcester J A
Finch W E	Mc	Y
G	McMains A	Young John
Getty W F	McNamara R	
Good John	McCloy Jane	

E. G. KREHAN, P. M.

MECHANICS' SAVINGS BANK,
No. 14 Smithfield Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS. ANY SUM RECEIVED FROM ONE DOLLAR UPWARD. Deposits received subject to check, without interest.

JAMES BLACKMORE, President.
GEO. D. TINDLE, Secretary and Treasurer.
JAMES H. HOPKINS, Solicitor.

TRUSTEES:

James Blackmore,	James H. Hopkins,
Alex. Tindle,	James Bown,
William Deane,	W. W. Bradshaw,
A. G. Cubbage,	Robert Wray,
John Evans.	

MTH

1858. 1868.
H. P. BALLARD & CO.,
THE WELL ESTABLISHED STRICTLY
Produce Commission House,
No. 332 Washington St., N. Y.,

Have unequalled facilities for disposing of Wool, Hops, Leaf Tobacco and Highwines, direct to manufacturers.
The usual attention given to Butter, Cheese, Eggs, Pork, Beef, Flour, Grain, Beans, Peas, Beeswax, Dried and Green Fruits, Seeds, and all kinds of country Produce. Liberal advances made on consignments.
CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.
REFERENCES—North River Bank, N. Y.; Second National Bank, Jersey City; Smith & Maynard, No. 15 Courtlandt St., N. Y.; Hon. David Muir, No. 2 Broadway, N. Y.; D. G. McCotter, No. 141 Broadway; Ballard & Bro., Richmond, Va. au7:d&T

118. **PRACTICAL** 118.
FURNITURE MANUFACTURERS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
LEMON & WEISE,
NO. 118 FOURTH STREET.

Constantly on hand every variety of PARLOR and CHAMBER FURNITURE, together with a complete assortment of common Furniture at reduced prices.
Those in want of anything in our line are cordially invited to call before purchasing.
Work guaranteed.
mh21:m14 LEMON & WEISE.

READER, CALL TO-DAY,
At No. 107 Market Street,
AND SELECT YOUR
WALL PAPERS.
JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.
mh21

F. W. C. FELD,
DEALER IN
GLUE, CURLED HAIR,
Tanners' Scraps, Ceroons, Cattle Tails,
BONES, NEAT'S FOOT OIL, &C.

Office and Warehouse, No. 124 SMITHFIELD STREET, nearly opposite the Post Office,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
MWF

WHITE LIME.
250 BARRELS WHITE LIME,

Warranted equal to any in market, in store and sale by
HUGH KNOX,
mh12:m58 No. 333 Liberty street, Pittsb

FOR SALE.—Flour, 200 bbls Winter Wheat Family Flour. WHEAT—200 bushels prime Pennsylvania Wheat; 200 bushels prime Spring Wheat. CORN—1,000 bushels prime Yellow Ear; 2,500 bush Shelled Corn. FLAXSEED—100 bushels prime Flaxseed. DRIED FRUIT—150 bushels Dried Apples; 80 bush Dried Peaches. BEANS—A small lot of White Beans. For sale by HITCHCOCK & McCREERY,
mh16: 319 Liberty street.

CHEESE.
200 boxes prime Factory Cheese;
50 " " Goshen Cheese;
Just received and for sale by
JOHN B. CANFIELD & SON,
mh23 141 First street.

CLOTHES WRINGERS REPAIRED.—All the different makes of Clothes Wringers repaired, at the India Rubber Depot, 36 and 38 St. Clair street. J. & H. PHILLIPS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR MONDAY, MARCH 22d, AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY.

AT 62½ cents—IRISH CORSETS, White and Colored.
AMERICAN POPLINS, in the most desirable shades.
3-4 and 5-4 ALL-WOOL DELAINES—cheap.
5 Cases KENTUCKY JEANS at 12½c.—slightly damaged.
YARD WIDE BLEACHED MUSLIN at 12½.
HEAVY UNBLEACHED MUSLIN at 12½.
PRINTS, at 8, 10 and 12½c.
DELAINES at 12½c.
TICKING, CHECK.
TOWELS AND TOWELING.
IRISH LINEN, TABLE LINEN, &c.

A slight decline in DOMESTICS having taken place East, our prices will correspond.

AT WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
Wholesale and Retail,
180 & 182 Federal St., Allegheny.
mh23

47. 1868. 47
HEADQUARTERS FOR
BOYS' CLOTHING.
GRAY & LOGAN,
47 ST. CLAIR STREET,
HAVE NOW IN STORE THEIR
SPRING STOCK OF
BOYS', YOUTHS' AND CHILDREN'S
CLOTHING.

Owing to the depression of the Eastern markets, we have been enabled to purchase goods at a very low figure, and we are now prepared to offer our entire assortment at exceedingly moderate prices.
In our BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENTS, we have complete lines of
BISMARCK, FRANKLIN, GARIBALDI, BARNEY, and METROPOLITAN SUITS.
Of YOUTHS' SUITS, we have a large assortment of all sizes of MEDIUM AND FINE GOODS.
☞ Call and examine the largest stock of BOYS' CLOTHING in the city.
GRAY & LOGAN,
No. 47 St. Clair Street.

47. [mh20:n11] 47.
51. 51.
GROVER & BAKER'S
ELASTIC STITCH
AND
LOCK STITCH
SEWING MACHINES,
WITH LATEST IMPROVEMENTS.
At the New and Elegant Sales Rooms
OF THE COMPANY,
51 FIFTH STREET.

Also, NEEDLES, ATTACHMENTS, MACHINE SILKS and COTTONS, THREAD, MACHINE OIL, &c., &c. The citizens of Pittsburgh are respectfully invited to call.
Applications for Agencies solicited. Circulars or samples by mail on application. Correspondence to be addressed to
GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.,
51 FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURGH.
mh20:n12

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE LIGHT HOUSE BOARD, WASHINGTON CITY, March 17th, 1868.
PROPOSALS FOR STONE.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 1 o'clock on
Friday, the 10th Day of April, 1868.
for the necessary stone for the face wall of a pier of protection at
Waugoshance Light Station,
Straits of Mackinac, in accordance with plans and specifications, copies of which can be obtained upon application to the undersigned at this office.
mh19:n1 W. B. SHUBRICK, Chairman.

THE BEST FITTING DRAWERS
IN THE WORLD ARE THE
Patent Pantaloon Drawers.
The genuine bear our trad mark,
P. P. D.
FISK, CLARK & FLAGG,
Patentees and Manufacturers.
No. 58 White St., New York.
fe28:131:MWF

MALT.—500 BUSHELS
FALL BARLEY MALT,
Received and for sale by
McBANE & ANJER,
141 WATER STREET.
Pittsburgh, January 23, 1868.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

1868.

GREAT

REDUCTION!!

J. W. BRADLEY'S

PATENT

DUPLEX SKIRTS,

FOR THE

MILLION!

THE WEST, BRADLEY & CARY MANUFACTURING COMPANY HAVING PURCHASED THE BUSINESS AND INTEREST OF THE LATE FIRM OF WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY, AND HAVING MADE GREAT IMPROVEMENTS IN THE MACHINERY AND LABOR FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF THE CELEBRATED

PATENT DUPLEX SKIRTS,

ARE NOW ENABLED TO MANUFACTURE AND SELL THEM AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. THEIR OBJECT IS TO PLACE THESE SKIRTS IN THE MARKET AT SUCH PRICES AS TO MAKE IT AN OBJECT FOR THE

MILLION TO PURCHASE

THE PATENT DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (OR DOUBLE SPRING) SKIRT IN PREFERENCE TO ANY OTHER SKIRT MADE. THEY ARE WARRANTED TO OUTWEAR ANY TWO OR THREE SINGLE STEEL SPRING SKIRTS, AND THE PRESENT

GREATLY REDUCED PRICE

MAKES THEM THE CHEAPEST BY FAR, AS WELL AS THE MOST DURABLE, STYLISH, GRACEFUL AND AGREEABLE SKIRT TO THE WEARER THAT IS MANUFACTURED IN THIS OR ANY OTHER COUNTRY

ALSO, AN EXTENSIVE VARIETY OF NEW AND BEAUTIFUL DESIGNS OF THE PATENTED "METALIC ENDS" SUSPENDERS, OF OUR OWN MANUFACTURE, EQUAL IN STYLE and QUALITY TO THE BEST FRENCH SUSPENDERS, AND AT MUCH LOWER PRICES.

WEST, BRADLEY & CARY MF'G CO.

WAREHOUSE AND OFFICE:

Nos. 97 Chambers and 79 and 81 Reade Street,

NEW YORK.
mh11:17:23:28:ap3

TRIMMINGS AND NOTIONS.

GRAND OPENING!
OF
SPRING GOODS.

Barred Organdies,
Barred and Striped Nainsook;
Victoria Lawns.
Soft Finish Cambric.

ALSO, A LARGE LOT OF
SOILED WHITE GOODS,
Which we are selling at a great sacrifice.

GOOD IRISH LINENS at 37 cents. SOILED KID GLOVES at 50 cents. SYSTEME ALEXANDRE KIDS for $1. GENUINE ALEXANDRE KIDS for $1.85. Our assortment of HOSIERY cannot be beat. HOOP SKIRTS at 75 cents. The new and beautiful SENSATION TIE, just received. 300 doz. FRENCH CORSETS just received. A complete line of MAGENTA, LUCRETIA and ELVIRA CORSETS. Also, a line of MISSES' CORSETS. RISTORI FRINGES, all colors. BULLION FRINGES, all colors. BUGLE TRIMMINGS, a fine assment. A fine lot of BUTTONS.

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,
78 and 80 Market Street.
mh21:d18

AT JOSEPH HORNE & CO.'S,
The Largest Assortment of
STRAW AND MILLINERY GOODS,
To be Found in the City.

RIBBONS, FLOWERS,
SILKS, CRAPES,
MALINES, FRAMES,
FROSTED ILLUSIONS,
STRAW TRIMMINGS, ornamented.

ALSO, A WELL ASSORTED STOCK OF

WHITE GOODS, CORSETS,
HOSIERY, HOOP SKIRTS,
GLOVES, BALMORAL SKIRTS,
EMBROIDERIES, HANDKERCHIEFS,
FRINGES, BUTTONS,
TRIMMINGS, BRAIDS,

And a Full Line of Notions.

FURNISHING GOODS,
NECK TIES, BOWS, SUSPENDERS
MORRISON'S STAR SHIRTS.

Agents for BISMARCK, DICKENS, VICTOR and other popular makes of
PAPER COLLARS.
Prices as low as Eastern Jobbers.
Wholesale Rooms up Stairs.
Nos. 77 and 79 Market Street.
mh17

A PERFECT FITTING GLOVE.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
19 Fifth Street,
INVITE ATTENTION TO THEIR
KID GLOVE DEPARTMENT,

Which is now complete with every color and shade. They have just opened 100 DOZEN of the
Celebrated A. C. C. (Jouvin) KIDS,

Imported especially to our order. Hundreds of our customers can testify to their perfect cut and faultless quality. The colors were got up from shades of dress material, selected and furnished by us, and are really
Elegant and Desirable.

The assortment includes BLACK, WHITE, DARK COLORS, MEDIUM COLORS, and OPERA or PARTY COLORS.
SIZES--5 3-4 TO 8.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
19 FIFTH STREET.
mh8:

FRINGES,
GIMP HEADINGS,
IN AL COLORS, JUST OPENED, AT
F. H. EATON'S,
No. 17 Fifth Street.
mh5

STEAM
CARPET BEATING
ESTABLISHMENT.

Which TEN YEARS' TRIAL in New York and other Eastern cities has proved a complete success.

ITS ADVANTAGES:

1st—Fading and Shrinkage are completely avoided.
2d—No ripping apart necessary.
3d—When freed from dust, moths or their larvae, the Carpet looks nearly as good as new, save the natural fading from wear.
4th—When perfectly clean, a Carpet will wear as long again, a desirable matter as a mere point of economy, to say nothing of looks.

ALL ORDERS LEFT AT THE OFFICE,
No. 179 Liberty Street,
Or addressed to P. O. Box 473, will receive prompt attention.
GEO. L. McCLINTOCK,
mh19: PROPRIETOR.

FLOUR,
FROM SOUTHERN WHEAT.
We have commenced receiving a lot of
30,000 Bushels Prime Southern Wheat,
And are now prepared to deliver a superior quality of
EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR.
R. R. KENNEDY & BRO.,
PEARL STEAM MILL.
mh16:m72

HOLMES, BELL & CO.,
ANCHOR COTTON MILLS,
PITTSBURGH.
Manufacturers of HEAVY, MEDIUM and LIGHT ANCHOR AND MAGNOLIA SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

NOTICE.--WM. J. MOORHEAD has been admitted a member of the firm of
MOORHEAD & CO.,
To date from January 1st, 1868. Style of firm as heretofore.
M. K. MOORHEAD,
GEO. F. McCLEANE.
Pittsburgh, March 17, 1868. mh19:m89

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &C.

1868. **SPRING STOCK** 1868.
OF
CARPETS.
JUST OPENING,
LARGE ASSORTMENT,
All Qualities
LOWEST PRICES IN THE CITY
SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO THOSE WHO BUY TO SELL.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 Fifth Street,
mh10:d&wF OVER BATES & BELL'S.

23 **JUST IMPORTED,** 23
And Especially Adapted to this Market.
VELVET CARPETS,
OF MOST ELEGANT DESIGNS.
English Body and Tapestry Brussels,
INGRAINS AND HEMPS,
THE FINEST ASSORTMENT AND THE LOWEST PRICES IN THE CITY.
COMMON CARPETS,
25 CENTS PER YARD.
OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.,
No. 23 Fifth Street.
fe27:

51 **SPRING SALES.** 51
CARPETS
HAVE CERTAINLY REACHED
BOTTOM PRICES.
McCALLUM BROTHERS

Offer a large assortment of all kinds of CARPETS, &c., at a REDUCTION from previous season's prices UNPARALLELED SINCE THE CLOSE OF THE WAR.

OIL CLOTHS,

Of every goods, and decidedly the largest stock in any house in the city.
McCALLUM BROTHERS.
fe10 51 FIFTH STREET, above Wood.

71 73
McFARLAND & COLLINS
ARE NOW OPENING THEIR
NEW SPRING STOCK,
OF
CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS,
WINDOW SHADES
AND
CURTAIN GOODS,
PURCHASED LAST MONTH FOR CASH.
AND IN MANY INSTANCES AT
Less than Actual Cost to Manufacture.

These Goods could not now be replaced for the same cost, and are offered FOR CASH at
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
Far Below Their Present Value,
AT THE PLACE WHERE BARGAINS CAN ALWAYS BE HAD ON THE BEST STOCK IN THIS MARKET.
Nos. 71 and 73 Fifth Street,
SECOND FLOOR.
fe10:MWF&T

WALL PAPERS--1868.

Unsurpassed in beauty and quality.
W. P. MARSHALL,
No. 87 Wood Street, near Fourth.
mh20:n8

NOTICE TO
INDIVIDUAL HOLDERS OF
SHARES OF NATIONAL BANKS.

The Shareholders of the EXCHANGE AND FOURTH NATIONAL BANKS, of Pittsburgh, and othess who own stock in any of the National Banks of other counties in the State, and who reside in this county, are hereby notified that the books will be open on the 2d day of March next, for the receipt of the three mill State Tax for 1867, as per Act of Assembly approved April 12th, 1867, and will remain open the usual time given for the receipt of other taxes, after which time Collectors will be appointed to collect from delinquents "as other taxes are collected."
DAVID AIKEN, Jr.,
fe:sk77 County Treasurer.

J. VIENNOT & CO., GENERAL NEWSPAPER, CORRESPONDING AND ADVERTISING AGENTS,
133 Nassau Street, New York.
(Established in 1862.)
REFERENCES—Mrs H. D. Helmbold, Druggist, 594 Broadway, New York; Messrs. S. R. Vonduser & Co., 198 Greenwich street, New York; Messrs. Hall & Buckel, 208 Greenwich street, New York; Messrs. G. Bruce, Son & Co., Type Founders, 13 Chambers st., N. Y.; Messrs. Hagar & Co., Type Founders, 38 Gold st., N. Y. fe21:17s:MWF

FOR RENT.

TO LET—WAREHOUSE.

From 1st of April next, the Warehouse No. 83, on Liberty street, corner of Hay; well suited for Produce and Feed or Grocery Business.
Apply on the premises (up stairs,) or at my residence, Centre avenue.
mh20m WILLIS BOOTHE.

TO LET,
A GOOD BRICK STABLE,

With five stalls, on alley between St. Clair street and Barker's alley. Possession given 1st of April.
Apply at No. 193 Liberty street.
mh20: KIRKPATRICK, BRO. & CO.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.
Property near Mansfield for Sale.

A very desirable piece of land of 16 acres, having an orchard of about 3 acres, and a good frame house of 5 rooms and cellar; a spring of never failing water near the house. Located on an elevation about ¼ of a mile west of Mansfield Station, on the Panhandle R. R. To be sold as a whole or in lots, to suit purchasers, from 2 to 5 acres.
Inquire of DANIEL SWOGER, Real Estate and Insurance Agent, No. 77 Federal street, Allegheny City, on second floor.
FOR SALE.
A good frame dwelling of five rooms, large hall, finished attic and good cellar, with lot 24 by 129 feet 9 inches, situate No. 60 Adams street, Sixth ward, Allegheny City, which will be sold low and on good terms, as the owner wishes to leave the city.
Inquire of DANIEL SWOGER, No. 77 Federal street, Allegheny City, on second floor.
FOR SALE.
BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE.—Two good lots on Sheffield street; one lot on Adams street; one lot on Franklin street; three small lots on Chartiers street; one lot on Fremont street, Allegheny. A lot in East Liberty, being lot No. 14 on Dennison avenue. A number of lots on Jacks Run.
Inquire of DANIEL SWOGER, No. 77 Federal street, Allegheny City, second floor.
mh18:ms3

FIFTH STREET PROPERTY
FOR SALE.

The subscribers will offer at private sale, until the FIRST OF APRIL, one of the most
DESIRABLE BUSINESS SITES ON FIFTH STREET,
BETWEEN WOOD AND MARKET.

The property has a fine front on Fifth street of 22¼ feet, and extends back 172 feet, taking in the back part of the adjoining lot, 20x52 feet, with an outlet from the back part 9 feet wide, to a 10 foot alley, which runs through from Fifth street to Virgin alley.
The whole surface covers an area of over 5,000 square feet.
The attention of capitalists is invited to this property, as opportunities for investing in such eligible and remunerative real estate seldom occur.
All information concerning the property can be had at the office of
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
mh16:m79 19 FIFTH STREET.

FOR SALE.
BUILDING LOTS.

A large number of desirable BUILDING LOTS, of various sizes, in the Village of
SPRINGDALE,

Fifteen miles from Allegheny City, immediately on the line of the Western Pennsylvania Railroad, and less than five minutes walk from Springdale Station. These Lots are most eligibly located for Building Sites, as the Village is one of the most beautiful and healthy locations on the Allegheny river. Five passenger trains either way per day, and on and after the 18th instant an Accommodation Train will run to and from Springdale.
These Lots will be sold on reasonable terms. Any person desiring to secure a home in the country, in a good locality, would do well to give these Lots their attention.
For further particulars, inquire of PETER HUTCHINSON, Springdale, or JACOB H. WALTER, Prothonotary, Court House, Pittsburgh.
mh16:m75

FOR SALE.
A COTTAGE HOUSE,

Containing six rooms, hall and kitchen, with stable, carriage and coal house; well of good water and cistern of eighty barrels, with iron pump in each. Lot 80 feet on Craig street by 140 feet on Henry street, with 10 foot alley at the rear; well stocked with pear, apple, peach, cherry and plum trees; also, several young choice grape vines. Situate near second toll gate, Oakland. Price $6,500.
Also, one lot adjoining the above, 40 feet by 140 feet, on which is a newly built store room, coal and wagon sheds. Price, $1,700. The stock of Groceries will be sold also if desired.
Apply to the proprietor, on the premises.
mh15:m87 ISAAC. W. TENER.

FOR SALE.—HOUSE AND LOT on corner of Manhattan and Adams streets, near Passenger Railway. Lot 44 by 127 feet. House frame, containing 7 rooms and good hall, well improved. House and Lot on Sheffield, near Bidwell street, Allegheny City. Lot 23 by 42 feet; house frame, contains hall, five rooms and good cellar; water and gas. Also, several small Houses and Lots in good location. Inquire of J. RUSH & CO. Beaver Street, near Chestnut, Manchester.

FOR SALE.—HORSES.—At HOWARD'S LIVERY AND SALE STABLE, one fine FAMILY HORSE (Bay); three DAPPLE GREY HORSES; one LARGE DRAUGHT HORSE; three BLACK MARES; two GREY MARES. FIRST STREET, near Monongahela House.
Horses bought and sold on commission.

FOR SALE.—A very desirable three-story BRICK HOUSE, nearly new; pressed brick front, marble mantles; gas and water throughout; house contains seven rooms and finished garret, No. 94 ELM STREET, near Wylie, Sixth ward. Possession from April 1st, 1868. Enquire at the house.

FOR SALE.—A TRADING BOAT FOR SALE.—The above is in good order, and will be sold cheap for cash. Inquire of DANIEL SWOGER, Real Estate and Insurance Agent, No. 77 Federal street, Allegheny City, on second floor

BUCHU.
(From Dispensatory of the United States.)
DIOSMA CRENATA. BUCHU LEAVES.

Properties.—Their odor is strong, diffusive and somewhat aromatic, their tastes bitterish, and analagous to mint.
Medical Properties and Uses.—Buchu Leaves are gently stimulant, with a peculiar tendency to the *Urinary Organs*, producing diuresis, and like other similar medicines, exciting diaphoresis.
They are given in complaints of the Urinary Organs, such as Gravel, Chronic Catarrh of the Bladder, Morbid Irritation of the Bladder and Urethra, Disease of the Prostate and Retention or Incontinence of Urine, from a loss of tone in the parts concerned in its evacuation. The remedy has also been recommended in Dyspepsia, Chronic Rheumatism, Cutaneous Affections and Dropsy.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is used by persons from the ages of 18 to 25, and from 35 to 55, or in the decline or change of life; after Confinement or Labor Pains; Bed Wetting in Children.
In Affections Peculiar to Females the Extract Buchu is unequalled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrous State of the Uterus, Leucorrhea or Whites.
Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel and Dropsical Swellings. This medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the Absorbents into healthy action, by which the Watery or Calcareous depositions, and all Unnatural Enlargements are reduced, as well as Pain and Inflammation.
Helmbold's Extract Buchu has cured every case of Diabetes in which it has been given. Irritation of the Neck of the Bladder, and Inflammation of the Kidneys, Ulceration of the Kidneys and Bladder, Retention of Urine, Diseases of the Prostate Gland, Stone in the Bladder, Calculus, Gravel, Brick Dust Deposit and Mucus or Milky Discharges, and for Enfeebled and Delicate Constitutions, of both sexes, attended with the following symptoms: Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Horror of Disease, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Eruption on the Face, Pallid Countenance, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, &c.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU IS DIURETIC AND BLOOD-PURIFYING.

And cures all Diseases arising from Habits of Dissipation, Excesses and Imprudence in Life, Impurities of the Blood, &c., superseding Copaiba in affections for which it is used, such as Gonorrhea, Gleets of long standing, and Syphilitic Affections—in these diseases used in connection with
HELMBOLD'S
ROSE WASH.
SOLD AT
HELMBOLD'S
DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,
594 BROADWAY,
And by Druggists everywhere.
ASK FOR
HELMBOLD'S,
AND TAKE NO OTHER.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
Ja3:MWF

IRON WORKS.

AS. VERNER, Pres't.....W. P. PORTER, Sup't.

PITTSBURGH FORGE AND IRON CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Bar Iron;
Railroad Fish Bars and Bolts;
Railroad Car Axles Rolled;
Railroad Car Axles Hammered;
Locomotive Frames;
Locomotive Frame Shapes;
Side Rods;
Yokes, Straps;
Piston Heads;
Steamboat Shafts;
Steamboat Cranks;
Piston Rods, Wrists;
Pitman Jaws, Collars, &c.

Office, No. 177 PENN STREET,

PITTSBURGH, P.

u29:e26

GRAFF, BYERS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Bar, Hoop and Sheet Iron,

WROUGHT IPON,

Iron Welded Tubes for Gas, Steam, Water, &c.

ALSO,

OIL WELL TUBING.

Office, No. 93 Water St.,

PITTSBURGH, Pa.

u29:e26

KENSINGTON IRON WORKS.

LLOYD & BLACK,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Best Common, Refined, Charcoal

AND

JUNIATA BLOOM IRON.

MERCHANT BAR, ROUND and SQUARE IRON;
HOOP, BAND, T and ANGLE IRON.
BOILER PLATE and SHEET IRON.
MOWER AND REAPER BARS.
CYLINDER and GUARD or FINGER IRON.
SMALL T RAILS, 20 and 16 lbs. to the yard.
WROUGHT CHAIRS and SPIKES for same.
FLAT RAILS, Punched and Countersunk.
COAL SCREEN IRON.
NAILS AND SPIKES.

Warehouse and Office at the Works, GREENOUGH STREET, (a continuation of First street,) adjoining the City Gas Works, Pittsburgh.

EVERSON, PRESTON & CO.,

Pennsylvania Iron Works.

Warehouse, Nos. 166 and 167 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House,

ap24:d6 PITTSBURGH.

STEEL WORKS.

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

BEST REFINED CAST STEEL,

Square, Flat and Octagon, of all sizes.

MILL, MULAY, CIRCULAR, GANG AND CROSS-CUT

SAW PLATES.

ELLIPTIC AND SEMI-ELLIPTIC

RAILWAY SPRINGS,

CAST SPRING STEEL,

Cast and German Plow Steel,

PLOW WINGS AND MOWER BARS;
SPRINGS, AXLES and STEEL TIRE;
SICKLE, SHOVEL, HOE, RAKE,
FORK, TUB, CALK and
MACHINERY CAST STEEL;
CROW BARS, &c., &c., &c.

Warehouse, 83 Water Street, Pittsburgh.

se18:k4

PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS.

ANDERSON, COOK & CO.,

(SUCCESSORS TO JONES, BOYD & CO.,)

Manufacturers of the

BEST REFINED CAST STEEL,

SQUARE, FLAT and OCTAGON, of all sizes; SAW PLATES, HOE, FORK and SHEET CAST STEEL; CAST STEEL for

Reaping and Mowing Machines, Steel Plow Wings, Axles, Circulars, &c., &c.

Cast and Common Plow & Spring Steel.

Office—Corner FIRST AND ROSS STREETS, two blocks above the Monongahela House.

oc23:d9

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN.

GENERAL PARTNERS:

WM. METCALF,	REUBEN MILLER,
GEO. W. BARR,	CHAS. PARKIN.

SPECIAL PARTNER—S. M. KIER.

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS,

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,

Office, No. 38 Wood Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

fe14:d48

DUQUESNE Iron and Steel Works.

COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Iron, Nails, Springs, Axles, Steel, &c.

WAREHOUSE:

No. 77 Water Street,

ja18:j90 PITTSBURGH.

BLACK DIAMOND STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

STEEL.

Office and Warehouse, 120, 122, 124 SECOND and 119 and 121 FIRST STREETS,

PITTSBURGH.

IRON CITY MILLS.

ROGERS & BURCHFIELD,

Manufacturers of REFINED, CHARCOAL, JUNIATA and POLISHED

CAST STEEL.

Office and Warehouse, No. 23 MARKET ST.

COPPER.

LAKE SUPERIOR COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS,

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Sheathing, Braziers' and Bol Copper, Pressed Copper Bottoms, Raised Still Bottoms, Spelter Solder. Also, Importers and Dealers in Metal, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire, &c. Constantly on hand Tinners' Machines and Tools.

Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST STREET and 120 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern.

my14:c34:dwT

FOUNDERS, MACHINISTS.

ATLAS WORKS,

MORTON STREET, Ninth Ward,

PITTSBURGH.

THOMAS N. MILLER, President.

These Works are among the largest and most complete establishments in the West, and are now prepared to furnish

Engines, of every description.

Boilers, Oil Tanks.

Sheet Iron Work.

Railroad Castings.

Rolling Mill Castings.

Engine Castings.

Machine Castings.

General Castings.

ORDERS SOLICITED,

no9:n89

NATIONAL FOUNDRY AND PIPE WORKS.

Corner Carroll and Smallman Streets,

(NINTH WARD,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

WM. SMITH

Manufacturer of

CAST IRON BOWL PIPE,

FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

My Pipes are all cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand, and 12 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of

General Castings for Gas and Water Works.

I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

fe16:t10

THE KNAP FORT PITT FOUNDRY CO.

CHARLES KNAP, President.
J. M. KNAP, Vice President.
O. METCALF, Sec'y and Treas'r.
J. K. WADE, Engineer.
J. G. KNAP, General Manager.

DIRECTORS:

JAMES B. MURRAY, of Lyon, Shorb & Co.
A. E. W. PAINTER, of J. Painter & Sons.
C. B. HERRON, of Spang, Chalfant & Co.
THOS. S. BLAIR, of Shoenberger & Co.
WM. METCALF, of Miller, Barr & Parkin.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Rolling Mill and Blast Machinery.

RETORTS and CASTINGS, of every description.
ERNEST'S NAIL MACHINES. fe24

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS,

WASHINGTON WORKS,

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS, PITTSBURGH,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

Office, No. 12, corner First and Smithfield Streets.

Agents for GIFGARD'S PETENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. ja11:b52

HUGH M. BOLE.....HUNTER ORR.
JAMES NELSON.....A. B. BOLE.

INDUSTRIAL WORKS.

HUGH M. BOLE & CO.,

Founders, Engine Builders and Machinists,

Make to order MARINE AND LAND STEAM ENGINES, of all sizes, warranted to give satisfaction.
CASTINGS, of every description, made to order.
JAMES NELSON, Sup't.....A. B. BOLE, Foreman.
Machine Shop, corner POINT ALLEY and DUQUESNE WAY. Foundry, Nos. 52 and 54 Third street,

my10:n66 PITTSBURGH, PA.

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Butler Street, Ninth Ward,

(Opposite Union Iron Mills,)

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Rolling Mill and Bridge Castings,

THIMBLE SKEINS AND PIPE BOXES,

MACHINERY AND CASTINGS GENERALLY.

Orders promptly and carefully executed. Charges reasonable.

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Office and Warehouse, 29 Wood Street.

Manufacture and keep constantly on hand

Thimble, Skein and Pipe Boxes,

WAGON BOXES, DOG IRONS,

SUGAR KETTLES, HOLLOW WARE,

And Castings generally. ap26:y6

JOHN RONEY,

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Carson St., Ninth Ward, near A. V. R. R.

MANUFACTURER OF

HAMMER DIES, STEEL MOULDS,

Rolling Mill and Machine Castings generally.

JOBBING WORK promptly attended to. Orders solicited and carefully and satisfactorily executed.

CENTRAL FOUNDRY AND ROLL WORKS,

880 Penn Street.

BOLLMAN, BOYD & BAGALEY.

Chill Rolls, Mill Castings, Roll Lathes, &c.

FULTON MACHINE WORKS.

ESTABLISHED IN 1836.

Manufactory of STEAM ENGINES, of all sizes and of the most approved patterns, for stationary purposes; STEAMBOATS and STEAM FERRY BOATS. A variety of 10, 12 and 16 horse power ENGINES, which will be sold at very reduced prices.

P. F. GEISSE, Wellsville, O.

Fifty miles below Pittsburgh, on the Ohio river, and line of C. & P. R. no9:h2

IRON BROKERS.

SAMUEL M. WICKERSHAM,

IRON BROKER,

124 First Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Donghamore, Josephine, Isabella, Duncannon, Stanhope, Glendon, and other brands of Anthracite, Youghiogheny Coke and C. B. Charcoal

PIG IRONS.

Consignments and orders respectfully solicited.

JAMES B. JONES,

DEALER IN

SCRAP IRON, LIGHT IRON,

Cast and Wrought Iron, Rope, &c.

Corner ANDERSON STREET and RIVER AVENUE, Allegheny City.

STONE.

WEST COMMON

Machine Stone Works,

Northwest corner of West Common, Allegheny.

FRED'K ATWATER & CO.

Have on hand or prepare on short notice Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewery Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c.

Orders promptly executed. Prices reasonable.

STONE QUARRY.

Stone furnished from the

Apollo Stone Quarry,

To order or by the car load, via W. P. R. R. Enquire of

J. FREETLY,

mh12:m60 Apollo, Armstrong Co., Pa

ENGINES, BOILERS, &C.

FORT PITT BOILER, STILL AND TANK WORKS.

CARROLL & SNYDER,

MANUFACTURERS OF

TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED TUBULAR, FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER STEAM BOILERS.
OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS,
CHIMNEYS, BREECHING AND ASH PANS,
SETTLING PANS, SALT PANS AND CONDENSERS;
STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES;
PRISON DOORS AND COAL SHUTES.

Office and Warehouse, corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty Streets.

PITTSBURGH, Pa.

Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to. mh7:j89

E. W. MORROW....JAS. B. BARNHILL....JAS. BLAIR.

O'HARA BOILER WORKS.

MORROW, BARNHILL & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Steam Boilers, Oil Stills, Agitators,

TANKS, SALT PANS, GASOMETERS, WROUGHT IRON BRIDGES, SHEET IRON WORK, &c.

Cor. Liberty and Second Sts.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

REPAIRING promptly done. jy1:b2

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND SHEET IRON WORKERS,

NOS. 20, 22, 24 AND 26 PENN ST.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of Barnhill's Patent Boilers.

Repairing done on the shortest notice. Ja5:e21

ROBERT LEA,

MANUFACTURER OF

Steam Engines and Boilers,

FREIGHT HOISTERS,

AND DOCTOR ENGINES.

CASTINGS, of all descriptions, made to order.

Corner of First and Ferry Streets,

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Nos. 55 and 56 Water Street,

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MANUFACTURER OF

IRON OIL TANKS,

SETTLING PANS, COPPER STEAM PIPE,

ROLLING MILL STACKS,

And SHEET IRON WORK,

For Steamboats.

STOVES, CASTINGS, &C.

COOK STOVES.

GET THE BEST.

BISSELL & CO.'S

TRIUMPH,

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.

BISSELL & CO.,

No. 235 Liberty Street.

Also on hand and for sale,
PARLOR STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS,
COOKING RANGES, &c.

A GREAT FAMILY CONVENIENCE.

A new and novel arrangement for having

Hot Water Boilers

Attached to the back end of common Cook Stoves, so that the waste blaze which goes up the stove pipe heats all the water needed in an ordinary sized family, by passing the blaze directly through the boiler, which sits over the pipe hole of the stove. This new arrangement can be put on to any No. 7, 8 or 9 common Cooking Stove, of any manufacture. Any person having a TRIUMPH, VICTORY, BLACK OAK, BEAUTY or UNION STOVE, or almost any other Cook Stove made in the Union, can have Boilers attached to their Stoves, including the Attachment, the Boiler and Lids, and Bibb Cock, for the moderate cost of $7, by applying to

BISSELL & CO.,

No. 235 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh.

Manufacturers of the TRIUMPH COOK STOVE.

CHEAPEST PLACE in the city

TO BUY THE

TRIUMPH COOKING STOVE,

Is at No. 146 GRANT STREET.

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HARDWARE.

NEW HARDWARE HOUSE.

LINDSEY, STERRIT & EUWER,

Manufacturers and Importers of

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY, &C.

337 LIBERTY STREET,

CORNER OF WAYNE,

One Square Below Union Depot,

PITTSBURGH.

Agents for FAIRBANKS' SCALES.

F. MUSSMANN,

FIFTH ST., bet. Tunnel & Chatham Sts.,

Gunsmith and Dealer in Hardware.

First class goods of all descriptions always on hand and sold at the lowest prices. Rdpairing done carefully on short notice. je26:d50

H. B. LYON,

Sealer of Weights and Measures,

No. 5 FOURTH STREET,

(Between Liberty and Ferry streets.

Orders promptly attended to. ap13:z2

FINANCIAL.

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

Corner Third and Wood Streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.,)

DEALERS IN

Exchange, Coin, Coupons,

And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

COVERNMENT BONDS.

Sight Drafts on London.

my1:s82

N. HOLMES & SONS,

BANKERS,

57 Market Street,

PITTTSBURGH, PA.

Deposits received in Par Funds and Currency.
Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

Stocks, Bonds and other Securities

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

United States Securities,

INCLUDING U. S. SIXES OF 1881;
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U. S. FIVES 10-40s.

U. S. CERTIFICATES OF INDEBETEDNESS.

Orders and Vouchers bought or collected.

ja30:a1

CITY BANK,

No. 112 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

CAPITAL.....$100,000.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

Foreign Exchange bought and sold, and when desired remitted to Europe.
Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canada.

DIRECTORS:

JAMES McCABE,	JOHN McKEOWN,
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P. O'BRIEN,	J. DUNLEVY, JR.,
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DOMINICK IHMSEN, President.

J. C. BARR, Secretary.

N. B.—This Bank will open for business between the first and fifteenth of April, in the room lately occupied by A. McTighe, deceased, as a Banking House, opposite the Cathedral.

The Stock Books will remain open for subscriptions until that time, at the office of the Secretary, No. 104 Fifth street. mh18:m90

KEYSTONE SAVINGS BANK,

No. 209 Liberty Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

THIS BANK WILL OPEN A

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS,

AT THEIR NEW BANKING HOUSE.

Accounts of BANKS, BANKERS and MERCHANTS are invited.

Collections made on all points in the United States and Canada.

Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.

UNITED STATES SECURITIES BOUGHT AND SOLD.

JOHN T. VAN DOREN, Cashier.

WESTERN SAVINGS BANK,

No. 59 Fourth Street.

CHARTERED 1866.

Interest paid on Time Deposits

ANY SUM RECEIVED FROM

ONE DOLLAR UPWARD.

DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK, WITHOUT INTEREST.

Discounts Daily at 12 o'clock.

President--THOMPSON BELL.
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DIRECTORS:

THOMPSON BELL,	A. M. MARSHALL,
JOS. DILWORTH,	JOS. ALAREE.
J. J. GILLESPIE,	

Stockholders to whom we make reference:

Wm. Forsythe,	Joseph Dilworth,
Wm. Caldwell,	Rev. David Kerr,
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E. W. CLARK & CO. BANKERS.

ESTABLISHED IN 1837.

No. 35 SOUTH THIRD ST.

PHILADELPHIA.

DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

7 3-10s Converted Into 5-20.

STOCKS AND GOLD

Bought and sold on commission, here and in New York. TIME PAPER NEGOTIATED.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS OF GOLD AND CURRENCY. Accounts of Banks and Bankers received on favorable terms.

LEHIGH COAL AND NAVIGATION FIRST MORTGAGE RAILROAD 5s FOR SALE. Also, the NEW LEHIGH GOLD LOAN. These Loans are both free from State and U. S. taxes, and are the cheapest Bonds of their class at present on the market.

ALL CLASSES OF SECURITIES TAKEN IN EXCHANGE AT MARKET RATES.

fe24:b88

DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK,

No. 65 Fourth Street.

CHARTERED IN 1855.

ASSETS.....$2,161,720 19.

Open daily from 9 to 2 o'clock; also on WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, from 6 to 8 o'clock.

Deposits received of all sums of not less than ONE DOLLAR, and a dividend of the profits declared twice a year, in June and December. Interest has been declared semi-annually in June and December since the Bank was organized, at the rate of six per cent. a year.

Interest, if not drawn out, is placed to the credit of the depositor as principal, and bears the same interest from the 1st days of June and December, compounding twice a year without troubling the depositor to call, or even to present his pass book. At this rate money will double in less than twelve years.

Books containing the Charter, By-Laws, Rules and Regulations, furnished gratis, on application at the office.

PRESIDENT—GEORGE ALBREE.

VICE PRESIDENTS:

John G. Backofen,	A. M. Pollock, M. D.,
Benj. L. Fahnestock,	Robert Robb,
James Herdman,	John H. Shoenberger,
James McAuley,	James Shidle,
James B. D. Meeds,	Alexander Speer,
Isaac M. Pennock,	Christian Yeager.

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Wm. J. Anderson,	Robert C. Loomis,
Calvin Adams,	Henru J. Lynch,
John C. Bindley,	Peter A. Madeira,
George Black,	John Marshall,
Hill Burgwin,	Walter P. Marshall,
Alonzo A. Carrier,	John B. McFadden,
Charles A. Colton,	Ormsby Phillips,
John Evans,	Henry L. Ringwalt,
John J. Gillespie,	Wm. E. Schmertz,
William S. Haven,	Alexander Tindle,
Peter H. Hunker,	William Van Kirk,
Richard Hays,	Isaac Whittier,
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SECRETARY—JAMES B. D. MEEDS.

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BANKER AND BROKER,

116 Wood St., near Corner of Wood,

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

Gold, Silver and Coupons,

Bought and Sold on Liberal Terms.

Drafts sold on all the principal cities of Europe.

CONVERSION OF 7-30's.

We are now prepared to convert the SECOND and THIRD SERIES of

SEVEN-THIRTIES

INTO THE

New 1867 5-20 Gold Coupon Bonds.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

Dealer in Government Securities,

CORNER FOURTH AND WOOD STS.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, March 21, 1868.

Gold opened strong at 138⅝, but at noon the market advanced to 139¼, and closed at 139¼ bid, still the demnnd is light; there is neither any desire to buy for long account, nor are there any outstanding short contracts. It is conceded by all parties, that between 139 and 140 is the true value for gold at present, and unless something serious turns up unexpectedly, the market is more likely so experience a decline than a further rise. Quotations for United States bonds in Europe are well maintained, and at 72¼ in London and 75½ in Frankfort, with gold at 139¼, and bonds as they have rated during the past week, the export demand for gold is likely to be checked for the next two months.

Government bonds have fluctuated more this week than the week previous, but the extremes were only ½ per cent. from the highest to the lowest and back again. The pressure, however, to sell bonds is greater prior to April first than it has been during any other period for the last two years, owing to the difficulty of procuring loans from the banks at low interest and the large payments that have to be made at this period all over the Western States, espepecially for purchases of property. On this account it is likely that quotations for bonds will yield a little during the first few days in April, but after settlements are effected, a demand for investment will sood advance quotations beyond the present price.

Stocks have been fluctuating to a considerable extent during the past week, the average differences in quotations have been from 5 to 6 per cent., but at the close of the week the market has gained strength from outside parties, by the defeat of the monopolists. A present, a perfect mania exists for obtaining direct connections with the great Pacific routes and getting the through business from the great Atlantic cities to the shores of the Pacific. The monopoly is worth while contending for, in a commercial point of view, but the country at large has suffered so much py these monopolies of Railroads, Express companies and Telegraph lines, that none but the owners of shares in such companies can wish for success.

Money is very tight, and 12 per cent. is the ruling rate for good paper; long paper can not be negotiated, and banks have to reduce their discount line preparatory to their quarterly statement. Bank stocks and Railroad bonds are offered at slight concessions, but few but few buyers are in the market. Business is improving, and after the first of April a good retail trade is looked for.

Closing quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz:

Gold, 139¼; 1881 bonds, 111; 1862 5-20s, 110¾; 1864 do, 108½; 1865 do, 108⅜; Consols, 107¼; 10-40s, 101½; 7-30s, 106¼.	
Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R.	91
Fort Wayne	102¾
North Western—common	63
North Western—preferred	74½
New York Central	123⅞
Erie	71⅜
Old Southern	87⅝
Ohio & Mississippi	30
Western Union Telegraph	34½
Merchants Union Express	34⅝
Corydon	35
Quartz Hill	1 15
Quicksilver	20¾

—Closing quotations received by James T Brady & Co.

Gold	139
U. S. 6's, 1881	111¼
" 5-20's, 1862	110¼
" 5-20's, 1864	108
" 5-20's, 1865	108¼
" 10-40's	101
" 5-20's, Jan. and July, '65	107¼
" " " " " '67	107½
" June 7-30's	106¼
" July 7-30's	106¼
May Comp., 1865	118

—The Titusville *Herald* says: We are reliably informed that an effort is being made by speculators to have the tax put on crude oil again. The subject is now under discussion at Washington, and when it is remembered what difficulty was experienced in effecting the abrogation of this tax, our people may well concerned at this threat of its restoration. A committee should be at once appointed to represent the producing interest; and proceed to Washington without delay.

—The New York *Tribune*, of Friday, says: Government stocks are very firm in view of the extraordinary course pursued by agents of the Government, who have for several days acted as though instructed to break the market by offering securities at a low price to effect the quotations, and by furnishing prtces and giving the tone of the market to the press in violation of facts. The reduction in the balance of the Sub-Treasury, so widely paraded last night, has afforded no substantial relief from the fact that it was made by placing funds to the credit of disbursing officers, and not put at the convenience of the public by purchasing 7-30s. The motive for this attempt to break down Governments will prove to be a desire to shake out large amounts of 7-30s which the Treasury and its agents are ready to buy.

The Adams Express has resumed by declaring 5 per cent. in cash upon the new stock. This dividend has been made from current earnings, and not from funds in hand during the Express war. Its managers are confident of their ability to earn 2½ per cent. quarterly. The example of the Adams will soon be followed by the Merchants' Union and the United States.

—The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has made the following decision: "While refined mineral oil remains in the tanks, not in a condition to be inspected, it is not liable to tax; but when it is barrelled, or put in a condition to be inspected, it should be inspected, and the refiner should make return of it to the Assessor or Assistant Assessor, on or before the 10th day of the succeeding month. The taxable oil so returned and not bonded, whether sold or not, should be assessed the same as manufactures in general, and the lists returned to the Collector for collection."

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, March 21, 1868.

The general markets have been moderately active during the past week, and with a fair volume of business, in the aggregate, prices have undergone no important changes.

GRAIN—There is a steady demand for Winter Wheat at the recent advance, and we continue to quote at $2,50 to $2,53 for Red, and $2,58 to $2,60 for White, according to quality. Oats quiet but steady at 69 to 70c, on wharf and track, and 73 to 75c, in store. Shelled Corn is being sold on wharf at 95c to 97c—sale of 1 car prime Ear at $1. Rye is scarce and firm, and may be quoted at $1,75 to $1,80. No Barley in market; it would sell readily at a good round price.

FLOUR—Is quiet and unchanged; we quote Spring Wheat at $10,50 to $11,25; Winter Wheat at $12 to $12,50, and fancy brands at $14 to $15. Rye Flour is firm at $8,25. Buckwheat is quiet and unchanged at $4,50 per cwt.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is firm but unchanged; regular jobbing sales at 11½ to 11¾c for Shoulders; 13½ to 15c for Ribbed and Clear Sides; 16½c for Breakfast Bacon, and 17 to 17½c for Sugar Cured Hams. Prime kettle Lard, 15¾ to 16c, in tierces, and 16½c, in kegs. Mess Pork, $25 to $25,50. Dried Beef, 21½ to 22c.

SEEDS—Flaxseed is scarce and higher, and we now quote at $2,50. Cloverseed is quiet and unchanged at $8, and the same is true of Timothy at $2,75.

BUTTER—Is as scarce as ever, and and prime to choice Roll may be quoted firm at 48 to 52c.

EGGS—With light arrivals and some inquiry from the east, prices are higher, sales having been reported to-day at 27 to 30c.

DRIED FRUIT—Peaches firm but unchanged; regular jobbing sales at 11@11½c. Apples steady at 7@8c.

POTATOES—Firm but unchanged; we continue to quote prime Peach Blows at $3,25 per bbl.

HAY—Is firm but unchanged; from country wagons it may be quoted at $20 to $25, as to quality. Sales of baled on wharf at $21@22.

ONIONS—Scarce and held firmly at $4,50 per bushel.

BEANS—In fair local demand with small sales in store at $4,50 to $5 per bushel.

LARD OIL—Is firm but unchanged; regular sales of No. 2 at 98c@$1, and $1,28@$1,30 for No. 1.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, March 21, 1868.

CRUDE—The crude market has been remarkably stiff during the past week, and compared with the preceding week, prices have advanced materially. To-day we can report one sale of 2000 and another of 1000 bbls, both for immediate delivery, at 8¾c; and we are cognizant of a sale of 10,000 bbls running from August to December, inclusive, two thousand barrels each month on private terms—supposed to be 10¼c. We also heard of an offer to sell 1000 bbls each, for April, May and June, at 9c, without finding a buyer. The sales, compared with those of last week, show an advance of from one half to one cent per gallon, and at the advance the market is firm, though buyers take hold with considerable diffidence. Finding that there is no margin in operating in spot oil, sellers have turned their attention to selling ahead—"short in a great many cases"—going it blind, or trusting to luck; and it would seem that in the present condition of the trade, they are either forced to do this or nothing.

REFINED—There was not a single sale of bonded oil in this market to-day, at least, there was none reported, and while the feeling seems to be as firm as ever, prices, compared with yesterday, have undergone no quotable change. We are cognizant of a plump off to buy April at 25½c; May at 25¾c, and June at 26¼c, and we can report a sale of 2000 barrels in Philadelphia, for March, at 24½. The operations in bonded oil have been remarkably light during the week, and notwithstanding prices have steadily advanced, sellers seemed to be as obstinate as ever, alleging that Crude more than keeps pace with refined—that if the latter went up a quarter the former advanced from ¾ to ⅞. The great trouble lies at Oil City, at which place oil has ruled too high for this market all winter, and, as a consequence, there has been but little chance for either crude or refined dealers to do anything.

ARRIVALS—The arrivals of oil during the past week were remarkably light, only reaching 1,296 bbls, against 2,507 for the preceding week. The receipts from the first of January to date foot up 127,607 barrels.

PETROLEUM ASSOCIATION.

There will be a meeting of the Petroleum Association at their rooms THIS (Monday) MORNING, at ten o'clock.

A. F. BROOKS, Secretary.

Baltimore Cattle Market.

BALTIMORE, March 19.—Beef Cattle—The offerings at the scales during the past week amounted to 610 head, against 987 last week. Prices to-day ranged as follows: Old cows and scalawags at $3,75@4,50; ordinary thin steers, oxen and cows, $4,50@5,50 fair to good stock cattle $6,00@7,00; fair quality beeves, $6,00@6,75; and the very best beeves, $8,00@9,87½ per 100 lbs, the average price being about $6,62½, gross—showing no chance from the rates of last week, the market closing very dull.

Sheep—The supply has been better during the past week, but with a good demand, especially for fat sheep, quotations have been well sustained. Prices to-day ranged as follows: fair to good at 5½ to 6½ cents, and good to extra 6½ to 8½ cents per lb, gross.

Hogs—With increased arrivals during the past week, and only a moderate demand, the market has been unsettled, and quotations are 25c per 100 lbs lower. Prices to-day ranged as follows: fair to good live hogs $12 to $13,75 per 100 lbs, net.

New York Dry Goods Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, March 21.—The snow storm has brought business to a stand still. The market is very weak and holders have consequently reduced the price of Prints 1c per yard. The Merrimack W, as well as pinks and purples, are offered at 15c; do. D fancy at 14c; do. Robes de Chambre 16c; do. W Cambrics 18c; Sprague's and Pacific fancy Prints 13 1-2c; Gloucester do. 12 1-2c. Heavy Brown Sheetings steady at 18c for Atlantic A, and 17 1-2c for Pacific and other brands; but we look for a further decline of 1c per yard before the downward tendency is arrested. In other styles of Cottons there is no particular change to observe. The dry goods reporter desires us to say that prices are 1c lower to-day than the published quotations,

New Orleans Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, March 21.—Cotton quiet and unchanged; sales of 10,000 bales middling aa 24 1-2c; receipts 1,185; exports 10,-34i bales, mostly foreign. Flour is in good demand and firm at $10,25 for superfine; $10,75 for double extra, and $14a14,75 for choice. Corn quiet and firm at 97 1-2ca$1. Oats firm and unchanged at $1,08. Pork is active and advanced to $26,25a26,50. Bacon very firm at 12 1-2c for shoulders; 15 1-2c for clear ribbed sides, and 16c for clear sides. Sugar cured hams at 18 3-4c. Lard advanced at 16 1-2c for tierce and 17c for keg. Gold 140. Sterling Bank Exchange 51 1-2a52. New York Sight Exchange par to 1-8 premium.

Baltimore Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, March 21.—Flour firm and dull. Wheat scarce but unchanged. Corn lower; white $1,08a1,10; yellow $1,15a1,16. Oats firm at 83a85c. Rye dull at $1,80a1,85. Provisions firmer. Bacon; shoulders 12½c: bulk shoulders 11a11¼c. Mess Pork $25a25,25.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

AMUSEMENTS.

The Rev. Marvin R. Vincent, of the First Presbyterian Church in Troy, has published four discourses upon the value of amusement as a force in Christian training, which ought to have a wider circulation than they are likely to obtain in their present form. The author takes up the cause of cheerful Christianity, and answers the arguments of those who seek to find something wicked in many of the innocent and healthful games of the day.

It is held to be innocent for boys to play marbles, but sinful to play dominoes; it is sinful to play billiards, but highly graceful and innocent to play croquet. Mr. Vincent fails to see the ethical distinctions here expressed; he finds it difficult to distinguish between the wickedness of balls of iron and the good of balls of wood; between mallets and cues, and between green baize and green grass. A Christian household must not sit down to a game of whist, acoording to some authorities, but they can spend a pious evening over Dr. Busby; a game involving a good deal of healthy mental exertion is condemned, while the silly, profitless Bnsby cards are admitted. Mr. Vincent writes:

"Youth must not dance, but they may march to music in company, and go through callisthenic exercises involving a good deal more motion than dancing. But if people may march to music and be guiltless, it is very hard to see how skipping to music converts the exercise into sin. It is said that the associations make the difference; but the advocate of this theory is shut up to proving that the associations are inseparable from the amusement. Now I ask, in the name of common sense, why not devote a little Christian care to separating from its abuses, and regulating in its conduct, an exercise which improves the bearing of our youth, tends to relieve their natural awkwardness in society, and gives them innocent exhilaration? When our Young Men's Christian Association, of Troy, furnished their new room, they did so on the principle that prayer meetings and religious periodicals, though important in their p ace, would not of themselves suffice to attract young men from without. They had tried the experiment in their forlorn rooms, under a machine shop in an out-of-the-way place, furnished as a miniature chapel, and a very seedy one at that; and the result was that about six month ago the association was in a fair way to die and make no sign. Young men would not go to that dismal hole to spend an evening when more attractive places abounded in the city; and I would not if I had been in their place. But the association got a new lease of life. It engaged large, airy, pleasant rooms, in a central position. It kept its prayer meeting room neatly and appropriately furnished, but it added a large social parlor, its walls adorned with pictures, a fine piano invitingly open, the best current periodicals, secular and religious, upon the tables, and games of checkers, chess and dominoes distributed about the room. The young men came in crowds. They were thrown at once into contact with the Christian youth of every church in the city, with the city pastors, with committees specially appointed by the churches to take strangers in charge, with good music, religious literature and innocent amusement."

We learn from authentic sources that the rooms of the Troy Association became so popular that the keepers of places of amusement of a less refined character uttered loud complaints, and attempted to bring about a schism in the ranks by spreading abroad false reports, But the cheerful rooms of the young men prevailed, and great good is daily accomplished.

Mr. Vincent makes some admirable hits at the fallacy in the arguments of those who would shut out all amusements. He says that some people exclaim: "Think of Paul dancing, or Peter playing billiards! Do you think we shall have checker-boards in heaven?" This, he says, is no argument—it is sheer nonsense, and most unworthy trifling over a serious subject. "Think of Paul dancing!" Well, think of him! Think of Paul wearing a swallow-tailed coat with brass buttons! Think of Peter skating, cutting figures of eight; and performing "outer edge backwards." Think of John in a white cravat, or of Bartholomew putting up Seidlitz powders, or of Timothy running with a fire engine! How would they have looked? "Would you play chess on your death-bed?" Probably not, my friend. Neither would I put on my boots, or do a great many innocent things," at such a time.—*N. Y. Eve. Post.*

French Opinion of the Alabama Claims.

[From the Paris Standard.]

Public opinion in the United States is certainly very much excited, and a warlike inspiration seems to animate the meetings, which go on increasing in agitation. Under these circumstances people ask themselves, may not Mr. Johnson endeavor to seek a quarrell with Lord Stanley while England is occupied with the Abyssinian expedition, in order to recover the popularity which he is losing. The United States people, with their minds turned to the prospect of a war with England, would perhaps give less though tto the position of the President. The truth is, that the famous question relating to belligerents will not bear a close examination. In acknowledging the Confederates as possessing that character did England act in a different manner from the Government of Washington itself? Did Mr. Lincoln not intimate to all the powers the establishment of a blockade of certain of the Southern ports? Did he not by so doing treat that city, not as an insurgent, but as an enemy? Did he not, on several occasions, treat for the exchange of prisoners by formal and authentic deeds executed and ratified by the competent authorities of both parties? In the necessary intercourse between the two armies was the rank of Southern Generals, which they received from President Davis, not recognized? Finally, did Gen. Grant not accept the capitulation of Gen. Lee according to the custom of regular warfare? We might multiply questions of cavil, that the character of belligerents, now contested as of right, was recognized, in fact, by the United States during the entire period of the war. Naturally, therefore, people now ask, what can be the secret motives of seeking a quarrel on such a question. The United States Government never dreamt of the sudden susceptibility which seized upon it on the morrow of the triumph, when, in the midst of the struggle, the Washington Cabinet asked England to ruin her cotton manufactures by respecting the blockade declared by Mr. Lincoln, in conformity to the laws of war.

—A few days ago, a lady teacher in Washington, who has among her pupils, two little daughters of Mrs. Stover, who, it will be remembered, is a daughter of President Johnson, requested each of her pupils to ascertain at home whether they would continue in her school the next quarter, which commences again within a couple of weeks. The little Misses Stover returned the next day, and promptly told the lady that they were not coming to school any more. When questioned as to the reason, they, with child-like simplicity, said:

"Grandpa says we are going to move back to Tennessee in April!"

In a Tight Place.

The Berkshire (Mass.) *Eagle* is responsible for the following:

A man in Becket, while in the woods for timber, had the misfortune to "lodge" a tree, and in order to get it down hitched his oxen to the butt and made them pull. The tree fell into the fork of another near by, when the tops overbalancing, the other end was jerked twenty feet high in the air, carrying the oxen with it, where they remained suspended in imminent danger of being choked to death. Perceiving the tree to be very nearly poised, the man attempted to drag them down by the tails, but, one of these failing, he had recourse to a fifteen tent pole, with which, by reaching up to the tops, he could so raise it that the oxen's hind feet could touch the ground, thus enabling them to catch breath. Being unable to sustain the top for any length of time, he adopted the see-saw motion, causing the tree to vibrate up and down often enough to give his cattle chance for air. He continued this operation four hours before aid arrived. He then climbed up and out on the tree, cut off a twelve foot log, which, falling, released the oxen, and he "snaked" it home without even unhitching.

Among the lookers on at impeachment Mrs. Sprague had an elevated place. She was attired in a fawn colored silk, dark velvet basque and bonnet, with Etrusean ear-drops and bugles of frosted gold. Mrs. Ben Wade wore a black cloth sacque, two short side locks of brown hair and a brown rose in her braid. She was provided with a corner place, immediately opposite her husband and next to the diplomats. The ladies of the household of Mr. Thornton, the British Minister, attracted attention; one of them a stout English girl, with fine shoulders and color, and what Jenkins calls the step of the winner of the Derby; the other, smaller, with the motion and figure of a gazelle.

A writer in *Once a Week* says: "You read the newspapers, will you tell me what you conceive to be the final sensation of an editor after a week's work? Thrice in one day he has been 'glad to observe.' But on the same day he has been 'pained to remark,' 'astounded to consider,' and, anxious to know.' In the same column he is happy to hear of the safety of a missing vessel, is grieved to learn that the condition of this or that statesman grows rapidly worse, and again is delighted to observe that some improvements are being made in the parks. What is the ultimate result of this constant gladness, grief, delight, pain, astonishment, and fear?"

The Rebel Secret Society.—There is, beyond all question, a numerous political secret order in this State, whose name outside of its councils is the Kuklux Klan; and, in order to allay suspicion and induce the public to consider it a myth, its members put afloat all sorts of absurd letters and circulars. Doubtless the leaders of the society are the most ready to treat the affair as a mere joke in public. There is reason to suspect that the order is not only political, but a force holding itself in readiness for anything which may turn up, even to the extent of insurrection.—*Nashville Press.*

LEGAL.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

I will sell by Public Outcry, at the residence of JOHN POLLOCK, deceased, in South Fayette Tp., near Oakdale Station, on the P. C. & C. R. R., Panhandle, on

TUESDAY, March 31, 1868, at 1 P. M.,

The personal Estate of the deceased, consisting in part of Wheat, Corn and Oats in the bushel; lot of Potatoes; some 300 lbs. Wool; lot of good Sheep, Cow Cattle, Yoke of Work Oxen, Farming Utensils, Household Furniture, &c.

TERMS AT SALE.

ROBERT POTTER,

Administrator of John Pollock, dec'd.

SMITHSON, VANHOOK & McCLELLAND, Auctioneers.
JOHN S. JOHNSTON, Salesman.
mh18:ms8-d&F

IN THE MATTER OF APPLICATION OF THE

Union Building and Loan Association,

Of the City of Pittsburgh, for a Charter. No. 992, March Term, 1868.

Notice is hereby given that an application has been made to the Court of Common Pleas, of Allegheny County, by the Union Building and Loan Association, of Pittsburgh, for a Charter; that an instrument in writing, specifying the objects, articles, conditions, and name, tyle or title, under which they have been associated, has been presented to the Court and filed in the Prothonotary's office, and if no sufficient reason is shown to the contrary, said Charter will be granted at the next term of this Court. BY THE COURT.

E. A. MONTOOTH,
Attorney for Petitioners. fe21:l65

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—By virtue of and in pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, dated March 13th, 1868, I will expose at public sale at the COURT HOUSE, in Pittsburgh, on THURSDAY, April 9th, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M., all that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the township of Liberty, now in the City of Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post on Main street, at the corner of lot now or late of Samuel J. Richards; thence along the line of said lot north 60 degress 25 minutes east 104 feet 6 inches to land of Phillip Winebiddle; thence by said Winebiddle's land north 46¼ degrees west 30 feet to a post; thence by land now or late of Rev. Richard Lea south 60 degrees 25 minutes west 104 feet and 6 inches to a post on Main street; thence along said street south 46¼ degrees east 30 feet to the place of beginning.

Terms of sale made known on day of sale.

For further information enquire of the subscriber or of A. M. BROWN, Esq., at No. 114 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

CAROLINE HUGHES,
Administrator of Thomas J. Hughes, dec'd.
mh16:m77M

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION of the

Building and Loan Association No. 2, of East Birmingham,

For a Charter of Incorporation.

Notice is hereby given that an application has been filed in the Prothonotary's Office, at No. 38 June Term, 1868, by the Building and Loan Association No. 2, of East Birmingham, for a Charter of Incorporation, which will be granted at next term of Court, unless exceptions are filed.

JACOB H. WALTER,
mh15:m74M Prothonotary.

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION of the

Lower St. Clair Building and Loan Association, for a Charter.

Notice is hereby given that an application has been filed in the Prothonotary's Office, at No. 39 June Term, 1868, by the Building and Loan Association of Lower St. Clair Township for a Charter, which will be granted at next term of Court, unless exceptions are filed.

JACOB H. WALTER,

mh16:m73 Prothonotary.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Letters Testementary upon the last Will and Testament of EMANUEL STOTTLER, Sr., late of Penn Township, Allegheny county, Pa., deceased, having been issued to the undersigned, all persons having claims against the said estate will present them, duly authenticated for settlement, and those indebted are notified to pay the undersigned, in Penn township, Allegheny county, Pa.

H. B. STOTTLER,
E. STOTTLER, JR.,
mh7:m51 Executors.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Letters Testementary upon the last Will and Testament of SAMUEL WOODS, late of Snowden Tp., Allegheny county, Pa., deceased, having been issued to the undersigned, all persons having claims against said estate will present them, duly authenticated for settlement, and those indebted are notified to pay the undersigned, in Snowden township, Allegheny county, Pa.

JAMES MEANS,
WILLIAM WOODS, Sr.,
fe5:k90 Executors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that application will be made to the Governor for the pardon of CHARLES B. STEIN, convicted at No. 357, Sept. 1867, Sessions, on Oct. 25, 1867, of manslaughter. Sentenced November 3, 1867.
mh2:

SPECIAL NOTICES.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH restored in four weeks. Success guaranteed. DR. RICORD'S ESSENCE OF LIFE restores manly powers, from whatever cause arising; the effects of early pernicious habits, self-abuse, impotency and climate give way at once to this wonderful medicine, if taken regularly according to the directions (which are very simple and require no restraint from business or pleasure.) Failure is impossible. Sold in bottles at $3, or four quantities in one for $9. To be had only of the sole appointed agent in America, H. GERITZEN, 205 Second Avenue, New York. fe20:l64:TTS

PHILOSOPHY OF MARRIAGE, a New Course of Lectures, as delivered at the New York Museum of Anatomy, embracing the subjects: How to live and what to live for; Youth, Maturity and Old Age; Manhood generally reviewed; the cause of indigestion, flatulence and nervous diseases accounted for; Marriage Philosophically considered, &c.

Pocket volumes containing these lectures will be forwarded to parties unable to attend, on receipt of four stamps, by addressing: SECRETARY, New York Museum of Anatomy and Science, 618 Broadway, New York. fe20:l65:T:TH:S

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY.—An Essay for Young Men on the Crime of Solitude, and the DISEASES and ABUSES which create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Penn'a
ja30:k67F

FOR SALE--REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE & TO LET.--Houses and Lots for sale in all parts of the city and suburbs. Also, several FARMS in good locations. Also, a small WOOLEN FACTORY, with 20 acres of land, and good improvements, which I will sell cheap and on reasonable terms. Business Houses to let on good streets. Private Dwelling Houses for rent in both cities. For further particulars inquire of WILLIAM WARD,
ja22 110 Grant street, opposite Cathedral.

A COAL WORKS FOR SALE, capable of running 15,000 bushels daily, including tenant houses, store house, flats, wagons, mules, and all the necessary fixtures for a large business and immediate operation. There are 435 acres of Coal. This is one of the most valuable works on the Monongahela river. Will be sold low and on good terms. Apply to

W. A. HERRON,
Real Estate Office, 89 Grant street,
se17 opposite the Court House.

FRAME COTTAGE,

SITUATE IN MOUNT WASHINGTON,

Within 25 minutes' walk of the Monongahela bridge. The house contains five rooms, kitchen, cellar and vault. Lot 100 feet front by 200 feet deep, fronting on three streets. On the lot are 400 full bearing grape vines of five different varieties, with all kinds of shrubbery, such as gooseberries, blackberries, strawberries and currants; also, peach, pear, apple, quince and cherry trees. Will be sold cheap. Inquire of

STEEL & WILSON,
Brokers and Real Estate Agents,
ja30 No. 66 Smithfield Street.

2,000,000 ACRES OF

CHOICE LANDS FOR SALE,

BY THE

Union Pacific Railroad Company,

EASTERN DIVISION,

Lying along the line of their road, at

$1,00 TO $5,00 PER ACRE,

And on a CREDIT OF FIVE YEARS.

For further particulars, maps, &c., address

JOHN P. DEVEREUX,
Land Commissioner, Topeka, Kansas.

Or CHAS. B. LAMBORN, Sec'y,
au14: St. Louis, Missouri.

RARE CHANCE FOR BUSINESS.

ONE OF THE BEST STANDS IN PENN'A

FOR SALE.

As I wish to contract my business and devote my entire time to selling POWDER, I offer my entire stock, consisting of a large and well assorted stock of

Groceries, Lamps, Table Glassware,

CHANDELIERS AND FIXTURES.

House consists of the two fine, commodious and well arranged Stores,

NOS. 172 AND 174 FEDERAL STREET,

Connected by openings in first and second stories, and can be used either separate or together; side door on alley, and stabling on back end of lot for four horses and three wagons. Hoisting apparatus in each store. Stores 20 feet front and 90 feet deep; first store 14 feet high.

Stock of goods now $10,000. Rent moderate. Terms accommodating, with approved security.

ARTHUR KIRK.
fe1:k8

SECURITY AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELING COMMUNITY.

J. B. HARRIS' SAFETY FIRE JACKET,

Car Heater and Moderator,

For SMOKE AND HOT AIR FLUES, dispensing with the use of Stoves and Fires in or about the Passenger or Baggage Cars, with the attachment to regulate the heat to any temperature that may be desired without the possibility of firing the car or cars to which the Jacket may be attached.

Having obtained of the United States Letters Patent for a Safety Jacket which is warranted to resist the most intense heat that may be applied to it in the position and purpose for which it is intended, it is a sure protection from accidents by fire, originating from defective flues, or where iron pipes are used as conductors for smoke or heat. It is applicable to all piping that may become overheated, and is warranted to give perfect satisfaction where wood or other combustible material may be placed in close proximity thereto. I am now ready to apply my invention to stores, dwellings, facteries, ships, steamboats, railroad cars, &c., wherever pipes as conductors are made dangerous by being overheated and security desired. I will sell, on application, rights to manufacture or to use the above invention; also, territorial rights, to such as may wish to engage in selling privileges, either by State or county.

J. B. HARRIS.

Office at the "NE PLUS ULTRA PAINT WORKS," corner of Morris street and the Allegheny Valley Railroad, Ninth Ward, Pittsburgh, Pa.
fe28:s40

NOTICE TO OWNERS OF DRAYS, HACKS, &c.

Notice is hereby given to all owners of Drays, Carts, Carriages, Buggies, &c., whether resident or non-resident in the City of Pittsburgh, to pay their Licenses at the Treasurer's Office of the City of Pittsburgh FORTHWITH, in accordance with an Act of Assembly, approved March 30th, 1860, and an Ordinance of the Councils of the City of Pittsburgh, passed April 16, 1860.

All Licenses not paid on or before MAY 15, 1868, will be placed in the hands of the Chief of Police for collection, subject to his fee of 50 cents for the collection thereof, and all persons who neglect or refuse to take out Licenses will be subject to a penalty, to be recovered before the Mayor, double the amount of the License.

The old metal plates of previous years must be returned at the time Licenses are taken out, or pay 25 cents therefor.

RATES OF LICENSE:

Each One Horse Vehicle	$ 7 50
Each Two Horse "	12 00
Each Four Horse "	15 00
Each Two Horse Hack	15 00

Omnibuses and Timber Wheels drawn by Two Horses, Eighteen Dollars each. For each additional Horse used in any of the above vehicles, One Dollar.

SAMUEL ALLINDER,
City Treasurer.

PITTSBURGH, February 18, 1868.

MARBLE & SLATE MANTLES,

AT THE

PITTSBURGH STEAM MARBLE AND SLATE WORKS.

Office and Warerooom—319 and 321 LIBERTY STREET. Mantle Warerooom on second floor.

Persons wanting Marble or Slate Mantles will find it to their interest to call. Workmanship not excelled in any place, and prices as low as in Eastern cities. Marble Mantles or Furniture Slabs which have become discolored by smoke, oils or acids, can be Marbleized and made to look as well as new.

There is no other place in Western Pennsylvania where Slate Mantles are manufactured.

All kinds of Marble Work done in the best manner. Marble Cutters supplied with Sawed Marble at Eastern prices, carriage added.

W. W. WALLACE.
no13:d

ORDINANCES.

PITTSBURGH.

AN ORDINANCE

Granting the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company Permission to Erect Poles.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That the privilegebe and is hereby granted to the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company to erect two Telegraph Poles on O'Hara street, between Pike street and Liberty street, and three along the Steubenville Railroad, from the corner of Second street to the Steubenville Railroad Bridge.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 10th day of March, A. D. 1868.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council.

Approved this 18th day of March, A. D. 1868.
mh20:n7 JAMES BLACKMORE, Mayor.

AN ORDINANCE authorizing the

Grading, Paving and Curbing of Mulberry Alley,

From Smith street to Taylor street.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the grading, paving and curbing of Mulberry alley, from Smith street to Taylor street, and to let the same in the manner directed by an ordinance concerning streets, passed August 31st, 1857; also, an Act concerning streets, approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 11th day of March, A. D. 1868.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council.

Approved this 18th day of March, 1868.
mh19:m96 JAMES BLACKMORE, Mayor.

AN ORDINANCE authorizing the

Grading, Paving and Curbing of Smallman Street,

From Morton street to Taylor street.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the grading, paving and curbing of Smallman street, from Morton street to Taylor street, and to let the same in the manner directed by an ordinance concerning streets, passed August 31st, 1857; also, an Act concerning streets, approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 11th day of March, A. D. 1868.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council.

Approved this 18th day of March, 1868.
mh19:m97 JAMES BLACKMORE, Mayor.

AN ORDINANCE authorizing the

Grading, Paving and Curbing of Vine Street.

From Pennsylvania Avenue to Reed street.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the grading, paving and curbing of Vine street, from Pennsylvania avenue to Reed street, and to let the same in the manner directed by an ordinance concerning streets, passed August 31st, 1857; also, an Act concerning streets, approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 11th day of March, A. D. 1868.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council.

Approved this 18th day of March, A. D. 1868.
mh19:m95 JAMES BLACKMORE, Mayor.

AN ORDINANCE authorizing the

Grading, Paving and Curbing of Centre Avenue,

From Dinwiddie street to Kirkpatrick street.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the grading, paving and curbing of Centre Avenue, from Dinwiddie street to Kirkpatrick street, and to let the same in the manner directed by an ordinance concerning streets, passed August 31st, 1857; also, an Act concerning streets, approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 11th dry of March, A. D. 1868.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council.

Approved this 18th day of March, 1868.
mh19:m99 JAMES BLACKMORE, Mayor.

AN ORDINANCE authorizing the

Grading, Paving and Curbing of Allegheny Street,

From Penn Street to Liberty Street.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the grading, paving and curbing of Allegheny street, from Penn street to Liberty street, and to let the same in the manner directed by an Ordinance concerning streets, passed August 31st, 1847; also, an Act concerning streets, approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law this 11th day of February, A. D. 1868.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Councils.
Attest: HUGH McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council.

Approved this 18th day of March, 1868.
mh19:m94 JAMES BLACKMORE, Mayor.

ALLEGHENY.

ORDINANCE to RE-GRADE and RE-PAVE YOUNG'S ALLEY.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That the Committee on Streets be and they are hereby authorized to advertise and receive proposals for the re-grading and re-paving of Young's Alley for such length as is necessary to make the grade correspond with the profile of the grade of the same, on file in the City Engineer's Office, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. The cost and expenses of said improvements shall be borne by James Boyd, nor shall this ordinance go into effect until said Boyd shall have filed his bond in the office of the City Controller that he will assume and pay the entire cost of said improvements.

SEC. 3. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the 12th day of March, A. D. 1868.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.
J. S. SLAGLE,
President of Common Council.

Attest:
D. MACFERRON, Clerk of Select Council.
R. DILWORTH, Clerk of Common Council. mh19

RESOLUTION to open PERRY STREET.

Resolved, By the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, That Perry street, in the Third Ward, be and it is hereby opened from its present termination to the Troy Hill road, and that JAMES GRAHAM, JOHN CUNNINGHAM and THOMAS SMITH, freeholders, be and they are hereby appointed viewers to view and assess the damages and benefits in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Assembly, approved May 1st, A. D. 1861, and that the Clerks of Councils notify them of their appointment.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the 13th day of March, A. D. 1868.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of the Select Council.
J. S. SLAGLE,
President of the Common Council.

Attest:
D. MACFERRON, Clerk of Select Council.
R. DILWORTH, Clerk of Common Council. mh19

BELTING.—Leather and Gum Belting; also, Gum Hose, Steam Packing, Gaskets, &c., of the best quality and at lowest prices, and warranted to give satisfaction; also, Lace Leather, Rivets, &c., always on hand and for sale, wholesale and retail, by

J. & H. PHILLIPS,
fe10 26 and 28 St. Clair street.

PROFESSIONAL.

JOS. A. BUTLER,

ALDERMAN AND POLICE MAGISTRATE.

Office, 126 WYLIE STREET, near Washington, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments, Depositions, Collections, and all other legitimate business executed promptly. mh20:n9

SAMUEL McMASTERS,

ALDERMAN,

Ex-Officio Justice of the Peace and Police Magistrate. Office, GRANT STREET, opposite the Cathedral, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments, Depositions, and all Legal Business executed with promptness and dispatch. mh16

EUSTACE S. MORROW,

ALDERMAN,

EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE AND POLICE MAGISTRATE.

OFFICE, NO. 73 PENNA. AVENUE, PITTSBURGH, PA.

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JOSEPH M. GAZZAM.....J. R. BUTTERFIELD,
G. M. M'MASTER.

M'MASTER, GAZZAM & BUTTERFIELD,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW,

And Solicitors in Bankruptcy,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

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Je15:TTS

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DANIEL McMEAL, M. D.,

PRACTICING PHYSICIAN,

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE,

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ap20:x71

J. S. FERGUSON,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

No. 89 Fifth Street,

SECOND FLOOR, FRONT ROOM. ap1:w73

W. A. LEWIS,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

No. 99 Diamond Street,

mh5:n8 PITTSBURGH, PA.

JOHN W. RIDDELL,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Office, No. 135 Fourth Street,

fe15:t44 PITTSBURGH, PA.

H. C. MACKRELL,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,

No. 89 Grant Street,

my24:l25 PITTSBURGH, PA.

JOHN A. STRAIN,

ALDERMAN,

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Engagement of the incomparable young artiste,

LOTTA. LOTTA. LOTTA.

MONDAY EVENING, March 23, 1868, the performance will commence with the beautiful comedy of the

PET OF THE PETTICOATS.

Paul, the Pet.....Lotta.

To conclude with the glorious farce of

NAN, THE GOOD-FOR-NOTHING.

Nan.....Lotta.

In preparation, Charles Dickens' and John Brougham's LITTLE NELL and the MARCHIONESS.

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TUESDAY EVENING, March 24th,

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CITY AND SUBURBAN.

District Elections.

Following are the officers elected in county districts on Friday, 20th inst:

WEST DEER TOWNSHIP.

Assessor, Hugh R. Hamilton. Supervisors, John Carnahan and Thomas Campbell. School Directors, C. R. McElheny and Robt. Marshall. Judge of Elections, John Carnahan. Inspector, Robert Herron. Auditor. William S. Canning. Town Clerk, Jno. P. Conley. Constable, Martin Gibson.

PENN TOWNSHIP.

Justice of the Peace, James Duff. Supervisors, John Hershey and Christ Stottler. School Directors, James Ralston and H. McD. Morrow. Judge of Elections, Joseph Hughey. Inspector, S. Swartzwelder. Return Inspectors—J. L. Stottler and Matt. Long, (each received fifty votes). Assessor, —— Houghtelin. Constable, Ephraim Kent. Auditor, Matthew Taylor. Town Clerk, C. Snively.

BALDWIN TOWNSHIP.

Judge of Elections, S. B. Moon. Supervisors, Jacob Horning and O. J. Garvis. School Directors, F. Ferkinson, A. Hays and S. Cooley. Inspector, N. Hogg. Assessor, H. B. Wightman. Auditor, N. Hogel. Town Clerk, William Cowan, Jr. Constable, John Gilleland.

SEWICKLEY BOROUGH.

Burgess, Robert Watson. Assistant Burgess, Frank M. Hutchinson. Council, Theodore H. Nevin, Samuel McKelvy, Wm. Harbaugh, John A. Warden, Butler C. Christy, David Anderson. School Directors, Theodore H. Nevin, David R. Kerr. Judge of Election, Miles Scott. Inspector of Election, Samuel McMasters. Auditor, John McIlwaine. Assessor, Wm. Miller, Constable, Joseph Holsinger.

BOROUGH OF BRADDOCKS.

Burgess, Isaac Mills. Council, Joseph McCune, W. McAdams, James Horton, F. Sewalt, A. McCauley. Judge of Election, Isaac Mills, Jr. Inssectors, Walker McDowell, Jesse McCune. School Directors, James McCleary, James Carson, George M. Young. Assessor, Samuel Guthrie. Constable, James T. Getty.

UNION TOWNSHIP.

School Directors, F. C. Negley, three years; John R. Neeld, three years. Justice of the Peace, Bernard Young. Judge of Election, F. C. Negley. Inspector of Election, Jonathan Thompson. Assessor, Austin C. Wooster. Constable, Isaac Prescott. Supervisors, Samuel C. Lewis, Isaac Prescott. Auditor, Thomas Stevenson. Township Clerk, Isaac Prescott.

BOROUGH OF BELLVUE.

Burgess, Samuel Claney. Justices of the Peace, Samuel Claney, Andrew Bayne. Council, Hugh Forrester, Emory Gleason, James J. East, Richard Straw, William A. Rodgers. School Directors, Thomas Bakewell, three years; James J. East, three years; Richard Straw, two years; William Roseburg, two yaars; John Snodgrass, one year; Hugh Claney, one year. Auditor, Robert Davis. Assessor, James Sterritt. Judge of Election, M. Hunnings. Inspectors, William Miller, Dr. Benjamin W. Preston.

NEVILLE TOWNSHIP.

Justice, Wm. H. Hamilton. School Directors, Wm. A. Shanks, M. H. McCabe, J. S. Hamilton, Geo. H. Cole. Supervisors, Archibald Hamilton, Wm. Shanks. Auditors, J. S. Hamilton, Benjamin Walters. Clerk, John H. Hamilton. Treasurer, Jno. H. Hamilton, Judge, Isaac Whittaker. Inspector, John Robinson.

RESERVE TOWNSHIP.

Justices, Christian Beckert, George W. Evans. School Directors, George W. Day, Charles Ford, John Herchenroether, Rudolph Luetz, Wm. Neeb, Jacob Beckert. Assessor, John Voeghtley, Sr. Assistant, Christian Bowen. Judge, John Winkleman. Inspectors, G. H. Beckert, Wm. Sanders. Clerk, George H. Beckert. Supervisor, John Winkleman. Auditor, Rudolph Luetz. Treasurer, Samuel Andregg. Constable, Fred. Mohr.

CHARTIERS TOWNSHIP.

Supervisor, Owen McGovern. Assessor, Owen McGovern. School Directors, Owen Flanigan, Samuel Duff and Wm. Simcox. Auditor, Moses Chess. Judge of Elections, Hugh Roberts. Inspector, E. J. Scully. Constable, Samuel Ault. Town Clerk, Owen McGovern.

INDIANA TOWNSHIP,

Justice of the Peace, Benjamin Douthett; Constable, John Meader; School Directors, John Campbell, G. Robinson and Joseph Barton; Judges of Election, W. W. Shaw; Inspector, Joseph Hutchinson; Return Inspector, R. W. Caupel; Assessor, W. A. Caupel; Auditor, Wm. Phillery: Town Clerk, Jacob Thompson; Supervisors, John Hesinger, Sr., Jacob Weber, Francis Gibson and Christian Wise; Constable, Peter Weber.

SHALER TOWNSHIP.

School Directors, Charles Lutz, George Keil. Supervisors, James Galbraith, Geo. Bowman. Judge of Elections, William Semple, Inspector, John B. Miller. Return Inspector, Jno. A. Farmerie. Assessor, J. L. Elsesser. Constable, Charles Eichenlaub. Auditor, John D. Hieber.

M'CLURE TOWNSHIP.

Judge of Elections, W. F. Richardson; Inspectors, James McChesney, Thos. Boyd; School Directors, W. P. Porter, two years, Robert Forrester, three years, Benjamin Crowther, three years; Supervisor. F. J. Malaney; Auditors, C. H. Hartman, two years, Thomas Pyette, three years; Treasurer, C. Garber; Assessor, Robert H. Kerr; Township Clerk, William Hartman; Constable, Thomas H. White.

Destructive Fire in East Birmingham—Three Buildings Burned to Ashes and one Partially Destroyed.

A disastrous fire occurred in East Birmingham about eight o'clock last evening, by which three frame houses, at the corner of Oliver and Sarah streets, were totally consumed, as was also the furniture, household goods and clothing of the occupants, and a double brick house adjoining on Oliver street partially destroyed. The fire originated in the second story of the second house from the corner, which was occupied by William Pearce, and before it was discovered the flames had made such progress as to barely allow the family to escape with their lives. From this the fire communicated to the adjoining house, occupied by Mr. Levake, which was also consumed in a few moments, and from which none of the furniture or household goods were saved. By this time a double brick house on Oliver street, occupied by a Mr. Sankey, which adjoined the last mentioned building, and the frame house on the corner, which was unoccupied, were both on fire, and in a few moments the latter was in ashes. The former, not being of such inflammable material, did not burn so rapidly, in consequence of which the occupants were enabled to remove a greater portion of their furniture. The South Side fire companies and the Duquesne from this city were on the ground, and rendered effective service. The buildings, we are informed, were all owned by Mr. John Finch, whose loss will not fall far short of $15,000, on which there is probably a full insurance. Mr. Pierce and Mr. Levake will be the greatest sufferers, as their household goods and clothing were destroyed. Their loss is estimated at $1,000 each. Mr. Sankey, we are informed, will loose considerable, but not so much as the others. The fire, as stated, originated on the second floor of the house occupied by Pierce, and must have been burning for a considerable time before it was discovered. How it originated we were unable to learn.

Smithson, Vanhook & McClelland.—The real estate sales of this enterprising firm for the week ending Saturday amounted to $73,220. This is really doing a land office business. Parties having property to dispose of will be consulting their own interest by putting it under the charge of the above named firm, at 55 and 57 Fifth street.

The Police Uniform—Who Should Pay for them?

Since the Mayor and Police Committee have decided to uniform the police, the question, "Who is to pay for the uniform?" very naturally arises, and is being generally discussed. The Committee have decided, we believe, that each man shall pay for his uniform, or at least for a portion of it, and of course that is an end of the matter. But the policemen, and many others, think the city should bear the expense. There is a diversity of opinion and neither side of the case is without some argument to sustain it. The authorities say that they will furnish the uniforms to the men at contract price, which will evideutly be a much lower figure than policemen could supply themselves with clothing of that quality, and as the men derive the benefit they should pay for their clothing. This appears to be a plausible and sufficient argument; but when met by the argument from the opposite side it loses much of its force. The policemen say they have no objection to urge against the cost of the uniforms; but by the time they are furnished, three months at least of the term for which they are appointed, will have expired, leaving them but seven months to serve, and should they be relieved from the force at the expiration of that time, the clothing will be of no account to them. In addition to this, the cloth of which the uniforms are to be made is of a finer quality, and not so well adapted to the rough usage a policeman's clothing is sometimes compelled to undergo, as goods they can purchase for less money. Many of the men comprising the present force, have families entirely dependent upon their monthly pay for support, which is hardly sufficient for the purpose, and if they are required to give thirty-five or forty dollars of a month's salary for a new uniform, the remaining portion will be insufficient to meet the wants of their families.

It is asserted that if the policemen are not willing to pay for the uniforms they can resign, as there are plenty of others willing to accept the position upon such terms. This, perhaps, is true; but are they competent and reliable men? We doubt it; but admitting they are, would it be, or is it just to impose upon these men conditions not in the original contract? When the men comprising the present police force were engaged it was with an express understanding that the contract was for the term of the present Mayor, unless discharged for misconduct, at a stipulated salary, and there being nothing said in the agreement relating to uniforms, it was of course understoood that they furnish their own clothes, of a quality to suit their own taste or convenience. By accepting the conditions of this contract, and becoming members of the police force, many of them have, doubtless, deprived themselves of opportunities to accept other situations, and to discharge them from the force now, for refusing to purchase uniforms in accordance with an arbitrary rule of the Police Committee, subjecting them to unforeseen expense, unprovided for in the contract with the city, would be anything but justice. Each officer should pay for his clothing, and they should all be uniformed; but the authorities have no right to violate the contract made with their appointees and compel them to bear the expense of an improvement by which the citizens, and not themselves, are to be benefitted. Why not adopt the principle on which the Government clothes her soldiers? Allow them a stipulated amount per month for clothing and the authorities prescribe the kind, or furnish it, if they see proper.

By adoptiug this plan, the Mayor would have control of the uniforms, and if one man was careless and abused his clothes, could give him other and charge the cost to him, and by this means the uniforms would be better cared for, or kept in better condition, and those who derive the benefit from the improvement would have to pay for it.

The objection urged against the city furnishing the uniforms is the expense it will incur; but those who urge it should remember that forty-five dollars is a much greater expense on the policeman who has a family to keep on his pay of two dollars per day, than forty-five hundred dollars to the city of Pittsburgh, the wealth of which is counted by millions.

Body Found—Coroner's Inquest.

Friday evening the body of an unknown man was found in the Ohio river, at Brunot's Island, by two men while crossing the river in a skiff. The deceased was about five feet ten inches high, and weighed about one hundred and ninety pounds; had black hair and was slightly bald; wore a goatee on the chin, and was apparently about forty years of age. The body when found was dressed in a red and black barred country flannel shirt, black and red barred vest, black cassimere coat and green barred pants, kip boots, newly footed, a barred woolen comfort. In the pocket was a buckskin purse with steel clasp, containing two ten cent notes and three coppers. From appearances the body had lain in the water three or four months. Coroner Clawson held an inquest upon the body yesterday morning, when the jury rendered a verdict of "found drowned." The body was interred in Hilldale Cemetery by R. T Rodney, Allegheny.

Attempted Suicide.

A teamster, residing in the Sixth ward, attempted to "shuffle off this mortal coil" Saturday evening, in consequence of the extravagance of his wife, who, he alleges, requires the enormous sum of five dollars per week to provide for herself, her husband and a child. Having fully made up his mind not to submit to this extravagance, and not knowing how to prevent it, he decided to reduce the family one in number by taking a dose of poison. He accordingly went round and bid his friends farewell on Friday evening, and on Saturday procured arsenic enough to kill six men, all of which he swallowed. A physician was sent for and an antidote prepared, but the determined man refused to take it. A few minutes later, however, he changed his determination, and was apparently as anxious to live as he had been to die. The antidote was taken and the man was saved. He was very foolish to waste so much arsenic.

Sudden Death—Inquest.

Coroner Clawson held an inquest yesterday on the body of Callie Roth, an illegitimate son of Mary Hartman, aged four months. The mother was at the City Farm at the time the child was born, shortly after which she left there and went to Mount Washington to reside with her sister. She remained there but a short time. however, and it appears returned to the Farm on account of the ill-health of the child. A few weeks ago she left there again and came to the city, and has been living with a black woman, on Carpenter's alley, in the Sixth ward, where the child died very suddenly yesterday morning. Dr. Batten was called to examine the body, and was of opinion that the child had died of water on the brain. The jury returned a verdict of death from natural causes.

Burglars Again.

Unmistakable evidences of an attempted burglary were visible Saturday morning at the store of S. Roedelheim & Co. The first attempt was about three o'clock, at a window in the rear of the building, which, for some cause, was relinquished. The second was at the front door, where they doubtless would have been successful had not one of the occupants of the room heard the noise and called the police, which frightened the thieves away. They had, however, by the use of a "jimmy," succeeded in forcing the iron bar which holds the door on the inside from its fastenings. These rogues are a greater annoyance than the men who sell goods by sample without license, and we would suggest that they receive like attention from the police authorities.

THE COURTS.

District Court—Full Bench.

Christopher Dorer vs. Borough of Birmingham. Motion for new trial.

Common Pleas—Full Bench.

In the matter of the Juniata Building and Loan Association. Application for charter. Final decree made.

Eliza J. Young vs. R. M. Young. In divorce. Subpœna awarded.

In the matter of the incorporation of All Saints Church. Final decree made.

Mary Quartz vs. J. A. Quartz. In divorce. Subpœna awarded.

In the matter of the application for charter for Valley Church of McClure towhship. Preliminary order made.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Mellon.

The following sentences were pronounced on Saturday:

Robert Williamson, convicted of the larceny of a box of tobacco, on an information made by William Brown, was sentenced to the Penitentiary for one year.

Bartley Davis, convicted on the 29th inst., on a charge of stealing a box of glass, which was preferred by Thomas A. Hinton, was sentenced to the Penitentiary for one year.

Robert Blose, who pleaded guilty to a charge of affiliation, was sentenced to pay a fine of one dollar, the costs of prosecution, $30 to the prosecutrix, and the sum of $1,50 per week for five years.

Firemen's Relief Association—An Old Organization to be Revived.

On the 21st day of May, 1838, a society was organized in this city for the purpose of relieving the wants of disabled firemen, called the "Firemen's Relief Association," by the election of the following officers:

President, Wm. Eichbaum; Vice-President, J. P. Bakewell; Treasurer, John T. Logan; Secretary, J. E. Wainwright; Assistant Secretary, J. P. Pears. The Board of Trustees consisted of the gentlemen mentioned above; also, John Hays, John McFadden, Wm. Larimer, Jr., Morgan Jenkins, E. S. Neal, Wm. Hart, and Wm. Gormly.

The organization continued in full life and origin until 1845, at which time the books and papers connected with it were nearly all destroyed, since when there has never been a regular meeting.

It appears that at the last regular meeting Mr. Logan, the Treasurer, had in his hands funds of the Association amounting to $1,200, which has increased from interest and investment to the present time to a sum approximating $4,000. Mr. Logan is anxious to get this money out of his hands. In order to do so, in connection with Mr. E. Gregg and Joseph Brown, he called a meeting of the Association for Saturday evening. The meeting was attended by a number of the members of the present Fire Department, and a temporary organization effected by calling Edward Gregg to the Chair and appointing J. T. McElroy Secretary. A copy of the Constitution of the original society, probably the only one in existence, was produced and read, after which, owing to the absence of Mr. Gormly, the only member of the Board of Trustees now living except Mr. Logan, no business was transacted, and the Society adjourned to meet at three o'clock P. M. tomorrow.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were admitted of record by H. Snively, Esq., Recorder, Friday, March 20th, 1868:

George Finley to Miss Celina Wilson, Jan. 16, 1868, lots Nos. 10 and 12 in George Finley's plan of lots in Collins township $500

Albert Courtney to J. A. Courtney, Jan. 14, 1868, lot in Ohio township on the new Beaver road, containing 158 perches.. $250

Edward Maginn to Charles Maginn, August 29, 1867, the undivided half of lots No. 5 and 6 in McDonald's plan of lots in Allegheny City, on Church avenue, 44 by 96 feet, with buildings $10,000

John Carnaghan to Thomas Love, March 30th, 1816, tract of land in Deer township, containing 5 acres $1

Mary Sommerville to Mary J. Proudfoot, March 20, 1868, lot on Beaver street, Second ward, Allegheny, 40 by 100 feet, with buildings $4,000

Richard P. Smith to James Wilson, March 20, 1867, lot on Beaver street, Allegheny, 20 by 107 feet $1,550

Joseph Dulles to William H. Gordon, May 3, 1866, lot on Juniata street, Manchester, 13 by 129 feet $300

Anthony Weipel et al. to Rev. Fred. Schiedt, Jan. 2, 1868, tract of land in Ohio township, containing 6 acres $1,500

Rev. Fred. Schiedt to H. P. Mueller, Jan. 3, 1868, the undivided half of the above described property $750

John Keys to James C. Reymer, March 10, 1868, lot No. 44 Hamilton street, Sixth ward, Allegheny, 24 by 130 feet..... $1,050

Toothsome Remarks.

It is a very well established fact and one generally conceded, that the extensive and well managed dental laboratory of Dr. Quincey A. Scott, No. 278 Penn street, stands equally high in public confidence and estimation with any in the State. Through long and persevering study and application Dr. Scott has succeeded in thoroughly mastering every department of the dental science and his work of every description bears the impress of superiority. With greatly enlarged facilities, new machinery, and every branch of his establishment re-organized, Dr. Scott is now prepared to meet promptly all demands for work made upon him. He furnishes teeth which rival nature and can be worn with perfect ease and convenience, at prices ranging from ten dollars per set and upwards. His lower priced sets are worthy the attention of the economical, being very well made, neat and durable. The better qualities will prove all that could be desired both in point of comfort and economy. Dr. Scott attends to all sorts of dental surgery, and where persons desire to purchase a full set their teeth are extracted without charge and without pain. Readers will not fail to make a memorandum of the place, No. 278 Penn street.

Stall Fed Beef.

George Warren, of Brush Creek, Marshall township, on the northern border of this county, has distinguished himself for the splendid quality of the beeves which he occasionally sends to our markets. Five remarkable bullocks of his feeding week purchased last week for the Allegheny shambles. The lovers of choice beef, who like, when carving their roast, to see the sweet animal juices following the knife, and can appreciate the rich savour which it indicates, can gratify their tastes however critical or fastidious, by calling on Tuesday morning at the stall of J. F. Beilstein, No. 39, or that of Peter Farley, No. 69, in the Allegheny market, when and where there will be a display of this remarkable beef, and where the aforesaid popular butchers will be glad to wait upon a host of new customers in addition to a host of old ones.

Child Found Dead—Coroner's Inquest.—Yesterday morning Coroner Clawson held an inquest on the body of Albert Miller, a child four months old, which it appears was found dead in the bed with its father and mother at seven o'clock in the morning. Dr. Batten was called to examine the body, and stated to the jury that death resulted from heart disease and congestion of the lungs, upon which the verdict was found. The parents of the child reside on Pennsylvania avenue, in the Eighth ward.

Committed for Trial.—Patrick Shannon, charged with the larceny of a watch, an account of which we published Saturday, had a hearing before the Mayor Saturday evening, and in default of $500 bail for his appearance at Court was committed to jail.

Alleged Perjury.

Frank Dishler, charged with perjury on oath of August Backhouse, an account of which was published in the GAZETTE of Friday, had a hearing before Alderman Thomas on Saturday. The prosecutor alleges that the defendant swore falsely in a case tried in the United States Court recently, in which Michael Thieken was indicted for a violation of the revenue laws. Michael Thieken testified as follows: Was defendant in the case tried in the United States Court; Dishler was a witness; heard his testimony; he swore that he saw me put false stamps on ale barrels; afterwards said one stamp. He also said in reply to a question by the prosecution that he saw August Backhouse, Henry Piper and Joseph Jones put false stamps on ale barrels, all of which was false as to myself, also as to the others to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Several other witnesses were called who testified as to what Dishler had sworn to on the trial, corroborating the testimony of Mr. Thieken in that particular, after which the defendant waived a further hearing and entered bail in the sum of $500 for his appearance at Court.

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—The present week will doubtless be the most brilliant of the season at the Opera House, in consequence of the popular young actress, Lotta, which commences this evening. She has been the acknowledged favorite of the season, where she has graced the boards with her presence and are confident that her incomparable talent will be fully appreciated in Pittsburgh. She appears to-night as Paul the Pet, in "the Pet of the Petticoats," in which she has no equal. The entertainment will conclude with "Nan, the Good-for-Nothing." Seats can be secured at the box office, and we would advise all who desire to witness a good entertainment to secure seats.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.—The Theatre Comique, under the management of Fred Aimes, is doing an extensive business. The entertainment is varied, and in every sense a complete success. The performance of the Goldin brothers, acrobats and gymnasts, excels anything of the kind we have ever witnessed. M'lle Annetti Galletti, the celebrated danseuse, supported by Mrs. Cardella, will appear to-night.

A Household Luxury.

The Grover & Baker sewing machine commends itself to everybody who will give it a fair trial. It performs its work in an admirable manner, and much neater than the most skillful hand sewer can accomplish. It is sold at a reasonable low price, the quality of furniture being the principal graduating cause of increase or decrease in the value of the various styles of machines offered for sale. No household is complete without a famous Grover & Baker, and there are hundreds in this neighborhood who add willing testimony to its great worth and indispensible character. The new and magnificent salesrooms opened by a branch of the Philadelphia agency for this city, and in charge of Mr. James Treadwell, in McCallum's Iron Building, No. 51 Fifth street, has met with a large share of patronage since they opened. Here there will be found, in addition to a very fine assortment of machines, the thread, needles, sewing silk, etc., etc., which are used by the machines, all of which are sold at very reasonable prices.

Fire on Webster Street.

At ten minutes past two o'clock yesterday morning an alarm of fire was given from Box 56, at Webster and Arthur streets, occasioned by a fire in a one story frame house on Webster street near Gum, owned by Capt. Wm. Ward, and occupied by Mrs. Drew, a colored woman. The firemen were promptly on the ground with their apparatus, but owing to the inflammable nature of the building it was impossible to save it. The flames spread to the building adjoining it, but the engines having got into service soon extinguished them. The first building, however, was destroyed with all the furniture and goods that were in it. We did not learn how the fire originated.

Selling Goods by Sample Without License.—G. W. Gillespie a few days since arrested John Wilson, agent of Moore & Hill, wholesale spice dealers in New York, on a charge of selling goods by sample without a license, which it appears is forbidden by act of April 12, 1851, and its supplements, under a penalty of $300 and imprisonment not exceeding thirty days, one-half the fine accruing to the commonwealth, and the other to the informer. A partial hearing was had in the case Saturday, and it will be concluded to-day, if not compromised.

Passenger Railway Meeting.—A meeting of the Board of Directors of the Federal street and Pleasant Valley Passenger Railway was held on Saturday afternoon at Gray's Hotel, Allegheny. No particular business was transacted further than the designation of places for the opening of the books of subsciption, (notice given elsewhere,) and the issuing of a call for a meeting of the stockholders, at the same place, on Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Election of Officers.—The following officers were yesterday elected by the Brotherhood of St. Joseph to serve for the ensuing year: President, Jacob Porter. Vice President, Owen Nary. Chief Marshal, Dr. George H. Keyser. Secretary, M. C. Milligan. Stewards, H. A. Diamond, Patrick Donnelly, Dennis Farrell. This is one of the most thriving and prosperous benevolent associations in our city, and numbers many of our most respected citizens.

Stable Burned.—On Friday evening a fire occurred in a stable located on Franklin alley, Second ward, Allegheny, which resulted in its total destruction. The alarm was given, and the prompt service of the firemen prevented the flames from spreading to adjoining buildings, which were in imminent danger. The stable was owned by Rev. Mr. Newell, and was well stocked with hay and feed. The origin of the fire was not ascertained.

Sale of Real Estate.—That valuable business property, corner of Third and Smithfield streets, at present occupied by Messrs. Mattern & Young, front forty-eight feet on Smithfield street, running back sixty feet on Third street to an alley, was sold last week to Simon Johnson, the well known druggist, for the sum of thirty thousand dollars, cash. Although the figures are large we deem this a good investment.

Taken to the Penitentiary.—Bartley Davis, tried and convicted last Friday of the larceny of a box of glass from the Monongahela wharf, and Robert Williamson, convicted of the larceny of a caddy of tobacco from the steamboat Echo, were sentenced on Saturday to an imprisonment of one year each in the Penitentiary, and were taken to that institution by Deputy Sheriff Cluley.

Taken to Dixmont.—Patrick Monahan, charged with placing obstructions on the track of the Pennsylvania railroad, in July last, by which a train was wrecked, and James Mahoney, a colored man, who shot a white man at Sharpsburg some time since, having been adjudged insane were by order of Court taken to Dixmont, on Saturday by Deputy Sheriff Stubbs.

Personal.—Rt. Rev. Dr. Magill, the learned and venerable Bishop of Richmond, Va., was in the city yesterday, the guest of Rt. Rev. Bishop Domenec. He occupied the pulpit of St. Paul's Cathedral last evening, preaching to an immense audience.

Thanks.—We have received from Mr. J. Ludewig, the well known billiardist, card photographs of a famous billiard sketch by Blythe, in India ink, by Earle, the original of which is in the donor's possession.

Mercantile Library Lectures.

The course of lectures of the Mercantile Library Association, during the present season, have been a decided success. They have been peculiarly fortunate in the selection of lecturers who, in every instance, have rendered the most general satisfaction. This evening John B. Gough, the celebrated temperance lecturer, will deliver a lecture on Temperance; Tuesday evening, Curiosity; Wednesday evening, Eloquence and Orators. As a temperance lecturer Mr. Gough is unequaled. The subject matter of his lecture is always clear and comprehensive to the minds of his hearers, his arguments forcible and his eloquence pleasing. The sale of secured seats will be continued at the Library Rooms, Seats may be secured for either night, or for the three, and those wishing to hear him should not fail to secure seats early, as the house will doubtless be crowded.

Alleged Seduction.—On Saturday Elizabeth Sharp made information before Alderman Neillie, of Allegheny City, charging Joseph Smeltz with seduction under promise of marriage. The accused, who is only eighteen years of age, was arrested and lodged in jail for a hearing to-day at two o'clock.

Committed for a Hearing.—David Wayand, David Hawthorn, Andrew Dalzell and John Winterstein, charged before Alderman Donaldson, on oath of W. K. McMullen, with the larceny of a quantity of tobacco, were arrested Saturday and in default of bail committed to jail for a hearing to-day.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—The snow storm continued unabated at New York, on Saturday afternoon, and travel was much impeded. Considerable damage was done; many buildings were injured and windows broken. The rafters of the new market house at the foot of East Sixteenth street were blown down while the workmen were at dinner. The pilot boat Edmund Blunt went ashore in the Bay and bilged. Two Jersey ferry boats collided, but were not materially damaged. No trains arrived on the Erie and Harlem roads during the day, and those on the Jersey Central and from the South were much behind. Eastern trains were stopped entirely.

—At Cincinnati, on Saturday, the jury in a libel suit brought by M. W. Myers, claiming ten thousand dollars damages against M. Halstead, one of the proprietors of the Cincinnati *Commercial*, failed to agree and were discharged. It is understood that the jury stood eight for defendant, two for one cent damages, and one for a larger amount.

—The steamship Arizona, from Aspinwall, March 15th, arrived at New York yesterday. She brings one million one hundred and sixty-eight thousand in treasure; also arrived, the steamship City of Cork, from Liverpool February 26th and Queenstown February 27th, via Halifax March 19th.

—The Erie Directors are at Taylor's Hotel, Jersey City. No further attempt has been made on their liberty. An injunction has been granted restraining the Receiver appointed by Judge Barnard from acting, but it has not been served.

—The Merchant's Exchange of St. Louis have passed resolutions requesting the Missouri Legislature to authorize the city to submit the question of guaranteeing four million of bridge company's bonds to a vote of the people.

—The snow storm at Boston was the severest of the season, and continued on Saturday. Travel was much impeded,

—The Oregon Democratic Convention declared in favor of Pendleton for President.

—A sloop capsized on Friday off Cape May and four men were drowned.

CITY ITEMS.

For Monday, March 23d.

At William Semple's, 180 and 182 Federal street, Allegheny:

At 62½. Irish Corsets at 62½,
White and Colored.

American Poplins,
in the most desirable shades,

3-4 and 5-4, all Wool Delaines, very cheap.

5 Cases Kentucky Jeans at 12½,
slightly damaged.

Good Bleached Muslin, yard wide, 12½.

Heavy Unbleached Muslin at 12½.

Prints at 9, 10 and 12½c.

Delaines at 12½.

Ticking, Check,

Towels and Towelling,

Table Linen,

Irish Linen, &c., &c.

Slight decline in domestics having taken place East, our prices will correspond, at Wm. Semple's, Wholesale and Retail, 180 and 182 Federal street, Allegheny.

"Oh! That will be Joyful!"

When men and women throw "Physic to the dogs," and when a trifle out of order, or to *prevent* getting out of order, take Plantation Bitters. Are you Dyspeptic, Nervous, Jaundiced, Hy'pped, Low Spirited, Weak, or are you sick and don't know what ails you? We have been—and was recommended to try the Plantation Bitters—which we did with great satisfaction and entire success. Delicate Females, Clergymen, Merchants, Lawyers, and persons of Sedentary Habits, are particularly benefited by these Bitters. The sale is perfectly enormous.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—A delightful toilet article—superior to Cologne, and at half the price. MWF&F

To Capitalists.—The books for subscription to the capital stock of the Federal Street and Pleasant Valley Railway Company will be open at Gray's hotel, Jackson street, Second ward, at the office of W. P. Price, Real Estate Agent, No. 33 Ohio street, Allegheny, and at the Pittsburgh Savings Bank, No. 186 and 188 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, until April 2d, 1868.

By order of the Board of Directors.

3t W. M. CLANEY, President.

Furniture, Pianos and Carpets.—Tuesday, March 24, at 10 o'clock, at 55 and 57 Fifth street, will be sold a large assortment of new and second hand furniture, mattings, &c., pianos, new carpets in any quantity to suit purchasers, together with an endless variety of household goods. New office desks and extension tables. Call and examine.

Market Street Property at Auction.—On Tuesday, March 24th, at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, will be sold by auction that desirable business property, 51 and 52 Market street, having a front of 32 feet and extending back to the depth 111 feet to an alley. Sale positive. Rare opportunity for capitalists to invest. See advertisement of Smithson, Vanhook & M'Clelland.

Pardoned.—Charles B. Stein, convicted of the murder of a young man named Roberts, in Temperanceville, nearly two years ago, and sentenced to twelve years imprisonment in the Penitentiary, was pardoned and released on Friday, having served nineteen months of his term. The pardon was obtained upon the ground of ill health.

The purest and sweetest Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh, healthy livers, upon the sea shore; it is perfectly pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it can take none other. Ask for "Hazard and Caswell's Cod Liver Oil, manufactured by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York. Sold by all druggists. M

Great bargains, at Barker's, this day.

The Beaver, Pa., Local is *the* advertising medium in Beaver county—having double the circulation of any paper in the county. m23;3t

Go to Barker's this day.

CITY ITEMS.

Open at Barker's this Day.

5 Cases best quality Prints, in the newest style,
at 12½c. Others as low as 6 1-4c.

10 Cases beautiful quality and styles Ginghams,
at 18 3-4c., and others at 12½c.

5 Cases double width bleached
Sheeting and Pillow Casing, 18 3-4c.

6 Cases Selected Shirting, Long Cloth,
at 12½c., a great bargain, others as low as 6 1-4c.

3 Bales, yard wide unbleached Sheeting,
at 12½c.

2 Bales, very fine and wide unbleached,
do 12½c., others as low as 6 1-4.

1 Case good Ticking
for 12½c. per yard.

1 Case Ticking, yard wide, feather twill,
25c. per yard.

1 Case Shirting Check,
12½c. per yard.

1 Case good Canton Flannel,
15c. per yard.

100 Dozen Linen Towels, White and good quality, 12½c.

45 Dozen Napkins,
$1,75 per dozen, very cheap.

Extraordinary bargains at Barker's this day.

To City and Country Merchants.—Having abundantly supplied ourselves with goods before the late extreme advance in prices, we are prepared to sell at less than eastern prices, and invite an examination of our stock. J. W. BARKER, & Co.,
59 Market street.

Be sure to go to Barker's this day.

Y. M. C. A.—The members of the Young Men's Christian Association are requested to call at the rooms No. 23 Fifth street, before the 20th instant, and settle their annual dues for the present fiscal year. TF.

MARRIED:

KILGORE—GILES.—On Thursday, 18th instant, by the Rev. Alex. Clark, Major SAMUEL KILGORE and Miss SALLIE M. GILES, both of this city.

DIED:

REED.—On Saturday morning, March 21st, at 1½ o'clock, Mrs. LILLY A. REED, in the 58th year of her age.

The funeral will take place at 10 o'clock THIS (Monday,) MORNING, from the residence of her son, Alex. F. Reed, 65 Ledlie street, Allegheny. The friends of the family are respectfully invited.

FINNEY.—At Swissvale, on Saturday, March 21, 1868, LILLIE, eldest daughter of Robert and Anne E. Finney.

Funeral THIS (Monday,) AFTERNOON, March 23d, at 2 o'clock. Carriages will leave the Pennsylvania Railroad Depot, for the Allegheny Cemetery, upon the arrival of the remains of the deceased, at 3 o'clock P. M.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.
REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D. D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob H. Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner of SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

ROBERT T. RODNEY, UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER, No. 45 OHIO STREET, Allegheny, and No. 80 DIAMOND SQUARE, (by John Wilson & Bros.,) keeps always on hands the best Metal, Rosewood, Walnut and imitation Rosewood Coffins. Walnut Coffins from $25 upwards. Rosewood Coffins $20 upwards, all other Coffins in proportion. Carriages and Hearses furnished at low rates. Crape, Gloves, Plate and Engraving furnished gratis. Office open day and night.

EDWARD CZARNIECKI, UNDERTAKER. Office, No. 244 OHIO STREET, Allegheny. Metallic, Rosewood and other Coffins, with a complete stock of Funeral Furnishing Goods, on hand and furnished at shortest notice, at lowest prices. Sale and Livery Stables, corner of First and Middle streets. Carriages, Barouches, Buggies, Saddle Horses, &c., for hire.

MINERAL WATERS.

We are now receiving our SPRING AND SUMMER SUPPLY OF

Saratoga Star Spring Water.

Kissingen Water.

Vichy Water.

Congress Water, &c.

For sale by the bottle, dozen or gross.

SIMON JOHNSTON, Druggist,

Corner Smithfield and Fourth Streets.

MWF

WOODRUFF'S
PATENT PORTABLE BAROMETERS,

Have the following good qualities:

1st—Accuracy. 2d—Portability. 3d—Simplicity. 4th—Durability. 5th—Cheapness. 6th—Elegance of design and beauty. In fact, all the qualifications necessary for a good, reliable Barometer.

Call and get a Circular, giving description of the same; also, the endorsement of those having them in use, from the

GENERAL AGENTS,

DUNSEATH & HASLETT,

59 FIFTH ST., OPPOSITE MASONIC HALL.

NEW
SPRING GOODS,

Adapted to a FIRST CLASS MERCHANT TAILORING TRADE.

JUST OPENED, AT

HENRY G. HALE'S,

Corner of Penn and St. Clair Streets.

FOR SALE.—HOBOKEN.—THE balance of those desirable Lots are now offered at private sale, and any one desirous of fine building sites would do well to make a selection. The village is located on a beautiful and healthy spot, two and a half miles from Sharpsburg, on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad, which runs through it, making it much more valuable and agreeable. Extensive preparations are now making for erecting a number of fine houses, which will prove an ornament to the town. The remainder of these Lots will be sold at very reasonable rates and on terms exceedingly easy. SILL & SHUTTERLY, Real Estate and Insurance Agents, Lawrenceville.

SPRING AND SUMMER FASHIONS.

H. SMITH, Merchant Tailor,

98 WYLIE STREET, CORNER OF FEDERAL.

Has just returned from the East with a well selected stock of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SILK and MARSEILLES VESTINGS of the most approved patterns, selected exclusively for CUSTOM TRADE, which he cordially invites his friends and the public to examine. Garments will be gotten up in a style that cannot be surpassed, and at a reasonable price.

H. SMITH, Merchant Tailor,
No. 98 WYLI